

The News
Fit to Print

The New York Times

LATE CITY EDITION

Weather: Cloudy today; clearing, cold tonight. Sunny, cool tomorrow. Temperature range: today 40-45; Thursday 44-56. Details on page 60.

15050

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NEW YORK, FRIDAY, APRIL 2, 1976

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20 CENTS

Sad to Have Known of Lockheed Bribes

Japanese Reportedly Were Not Late Department or Grumman, as Fighter Lost Out to F-104

By ANN CRITTENDEN

Details of the Japan, involving \$12.6 million, were made to top officials of late 1950's, in the Government, primarily through Yoshio Kodama, an influential power broker in Japan who has already been identified as the most important behind-the-scenes representative of Lockheed at that time.

Mr. Kodama has not been identified as a C.I.A. agent, but bribery almost certainly had a long-standing relationship with American Embassy officials in Japan.

The C.I.A. headquarters in Washington was informed of the Lockheed payoffs through channels from the embassy in Tokyo in the late 1950's. A Japanese citizen who worked for Lockheed in 1958, when certain bribes were known to have been made, and the Middle East, said he told an American Embassy officer of these payoffs. He has denied having taken part in the payments himself.

Continued on Page 44, Column 1

Rights Aide Assails World Bloc of U.N.

By KATHLEEN TELTSCH

LEONARD GARMENT, a member of the Human Rights Commission, said today that a coalition of nations and nations had agreed to handle rights issues in the United States.

Ex-President Calls Marcos a Dictator; U.S. Refuses Asylum

By KATHLEEN TELTSCH

MANILA, April 1—Former President Diosdado Macapagal today denounced the new law Government of Ferdinand Marcos as a lawless dictatorship and then sought asylum in the United States.

The 63-year-old leader, who was in office from 1961 to 1965, today said that his quest for asylum was prompted by "reliable information" that he was about to be arrested.

Asylum was refused, the State Department said in Washington, explaining it had been assured he was in no danger of arrest. Mr. Macapagal spent 10 hours at the American Ambassador's residence. The Associated Press reported. The former President was quoted as having said through his daughter that he had been assured there was no warrant for his arrest.

Paul Strand Dies

By JOHN RUSSELL

Paul Strand, one of the most influential of modern still and motion picture photographers, died in France at 85. Page 36.

LETTIST ALLIANCE IN BEIRUT ACCEPTS 10-DAY CEASE-FIRE

Jumbilat Yields to Pressure to Give Parliament Time to Elect New President

By HENRY TANNER

BEIRUT, Lebanon, Friday, April 1—Lebanon's warring factions agreed last night on a 10-day truce to give Parliament time to elect a new president to replace Suleiman Franjeh, the controversial Christian leader who has refused to resign.

The break came when Kamal Jumbilat, the Moslem Druse and Socialist leader who heads the leftist-Moslem alliance, declared after a long meeting with his associates that his side would be willing to stop the fighting temporarily under these circumstances.

Soon after, spokesmen for the Christian conservatives, the opposing side in the civil war that began nearly a year ago, made it known that they accepted the truce.

Gummen to Hold Positions

Under the terms proposed by Mr. Jumbilat and accepted by the Christians, the gummen of both sides were to stay in their positions and gummen of the various factions would not be asked to leave the streets.

Cunningham Must Testify

Earlier in the day Mr. Nadjari had received another setback—this one at the hands of the Appellate Division in Brooklyn. It granted an appeal by a lawyer, Philip Dondi, for dismissal of a bribery indictment against him on the ground that Mr. Nadjari did not have jurisdiction.

Yesterday's reversals were the latest in a series of setbacks for Mr. Nadjari—many of them based on an alleged abuse of prosecutorial powers.

Wants Secular System

He said that his alliance would insist particularly on the complete secularization of the Lebanese political system involving an end to the tradition under which the President has to be a Maronite Christian and the Prime Minister a Sunni Moslem, with other key posts also distributed among religious communities.

Continued on Page 4, Column 4



Senator Hubert H. Humphrey of Minnesota greeting mayors as he arrived at the conclusion of the Democratic Mayors conference. Seated next to him are Mayor Beame and Robert Strauss, chairman of Democratic National Committee.

JUDGE DISMISSES LEVY INDICTMENT

Says Ticket-Fixing Charge Brought by Nadjari Was Not Tried Speedily

By MAX H. SEIGEL

A State Supreme Court judge yesterday dismissed charges of traffic-ticket fixing brought against Norman A. Levy, former president of the City Tax Commission, and John R. Franti, former deputy commissioner of purchase.

The charges had been brought by Maurice H. Nadjari, the special state prosecutor for corruption cases.

Carter and Two Rivals Differ on the Economy

By DAVID E. ROSENBAUM

Jimmy Carter has established a position on economic issues that differs markedly from the stands taken by his two principal rivals in the New York Democratic Presidential primary.

While Senator Henry M. Jackson of Washington and Representative Morris K. Udall of Arizona believe that the Federal Government should guarantee a job to anyone who wants to work and has been unable to find employment, Mr. Carter insists that such a program would be too expensive.

Continued on Page 29, Column 3

Humphrey Asks Marshall Plan for Cities

By MAURICE CARROLL

Senator Hubert H. Humphrey, greeted by politicians and the press with the attention customarily accorded an active Presidential candidate, which he insists he is not, described a "Marshall Plan for the Cities" yesterday to a roomful of mayors and other officials.

He won applause from his listeners in the banquet room at the Waldorf-Astoria, when he said that America had planned the rebuilding of war-ravaged Berlin and London and, punching his right hand into his left

palm for emphasis, asked challengingly: "But we can't plan to rebuild the cities of America?"

The Democratic Senator from Minnesota suggested a full employment policy, Federal assumption of "primary responsibility" for welfare and health costs, a "major public works investment program" and the establishment of regional councils to communicate the wishes of local officials to the White House.

His listeners, who had gossiped and leafed through newspapers while declared Democratic candidates for President answered questions from a panel of mayors, treated Mr. Humphrey like the real thing—and he basked in their respectful attention.

Continued on Page 8, Column 6



Presidential candidates who were questioned by the mayors at the meeting were, from left, Jimmy Carter, Senator Henry M. Jackson and Representative Morris K. Udall.

USERY SEEKS END TO TRUCK STRIKE

Warns a Delay Could Draw an Injunction to Protect the American Public

By AGIS SALPUKAS

Special to The New York Times
ARLINGTON HEIGHTS, Ill., April 1—Secretary of Labor W. J. Usery Jr. pressed both sides in the trucking strike today to compromise and reach an agreement, in the hope of avoiding a court injunction to end the walkout that began last night.

Mr. Usery, in a news conference this afternoon, said that if no settlement was reached "the overriding issue will soon become to protect the American public."

Registration of Voters by Mail Upheld by High Court in Albany

By IVER PETERSON

ALBANY, April 1—The State's highest court today upheld a recent law allowing voter registration by mail, reversing a lower court's decision that the 1975 law was unconstitutional.

In writing the unanimous decision for the Court of Appeals, Justice Jacob D. Fuchsberg ruled that the section of the Election Law passed last May was the outgrowth of nearly a half-century of efforts to increase voter participation in the state and did not violate an 1894 law stipulating registrations "by personal applications only."

Registration of Voters by Mail Upheld by High Court in Albany

Continued on Page 35, Column 2

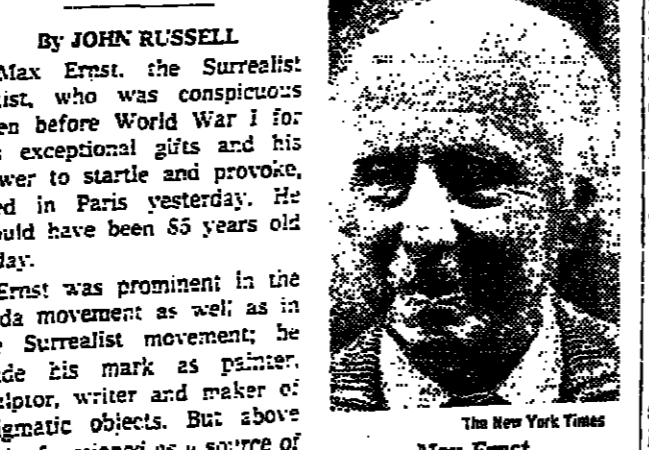
Ernst, Catalytic Figure in 20th Century Art, Dies

By JOHN RUSSELL

Max Ernst, the Surrealist artist, who was conspicuous even before World War I for his exceptional gifts and his power to startle and provoke, died in Paris yesterday. He would have been 85 years old today.

Ernst was prominent in the Dada movement as well as in the Surrealist movement; he made his mark as painter, sculptor, writer and maker of enigmatic objects. But above all he functioned as a source of imaginative energy and as a witness to the evolution of the century.

Continued on Page 37, Column 1



Max Ernst

April 2, 1891, in the little town of Brühl, near Cologne, Germany. His father, Philipp Ernst, was a schoolmaster who taught the deaf. He was also a stern disciplinarian, something of a mystic and a particularly pious Christian Sunday painter. Max Ernst was brought up in the strictest Roman Catholic tradition, but his inquiring and independent nature soon brought him into conflict with his family, his school and his church. Deciding that small

He was an indispensable observer, but he was also an indispensable participant; a once-over and over again suggested that Europe was in a bad way and likely to get worse.

His importance was not so much that he made covetable works of art—though he did indeed do that, and in great numbers—but that, as much as Sigmund Freud or Franz Kafka, he was a part of his time.

Max Ernst was born on

PACT ON TRANSIT PEGS ALL RAISES TO COST OF LIVING

No Other Increase Is Given in Averting Strike—Beame Voices Reservations

By LEE DEMBART

A paralyzing transit strike was narrowly averted early yesterday morning at a cost that city officials feared they could not match for other public employees within the limits of the city's already shaky financial plan.

Mayor Beame, who had been closeted with his advisers during a night of emotional discussions on what to do, appeared before the glare of television lights shortly before 5 A.M. and took pains to put distance between himself and the settlement.

FEARS EFFECT IN FUTURE

He Notes Peril to Fiscal Plan if Other Unions Insist on Similar Contract Terms

The two-year accord calls for no wage increase for the 34,000 transit workers. Instead, there is a cost-of-living adjustment tied in principle to unspecified productivity savings.

David L. Yulich, chairman of the Transit Authority, promised that "this contract will not trigger a fare increase in the foreseeable future," and Mr. Beame reiterated yesterday afternoon that Mr. Yulich had guaranteed that there would be no fare increase this year.

Warning Voiced

As the negotiations teetered on the verge of a strike in the early morning hours at the Americana Hotel, the Mayor's aides were warning him that a similar agreement for city workers would cost between \$200 million and \$400 million, none of which the city has budgeted.

"The specific elements of this agreement, if applied to city agencies, would exceed the city's financial plan submitted to the Emergency Financial Control Board," Mr. Beame told the news conference at which the settlement was announced.

Continued on Page 49, Column 2

Panels in Congress Set \$413 Billion As Budget Target

By EILEEN SHANAHAN

WASHINGTON, April 1—The House and Senate budget committees both finished work today on their budget targets and both decided to recommend to Congress total spending of somewhat more than \$413 billion for the fiscal year 1977, beginning next Oct. 1.

The spending figures and revenue estimates arrived at independently by the two committees would create deficits of about \$50 billion—more than \$7 billion higher than President Ford recommended.

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Supervisor, an Ernst work from 1924

Rise in Mark
made Bloc Crisis

U.N. Aides Say Angola Debate Shows Lack of U.S. Influence

BY PAUL HOFMANN
Special to The New York Times

UNITED NATIONS, N. Y., April 1—Many delegates said today that the United States floundered in the Security Council's Angola debate, which ended late last night, because Washington lacks a coherent Africa policy.

These delegates, from several countries, also said that China had suffered a stinging setback in being abandoned by third-world nations that it had been cultivating, such as Tanzania and Pakistan.

The Cuban venture...

The vote last night on a draft resolution condemning South Africa and ignoring the Soviet-Cuban intervention in Angola was the result of intense negotiations, maneuvers and applications of pressure

behind the scenes for the last few weeks.

In the process, most black African countries, some of them reluctantly, came around to backing the Popular Movement for the Liberation of Angola, which has proclaimed a government at Luanda, the old Portuguese colonial capital, and is now in control of most of the West African country.

The upshot was adoption of a document whereby, in the view of many delegates, the Security Council all but legitimized the Cuban military action in Angola, which had logistic support from the Soviet Union.

The resolution approved last night denounced what it called South Africa's aggression against Angola and called on the South African Government to pay compensation for dam-

ages done during intervention against the Popular Movement.

The vote was 9 to 0, the United States, Britain, France, Italy and Japan abstained from voting on the text and China did not participate.

"There is nothing like a power, readily deliverable," said an Asian who said he is pro-Western. "Moscow's military muscle and Cuban solery scored a brilliant victory because nobody else seemed to have a thought-out policy for southern Africa at the moment—least of all the United States."

Representatives of all five Security Council members abstained from voting last night explained that they did so because the proposed resolution denounced only the South African intervention, not the much greater Soviet-Cuban involvement. China justified its nonparticipation in the vote with essentially the same argument, stated more vehemently. But none of the four permanent Council members might have vetoed the resolution—the United States, Britain, China and France—blocked the

vote. The reason was that none wanted to appear in the eyes of black Africans to be supporting, at least indirectly, the white minority Government of South Africa.

The sponsors of the draft resolution were Benin—formerly Dahomey—Guyana, Libya, Panama, Rumania and Tanzania. To make it easier for the permanent Council members not to use the veto weapon, the sponsors inserted into the preamble of the resolution two paragraphs that some here termed a textbook example of United Nations double-talk.

U.S. Cites September Move

The Security Council, the document said in its final form, recalled "the principle that no state or group of states has the right to intervene, directly or indirectly, for any reason whatever, in the internal or external affairs of any state," but called "also the inherent and lawful right of every state, in the exercise of its sovereignty, to request assistance from any other state or group of states."

China's chief representative, Huang Hua, said last night that the second part of the insertion contradicted and canceled the

first. The secret part of the resolution, in the exercise of its sovereignty, asked Cuba to supply its forces with missiles and other weapons.

The chief United States representative, William P. Rogers, said that the Cuban intervention in Angola had started long before the Angola intervention.

In September, he said, five Cuban troops, 1,500 combat troops, were sent to Angola.

This intervention, he said, was a flagrant violation of the American Organization of American States, which was calling upon the United States to refrain from intervention in the internal affairs of other states.

The United States, he said, had last-minute changes in the resolution that the Administration was sure how to insert into the Security Council pro-



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Rhodesians Indicating a Shift To Talks With Chiefs of Tribes

By MICHAEL T. KAUFMAN
Special to The New York Times

SALISBURY, Rhodesia, April 1—With talks between the Government and one faction of black nationalists in collapse, Prime Minister Ian D. Smith is laying the groundwork for a new initiative—one that will most likely seek to supplant nationalist politicians with traditional tribal chiefs in constitutional talks.

At the same time, it is expected that Mr. Smith will act on recommendations to be released tomorrow by a judicial conference that held open hearings here on racial discrimination. These recommendations are expected to call for an elimination of color bars in restaurants and hotels but to stop short of integrating schools.

The attempt to enhance the political power of the chiefs—they are appointed with Government consent and can be removed by the Government—became apparent this morning at a ceremony 40 miles north of here marking the installation of a 70-year-old tribesman as Chief Chinamora of the Vashawasha people.

3 Royal Houses Involved

The chief, one of 250 tribal leaders in the country, was selected through an intricate process that involves three royal houses of the larger Mashona group. That process was supervised by the Ministry of Internal Affairs, which, in effect, acts as the funnel through which the power and resources of the Salisbury Government are conveyed to tribal leaders in rural areas.

At the ceremony, in which a band played British martial airs and schoolchildren sang "Drink to Me Only With Thine Eyes" in the Mashona tongue, the chief was instructed in his duties by Jack Mussett, the Internal Affairs Minister. "You must distribute land, develop the area under your control

Angolan Plan Reported To Try Mercenaries

LONDON, Friday, April 2 (AP)—Press and broadcast reports received here today said that a group of foreign mercenaries, including two Americans, are to face trial in Angola for war crimes.

The two Americans were identified as Daniel P. Gearhart and Gary Acher. Their hometowns were not given, nor were those of the 10 others in the group, which included nine Britons and an Argentine, Gustavo Marcelo Grillo.

A list of the names was printed by The Morning Star, a Communist paper, in a dispatch from Luanda, the Angolan capital.

The British Broadcasting Corporation, referring only to "a report from Angola" as its source, quoted the Angolan Justice Minister, Diogenes Boavida, as having said that the mercenaries would be tried by a jury of about 30 "international personalities" invited to Angola by the new Government. The recommendations of the 30 would be sent to a special tribunal, which would hand sentences, Mr. Boavida was reported as having said.

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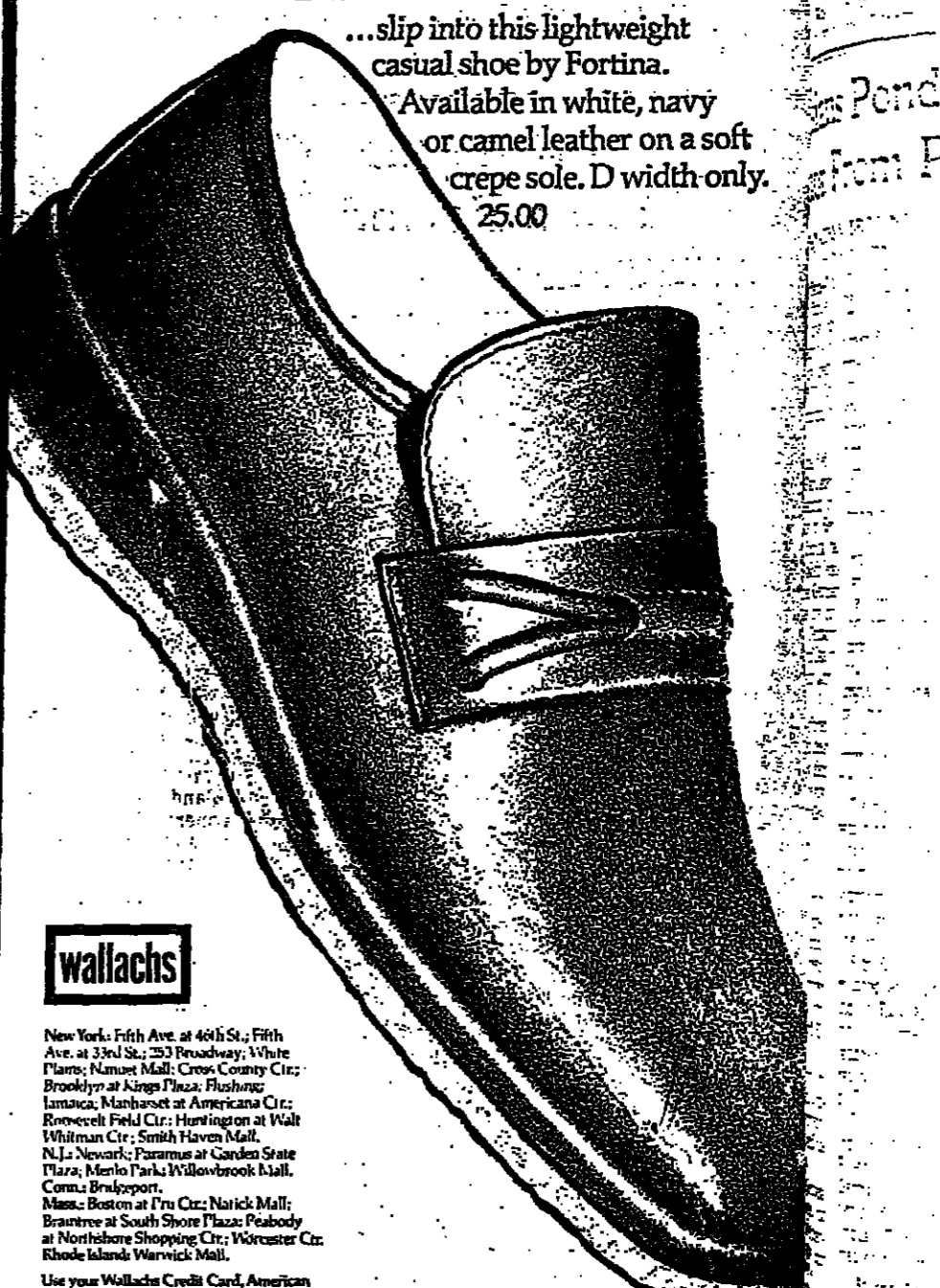
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ars a Rise in Mark id Trade Bloc Crisis

By FLORA LEWIS
Special to The New York Times

April 1—A rise in the valuation of the West German mark to make it easier for others to compete, the Common Market leaders agreed today. But they also agreed on a new monetary unit, which would be based on the franc added to Italy's lira and which would be used by all the member states.

The mood was bleak, as the leaders faced the realities of their failure to bring their countries' domestic policies sufficiently into line to support their basic goal of a European economic and monetary union by 1980.

But it was relieved by an unexpected French proposal, which seemed likely to break the deadlock on European elections and keep alive the chance for achieving at least the 1978 target date.

The nine Common Market member had already agreed to the idea of direct elections by universal suffrage for the European Community Parliament, now composed of delegates from national parliaments. But, as so often, the agreement in principle threatened to break down over details, in this instance the allocation of seats.

President Giscard d'Estaing's compromise offer renewed the existing distribution of seats, with a total of 198, and a built-in over-representation for the smaller countries, France, West Germany, Italy and Britain. The agreement had been reached in Brussels on Feb. 26, but it had not been signed.

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Delegates to Common Market conference in Luxembourg are directed to their places for the official group photo

Latins, Fearful of Castro, Cancel Panama Meeting

By DAVID BINDER
Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, April 1—A major role in the victory of a communist faction in the Angola civil war, and Mr. Castro's vehemently defended Cuba's right to give armed support to "revolutionary movements" elsewhere in the world, provoked a second Latin American meeting among a number of Latin American governments, Mr. Velarde reported. Uruguay refused outright to attend, he said, while others indicated "resistance."

"There was some resistance because of the Castro Angola thing," he went on, "because they were a little worried about it."

Reservations were expressed by Chile, Paraguay and Brazil, among others, diplomats in Washington reported.

The Torrijos Government had viewed the conference primarily as an occasion for an expression of Latin American solidarity over Panama's demand for a new and equitable Panama Canal treaty to replace the one negotiated in 1903.

Since 1974 the United States and Panama have been negotiating a new treaty that would transfer sovereignty over the Canal Zone to the Central American republic.

Panamanian officials explained today that, with a rift emerging among Latin American countries over the attendance of Mr. Castro at the conference, it was preferable not to compromise Panama's demands by demonstrating a lack of solidarity.

The June conference was formally canceled at an emergency meeting of Foreign Ministers of Costa Rica, Venezuela, Colombia and Peru with General Torrijos last Saturday. A communiqué said only that a meeting was not possible "due to the political conditions that currently exist."

Mr. Velarde said Panama still planned to commemorate the Amphictyonic Congress in June, perhaps with a meeting of officials from the so-called Bolivarian states that emerged from the 19th century leader's campaigns against Spanish colonialism. These are Venezuela, Costa Rica, Ecuador, Peru, Bolivia, Colombia and Panama.

Mr. Castro is not expected to visit Panama soon, now that the June conference is off, Panamanian officials said.

ussians Pondering ration From Poland

By MALCOLM W. BROWNE
Special to The New York Times

Poland—Thousand families have had been an agency of a new treaty, 125,000 Germans permitted to enter.

It was ratified by the German Parliament in clearing the exodus of Germans during the war. Polish leaders let the Germans change for payment. West Germany \$300 million in rents and long-term loans.

Many Germans affected by the treaty are leaving to make new lives in West Germany.

The main motivation among would-be emigrants now is clearly a desire to escape the restraints and economic backwardness of Communist society, and make new lives in the prosperous West.

Significantly, not one emigrant has been moving to East Germany. Asked why not, one laborer merely laughed and asked, "Now, do I have to spell it out?"

Of the 130 old families living in Roznowo (formerly Rosenau), roughly half are German, but nearly all residents of the hamlet are bilingual. They have intermarried extensively.

Poland Short of Skills

Typical of those hoping to leave are Helmut and Margarete Grimm, their four children, including a draft-age son; a daughter-in-law and grandchild.

Every year since 1968, the Grimm family has applied for Polish exit permits. Each year it has been refused. Now they feel their chances are better, thanks to the treaty.

"We would hope we would all get exit permits at the same time, but if not, whoever gets permits will leave, and the others will hope to catch up later," Mrs. Grimm said.

Mr. Grimm, a carpenter, is confident he could find work quickly in West Germany. Mrs. Grimm's mother lives there already.

But Poland is short of young farmers, laborers and mechanics, and even more so of technicians and professionals. Thus exit permits to Germans have been granted mainly to retired or economically useless people, and the same pattern is expected to prevail now.

Mrs. Josef Motzky, 60 years old, and her middle-aged son will be leaving their farm and going to Germany next month. She went about the prospect, saying, "If only you knew the work we have put into this land and what it means to leave it."

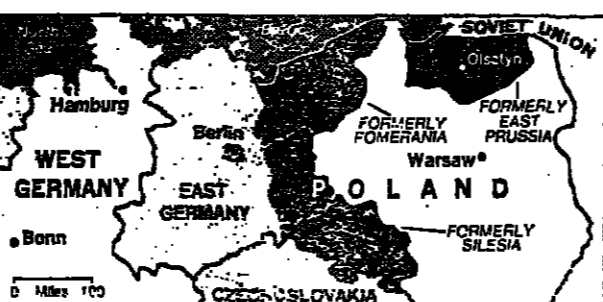
Asked why she was leaving, she said that her family in West Germany wanted to take care of her, now that she was old and infirm.

Farms and property of departing Germans revert to the Polish state, unless the Germans bought the land from the state in the first place, in which case they may sell it privately. Those whose property is taken by the state receive certificates entitling them to compensation from the Bonn Government when they reach West Germany.

While only 20 percent of Poland's agricultural land is state owned, on the average, the proportion here in former East Prussia is about 50 percent. "Because so many Germans have left,"

Among those who will not leave is Mrs. Azaba Jatzke, 60, of Braszewo (formerly Brunszwald), whose 20-acre farm, deep in the forested hills and accessible only by trail, has been in the family for 70 years.

"I thought of leaving after my husband died six years ago, but no more. Two years ago I went to Cologne after getting a tourist visa, and visited a husband's brother. But in the shops they were rude to me because I had come from Poland, and it made me realize that this is my home now, not Germany."



New treaty allows 125,000 Germans to leave areas that are now Poland's to settle in West Germany.

Chirac Calls on Gaullists to Combat Left

By JAMES F. CLARITY
Special to The New York Times

ST. JEAN-DE-LUZ, France, April 1—Prime Minister Jacques Chirac, invoking the nationalist spirit of Charles de Gaulle, today summoned the Gaullist party to "combat for the defense of the Fifth Republic."

The Prime Minister's speech was interpreted by many Gaullists here as a signal that they were to resume their traditional position in France as the vanguard of anti-left polemics and politics. In the 43-year-old Mr. Chirac, many of the Gaullists seem to have found a new dominant figure who, with his flair for oratory and his gusto for attacking the left, might help them rebuild their party, weakened by the deaths of General de Gaulle and his successor as President, Georges Pompidou.

In a forceful speech to 500 cheering Gaullist officials and supporters, Mr. Chirac said that, despite recent political setbacks, the Gaullist party "has not disappeared," adding that the party "is still ready to serve France."

Mr. Chirac called on the Gaullists for 18 years the dominant party of the Government center-right majority to set a national example of "discipline and firmness" in opposing the accession to power of the opposition left coalition of Socialists and Communists.

Giving such example and leading the French in difficult times, the Prime Minister said, was the party's doctrine. "It is the message of General de Gaulle," he said.

The Gaullists, assembled in a casino emptied of its roulette tables for a three-day party conference in this seaside town, cheered and applauded and chanted Mr. Chirac's name during much of his speech.

For most of the Gaullists, the Prime Minister's sometimes emotional warnings against the threat of a leftist government were a tonic, as well as apparent confirmation that Mr. Chirac, as the party's most powerful figure, was encouraging them to resume their traditional role against the leftists.

The opposition leftists made sizable gains in nationwide local elections last month and are now predicting that they can win control of the National Assembly in 1978.

In the wake of the leftist gains, Mr. Chirac was named by President Valéry Giscard d'Estaing last week to revitalize the Government's center-right majority in the National Assembly. Mr. Chirac warned the President's own party, the Independent Republicans, in a speech at Nice last week that leftist accession to power would put France in a state of "permanent crisis." His speech today was longer, more heated and included more sharp attacks on the two leftist leaders, François Mitterrand of the Socialists and Georges Marchais of the Communists.

Many Wear Lorraine Cross

Many of the Gaullists, including most of the party's 172 members of Parliament, wore small crosses of Lorraine—the symbol of Gaullism—in their lapels as they listened to the Prime Minister. For most of the Gaullists, Mr. Chirac's tough anti-left language was what they had come to hear.

But they remained virtually silent during Mr. Chirac's references to President Giscard d'Estaing, whom many of them blame for the leftist gains. These Gaullists—including some of the party's old-guard "barons"—feel Mr. Giscard d'Estaing is responsible for the leftist gains because he tried to win leftist voter support with proposals such as a capital-gains tax and more power for workers in industrial and commercial management.

Mr. Chirac warned the Gaullists, however, that they must put aside their quarrels with each other and with members of other center-right parties, principle to grant jurisdiction and rally around the President over the Canal Zone to Panama in their anti-left efforts. The warnings received only scattered applause, and no cheers.

Chirac Calls on Gaullists to Combat Left

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ote Protests to Soviet Harassment of Diplomats

By DAVID K. SHIFLER
Special to The New York Times

April 1—The tension between the two Governments. The current Soviet campaign comes after a series of demonstrations by Jewish radicals in New York who have protested Soviet obstacles to the emigration of Jews. On Feb. 27, four shots were fired into a Soviet residential complex in the Riverdale section of the Bronx; there were no injuries.

Since then, the Soviet press has criticized the New York City police for not making arrests in the case. The Soviet mission to the United Nations accused American authorities of "virtual connivance" in the bombing of an Aeroflot office on Fifth Avenue in early March.

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Crisis Delays Reopening Of American University

BEIRUT, Lebanon, April 1 (Reuters)—The American University of Beirut announced today that classes would remain suspended because of the security situation in the country.

The university said in a statement that it would re-open its academic program as soon as conditions permit but in any case not before April 12.

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Lebanon's Leftist Leader

Kamal Jumblat

Special to The New York Times

BEIRUT, Lebanon, April 1 — Lebanese press cartoons have often depicted a moustache-like figure dressed in white robes and spinning yarn from a nearby goat. The figure is 57-year-old Kamal Jumblat, a yoggis-practicing leader of the Moslem Druse sect, a wealthy landowner and Lebanon's leading leftist.

As titular leader of the Moslem-leftist alliance that has battled Christian rightists in the Lebanese civil war, now nearly a year old, he agreed today to a ceasefire under conditions that appeared bound to continue his role as the "kingmaker or breaker" that his admirers have long called him.

As chieftain of 7,000 armed men with headquarters in the hill town of Aleh southeast of Beirut, he has also been dubbed the "king of the mountains." But his bearing is anything but royal.

He walks with a stooped, and lumbering gait, with rumpled clothing and tousled hair. His voice is weak but his wishes, expressed with the pronoun "we," are obeyed both in his Druse clan and in the Progressive Socialist Party that he formed more than 25 years ago.

While other Moslem leaders have shown a willingness to compromise, Mr. Jumblat has insisted on continuing the fighting—until he could no longer withstand Syrian and other pressure—so as to win some assurance of significant changes in a political system in which the Christians, once the majority but now the minority, have continued to predominate.

In particular, he has insisted on the departure of Mr. Franjeh, whom he him-

self helped to bring to power in 1970.

Mr. Franjeh, whose rule Mr. Jumblat now denounces as "feudalist," is not the first chief of state he has turned against after having first supported him.

As a result, his foes accuse him of political instability and disloyalty and say that his support or opposition depends on purely personal and not ideological considerations.

After Lebanon, a French mandate, became independent toward the end of World War II, Mr. Jumblat was influential in the election of the nation's first president, Bechara al-Khoury. But eight years later Mr. Jumblat was at the head of the mass demonstrations that brought down the President.

Kamal Jumblat was born in 1919 in Mukhtara, a village southeast of Beirut, in the mountain country of the Druse. As a youth he wanted to become a chemist or a doctor, and presumably might never have gone into politics if he were not the hereditary chieftain of the Jumblat Druse clan. He took over at the age of 23.

Mr. Jumblat studied at the Sorbonne in Paris but completed his studies at Jesuit University here. He entered politics in 1943, forming his party six years later, and has served several times as a cabinet minister since then.

Although his power base rests with his Druse community, where he often sits, wrapped in robes, receiving petitioners, tenant farmers and well-wishers, he has emerged as Lebanon's top leftist leader, with other leftists rallying around him and using his prominence as a cover.

While serving as minister of interior in 1970, Mr. Jumblat, acting without consult-



Has been called a "kingmaker or breaker."

ing the rest of the Cabinet, lifted a 25-year ban on the Communist Party and other radical leftist groups. The alliance he now heads groups most of the factions he helped legalize.

Shortly after founding his party, he applied socialist doctrines to himself, distributing some of his land to poor peasants. This brought him into conflict with his mother and his wife. His wife left him soon after bearing a son.

Mr. Jumblat, who has never remarried, travels when he can find the time to India's border with Tibet, where he enters a Hindu monastery for spiritual exercises. His hero was the late Mohandas K. Gandhi. At home, he lives a simple life whenever he can, never staying up later than 9 P.M. unless there is a crisis.

Leftist Alliance in Beirut Accepts Truce

Continued From Page 1, Col. 3

for granted here that strong foreign pressure will be required to enable the election of a new president within 10 days. Without such pressure — by Syria, the Palestinian guerrillas, the United States and perhaps the Soviet Union — the Lebanese parties are likely to be deadlocked for weeks, with the danger of new violence growing every day.

Grave doubts were also being expressed over the maintenance of public order and security.

The truce agreement makes the Beirut garrison of the Lebanese Army and the Palestine Liberation Army responsible for assuring the security of Parliament during the sessions leading to the election of the President.

The Beirut garrison is a force of 300 to 400 men loyal to Brig. Gen. Abdel Aziz al-Andab, who proclaimed himself provisional military governor of Lebanon on March 11, demanding the immediate resignation of President Franjeh.

The Palestine Liberation Army is the regular military force of the Palestinians and is largely under the control of Syria.

In all other respects, security is to be in the hands of the gunmen who have fought the war. That goes for Beirut as well as the countryside.

During previous truces, whenever the shooting stopped and the streets became a little safer there were citywide outbreaks of another kind of violence—looting and abductions.

Hundreds of thousands of Lebanese have had no jobs for months. Their families are hungry. Their children have no schools. Well-stocked stores

and well-furnished private apartments thus have proved irresistible to looters. The gunmen of the private militias have made only token attempts to prevent looting.

Yesterday for instance, Beirut had a relatively calm day with no shells striking the Moslem-controlled Hamra business section. Looters came out at once and carried away furniture, appliances and what little merchandise remained, with local armed gunmen joining in.

Abductions have also gone on. During fighting, unarmed people have stayed at home but as the fighting slackened, many family members, remembering their losses, have set out to find the killers and obtain revenge.

After the last, Syrian-imposed, cease-fire of Jan. 22, military committees consisting of Lebanese, Syrian and Palestinian officers were responsible for law and order. They tried to have barricades dismantled and to persuade gunmen to go home.

Al Fatah Gains Influence

The committees are not available for the new truce. The Lebanese Army has disintegrated. Some of its members have gone home, the others either joined the Christian or the Moslem side. As for the Syrian officers, they too went home.

Yesterday's events once more demonstrated how strong the position of Al Fatah, the principal Palestinian guerrilla organization, has become in Lebanon. As Saïed, the Syrian-controlled guerrilla group, by contrast has lost much in power and popularity during the last few weeks.

According to Moslem and Christian sources it has been Yasir Arafat, the head of Al Fatah, who first put forth the

idea of a temporary truce of a week to 10 days during which Parliament would elect a new president.

Mr. Arafat promoted the idea tirelessly to all concerned at long meetings.

On Wednesday alone he met with the three principal religious leaders in Lebanon, the Maronite Catholic Patriarch, Antoine Kheish; the Sunni Moslem Sheikh Hassan Khaled and the Shiite Moslem Sheikh, Mussa al-Sadr. He met for long hours with Mr. Jumblat and conferred with other leaders of the Christian left as well as members of the Christian right.

Mr. Arafat's leverage stems from the circumstance that his organization is the chief military pillar of Mr. Jumblat's Moslem-leftist alliance.

Amendment to Constitution

The Syrians yesterday made it easier for Mr. Jumblat to back down from his earlier demands by stating for the first time formally that President Franjeh had to step down. They did so in a long statement by the Damascus radio that bitterly attacked Mr. Jumblat without naming him. Nevertheless, the all-important concession was included in that text.

Mr. Jumblat previously had demanded that Mr. Franjeh step down before the fighting was ended. Otherwise, he said, the President would go back on his word and stay in power, as he had done before.

The Syrian statement provided the Jumblat faction with a new strong assurance, sources close to the Druse leader said.

Under the agreement Parliament will vote an amendment to Article 72 of the Constitution permitting it to elect a new president immediately, six months before the expiration of Mr. Franjeh's term.

U.S. Rights Aide Denounces Third-World Group of U.N.

Continued From Page 1, Col. 1

such as a recent session in Geneva of the Human Rights Commission, which he called a "mockery."

He said that his criticism was shared at least in part by some other Western members and that one had privately suggested a one-year boycott of protest, an idea he disapproved because he advocated that the "anti-Western conspiracy" be fought openly and exposed.

On specific points, he protested against the "selective morality" practiced by the majority of the 32 commission members, complaining that they wanted to act exclusively on charges against Israel, South Africa and Chile.

Other Cases Dropped

In his speech, he said the United States had urged that studies be made or action be taken against three other countries, but the Communists and third-world countries joined to have all cases dropped.

He did not identify the countries, but other sources some time ago identified them as Uganda, Equatorial Guinea and

Brazil, where Amnesty International has reported widespread use of torture of political prisoners. The United States move was said to have evoked protest from Brazil and some embarrassment for Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger, who was visiting there.

Commission is Criticized

Mr. Garment charged that the anti-Western conspiracy was conducted wherever international meetings were being held, followed a "deadly pattern" and amounted to a "systematic and immensely successful attack on Western values" in which Soviet-bloc members provided the inspiration and left the legwork to third-world countries such as Cuba, Yugoslavia, Tanzania and India.

Mr. Garment throughout his remarks developed the theme that the conspirators acted out of common fear of democratic rights, remarking that Prime Minister Indira Gandhi had crushed political liberties in India and that Yugoslavia posed abroad as an enlightened country while arresting a prominent lawyer, Srđja M. Popovic, for his defense of a political dissident.

The United States delegate charged that the commission had dragged its feet for 10 years on preparation of a treaty on religious freedom only to twist its provisions so that it would provide a pretext for restrictions. He similarly attacked a new resolution, saying that it would justify suspension of a number of basic rights on the ground that they might threaten peace. This was originally a Soviet idea, later revised by the third world.

Mr. Garment also charged that there was a systematic campaign throughout the United Nations to erode the "legitimacy" of Israel and that this was a part of a bigger, master plan against the democracies, saying, "Today Israel, tomorrow the West."



Leonard Garment

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Is Encouraged by the Cease-Fire in Lebanon but Fears That Conflict There Still Holds Dangers

ARNOLD GWERIZMAN
 Washington, April 2 — States officials said today they regarded the announcement as an encouraging development, but they still expressed concern that the position there could deteriorate.

of leftist, pro-Communist elements.
 A senior Jordanian official, traveling with King Hussein, said that if Syria sent forces into Lebanon, it would be a "very limited" incursion. He said it would be restricted to a division, which would remain in Lebanon for only three to four weeks and would not be a provocation to the Israelis.

ington was opposed to Syrian intervention at this time.
 Robert L. Funseth, the State Department spokesman, repeated firmly that "we're opposed to any military intervention by any outside power" in the Lebanon situation.
 He said that the United States welcomed the announcement of a 10-day cease-fire, although the United States had hoped for a longer one.

and increased diplomatic efforts by Washington and other foreign governments, were responsible for bringing about the decision by the leftists to accept a truce.
 L. Dean Brown, a special American envoy who arrived in Beirut yesterday to begin consultations with Lebanese and other parties on the situation, had little to do with the actual cease-fire except to underscore the American diplomatic concern.

Mr. Funseth said the latter had no authorization to meet with the P.L.O. in a breakfast at Blair House, the official guest residence. He said that the forces that normally would maintain order in Lebanon—the police and army—appear to be in disintegration.
 He said that Syrian forces would be sent in "to maintain a balance, to separate the warring factions, to give the P.L.O. in the Lebanese situation and in the Arab-Israeli conflict. He suggested that Brown would meet with leaders of the Palestine Liberation Organization.

to hold it would be important for Syria to intervene because only Syria could prevent Lebanon from being overwhelmed by the leftists, who, he said, would create a dangerous situation by inviting the Communists into Lebanon.
 He contended that such approval by Congress of an additional \$800 million in foreign aid for the transitional quarter between the old fiscal year system, ending in July, and the new fiscal year, starting in October.

against Israel during a meeting with some Senators last week. The American officials said that Mr. Ford, in a session dealing with a need to assure approval of the defense budget, had told the Senators that he was strongly opposed to approval by Congress of an additional \$800 million in foreign aid for the transitional quarter between the old fiscal year system, ending in July, and the new fiscal year, starting in October.

Of this, \$500 million would be for Israel, and the Israeli officials also denied an Israeli press report that President Ford was "livid with anger" by a major policy goal.

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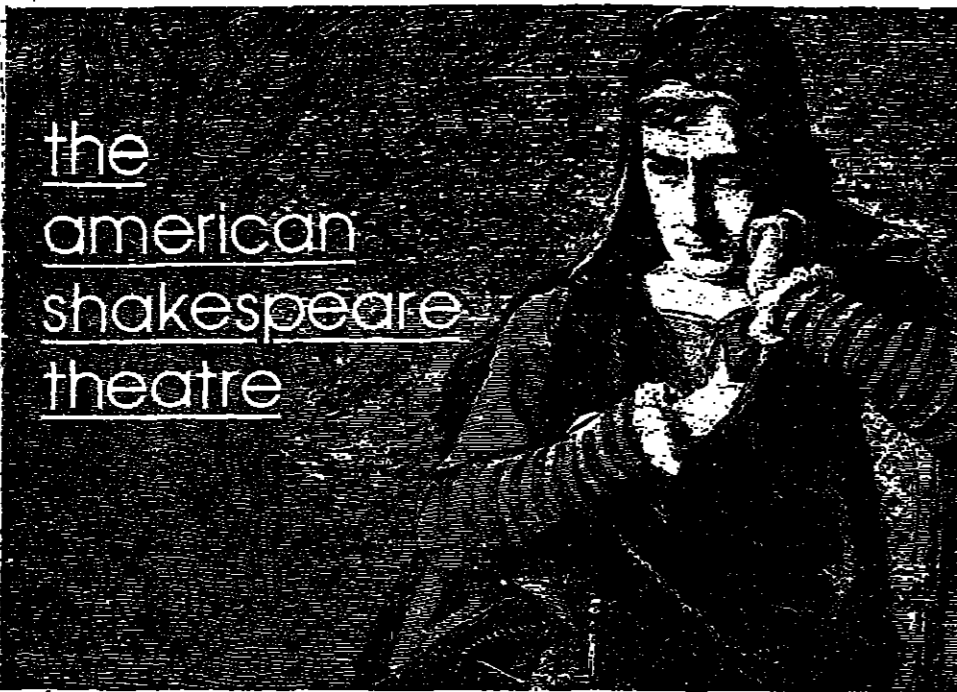
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Israel Drops Proceedings Against Rosenbaum in Financial Ca

TEL AVIV, April 1—Legal proceedings in Israel against Tibor Rosenbaum, the financier whose European business conglomerate collapsed in 1974, have been dropped.

Mr. Rosenbaum has never been charged in this country with any offense, but his property in Israel was put in receivership in October 1974 at the request of a creditor, the Israel Corporation.

On Jan. 8, Judge Shlomo Loewenberg rescinded the receivership as well as an injunction restraining Mr. Rosenbaum from disposing of his property. The court acted after the parties had agreed to pool Mr. Rosenbaum's Israeli holdings with those in Europe controlled by commissioners appointed by a Swiss court.

In handing down the decision, Judge Loewenberg wrote, "What had seemed black at the start [of the affair] turned out to have been not so black."

The Israel Corporation which is headed by Baron Edmond de Rothschild of Paris was set up to promote investment in Israel.

An Associate Imprisoned
A disclosure that the corporation had lost \$8.5 million in the collapse of Mr. Rosenbaum's Inter-Credit Trust in Liechtenstein caused a scandal.

The board of directors said it had no knowledge of deposits in Mr. Rosenbaum's companies before the collapse.

Last May Michael Tzur, managing director of the Israel Corporation, was sentenced to 15 years in prison on 14 counts including charges of fraud related to the deposits in Mr. Rosenbaum's trust company.

Mr. Rosenbaum and Mr. Tzur had had a close personal relationship and there was suspicion of collusion to use corporation funds to help his troubled bank.

In its request for the injunction on Mr. Rosenbaum's Israeli holdings, the corporation, in a sworn affidavit signed by Mordechai Limon, accused him of having conspired with Mr. Tzur to commit a breach of trust, an act of malfeasance and to transfer the corporation's money to the Inter-Credit Trust in Vaduz, Liechtenstein.

But in his ruling rescinding the receivership, the judge wrote that, notwithstanding the personal relationship between the men, the transactions had not been in personal contacts but had been duly recorded in the corporation's books and were open to inspection.

Moreover, he said the transfers had been made over a period of three years through normal commercial channels. They had been reported quarterly to the Finance Ministry's controller of foreign exchange. They were also checked by the state controller and known to the corporation's auditors.

The deposits had also been countersigned by corporation officials, including a director.

"There was no reason for the receivers [Mr. Rosenbaum's bank] to believe there was any defect in the deposits or in the authority of the persons making them," the judge wrote.

Accordingly, he ruled that all proceedings against Mr. Rosenbaum in Israel be dropped. The opinion was interpreted by Mr. Rosenbaum's attorneys and the Israeli press as clearing him of allegations of conspiracy with Mr. Tzur. Mr. Rosenbaum, whose business base was Geneva, where

he owned the International Credit Bank, still faces a criminal case there for fraud. He spent three weeks in prison there last May before being released on bail of about \$2 million.

Four days after his ruling, Judge Loewenberg amended the court record at the request of counsel for the Israel Corporation. He added remarks that he was satisfied members

of the board, apart from Mr. Tzur, had not been involved in the embezzlement.

None of the directors had knowledge of the transactions, he said, because Mr. Tzur stood between them and Mr. Rosenbaum.

Mr. Rosenbaum's lawyer, Shraga Biran, said in an interview that Judge Loewenberg's ruling opened prospects for the Israel Corporation.

creditors to recover their fully through the Hess Landsbank of Frankfurt which had a 50 percent ownership of Mr. Rosenbaum's International Credit Bank in Geneva.

Mr. Biran said the Westman bank had renounced obligations for the subsidy debts because of the court view that Judge Loewenberg's charges filed in Geneva by ruling opened prospects for the Israel Corporation.

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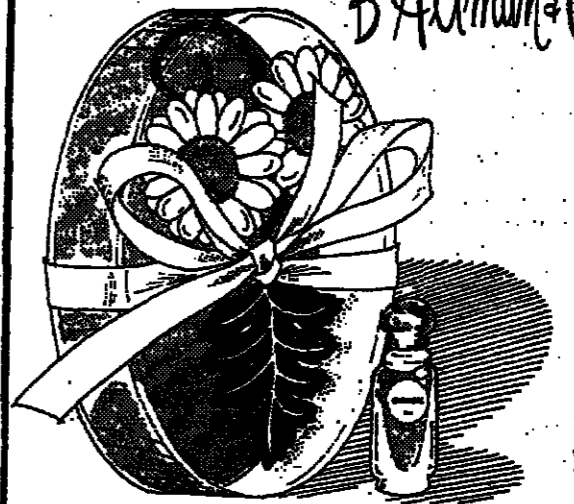
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Connally Dines With Ford as Both Republican Factions Woo Him

MES M. NAUGHTON writes in The New York Times
INGTON, April 1—Connally was far back in the group when 16 members of the Ford's Foreign Intelligence Advisory Board from the White House took the oath of office at the Garden ceremony. At the time of the ceremony, Mr. Connally was in the back of the pack of dignitaries and photographers began to position themselves in the most opportune spot closest to the President and Leo Cherne, chairman of the advisory board.

Mr. Reagan's challenge or weaken Mr. Ford's candidacy. Thus, exactly one year after he went on trial in Federal District Court here on bribery charges of which he was found not guilty, Mr. Connally was back at the focal point of national Republican politics.

remark the Reagan camp considers modestly helpful to the President. Texas looms as a crucial primary, Mr. Sears said, so it would be better for Mr. Connally to use his "influence while he can, rather than dissipate it by not using it at all."

Necessor Denounces Marcos in Loses Bid for U.S. Asylum

From Page 1, Col. 2
 and forces. The book's boldest call so far for opposition to President Marcos since he declared law in September 1972. Macapagal charged that Marcos began ruling as a means of keeping in power indefinitely. Former President called elections.



Diosdado Macapagal in a photo made early in 1976.

Macapagal had been out of the charter committee that drafted a new constitution providing for such. The draft was presented to Marcos on Nov. 30, 1972, weeks after he had declared martial law, and early in 1973 he held a referendum on whether to accept the constitution.

it does afford refuge in embassies to persons in "active danger." In the case of Diosdado Macapagal, who presented himself at the residence of Ambassador William H. Sullivan, it was determined though calls to Philippine authorities, the spokesman said, that he was not in peril of arrest or pursuit.

Macapagal had been out of the charter committee that drafted a new constitution providing for such. The draft was presented to Marcos on Nov. 30, 1972, weeks after he had declared martial law, and early in 1973 he held a referendum on whether to accept the constitution.

As a rule, American embassies are empowered to grant immediate refuge to foreigners "pushed by a mob" or otherwise in danger, the spokesman said. "But they are not authorized to provide asylum." In each case embassy personnel are instructed to report as soon as possible to the State Department for a ruling on the granting of refuge. This was done in the Macapagal case today, he said, and when it was established that "active danger was terminated" he was encouraged to leave.

Macapagal had been out of the charter committee that drafted a new constitution providing for such. The draft was presented to Marcos on Nov. 30, 1972, weeks after he had declared martial law, and early in 1973 he held a referendum on whether to accept the constitution.

Another State Department official said that Mr. Macapagal had told the Ambassador's wife that his action was a "protest" against the lack of constitutional rights in his country. Mr. Macapagal spoke with Mrs. Sullivan, since the Ambassador was in Washington for consultations.

Macapagal had been out of the charter committee that drafted a new constitution providing for such. The draft was presented to Marcos on Nov. 30, 1972, weeks after he had declared martial law, and early in 1973 he held a referendum on whether to accept the constitution.

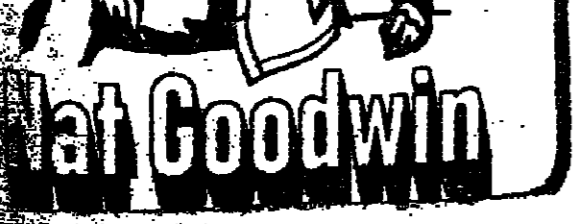
Asked to compare the Macapagal incident to the case of the late Jozsef Cardinal Mindszenty, who spent 16 years in the American Legation—later Embassy—in Budapest after the abortive 1956 Hungarian uprising, the official said: "That was a case of refuge, not asylum."

Macapagal had been out of the charter committee that drafted a new constitution providing for such. The draft was presented to Marcos on Nov. 30, 1972, weeks after he had declared martial law, and early in 1973 he held a referendum on whether to accept the constitution.

A temporary restraining order has been issued in Federal District Court in Manhattan prohibiting the city from terminating day care to families solely on the ground that parents are enrolled in four-year college programs.

Macapagal had been out of the charter committee that drafted a new constitution providing for such. The draft was presented to Marcos on Nov. 30, 1972, weeks after he had declared martial law, and early in 1973 he held a referendum on whether to accept the constitution.

The city had ruled that between 700 and 1,500 children—some of whose families are on welfare—are ineligible for day care because a parent was enrolled in a four-year college program.



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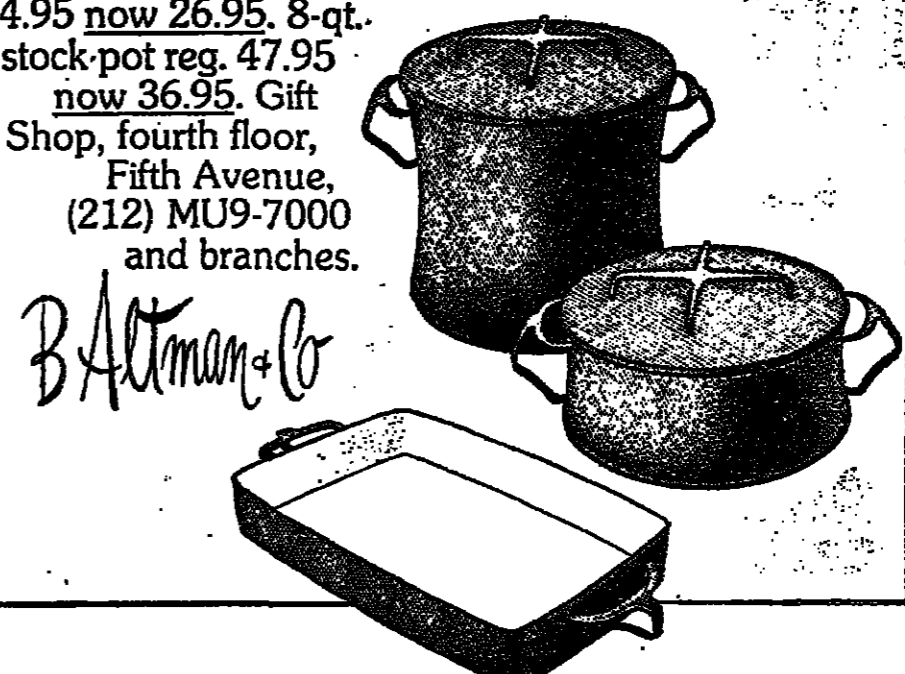
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3 Democratic Rivals Seek More U.S. Aid for Cities

By FRANCIS X. CLINES

Urging hundreds of millions of dollars in new aid for New York and other cities, the three leading aspirants for the Democratic Presidential nomination courted primary voters in the city yesterday by facing a group of Democratic mayors who accommodated them with easy questions.

The questions by Mayor Beame and nine other mayors elicited calls for welfare, health, education, housing and economic aid for the cities.

And while the three candidates—former Gov. Jimmy Carter of Georgia, Senator Henry M. Jackson of Washington and Representative Morris K. Udall of Arizona—remembered to draw distinctions with one another, there was considerable agreement.

"I know our press friends would like some raw meat and I suppose I could attack Senator Jackson," Mr. Udall said apologetically as he endorsed national health care legislation. "But he's dead right on this issue."

A Tidy Showcase
The effect of the forum, sponsored by Mr. Beame on behalf of the National Conference of Democratic Mayors, was to offer a tidy but incomplete showcase of the party's offerings in advance of the Democratic National Convention in the city next July.

Notably missing was the man considered the leading unpledged candidate, Senator Hubert H. Humphrey of Minnesota, who was accorded a separate spotlight by the mayors in delivering the main luncheon speech.

The priorities of this urban seminar were established when a wall of television cameras set up only a few feet from the candidates in the Jade Room of the Waldorf Astoria. As a result, the audience could not see the candidates and eventually abandoned them to the news media, setting up their own babble of conversation while the candidates spoke to the cameras.

As the candidates spun out their answers from familiar speeches and position papers, the programs they proposed were not subjected to cost-analysis questions by the mayors, who have spent much of their own political lives asking for more aid from Washington.

Traffic Complaint
Indeed, perhaps the harshest words, to Mayor Beame, came from the crowded complaint of Mr. Carter about his encounters with Manhattan traffic—a "five-lane street with cars parked in two lanes and the third lane blocked by someone unloading a truck."

"Somebody has to be tough enough to say, 'This street has to be one way,'" Mr. Carter added.

The Mayor, however, had his mind on even less transitory things than city traffic—the costly welfare roll and his nearly perpetual demand that the city be freed from having to pay 25 percent of its cost. All three candidates said the city should be relieved of its welfare burden, with Mr. Carter saying the state should pick up the cost so that Albany and Washington would pay 50 percent each.

A total federalization of welfare, as proposed by the two other candidates, would be too costly, Mr. Carter said, estimating that up to \$30 billion would be required. Mr. Udall disagreed, however, contending that federalization would be acceptable if accompanied by a second proposal for a Federal "full employment" program.

Costly Implications
On a relative basis, Mr. Carter's proposals seemed to hold out less in total dollars for the city than did those of his two rivals. But the former Governor's proposals had costly and unspecified implications—as did those of Senator Jackson and Mr. Udall. The welfare proposals, for example, would be worth \$500 million to the city.

Mr. Jackson and Mr. Udall clearly felt they had the advantage, on Mr. Carter in being early supporters of special Federal help to stave off default by New York City.

Mr. Carter offered no apologies, contending that, in the midst of general agreement for renewed revenue sharing, this aid should be dispensed on the basis of the need of the poor, not on any deficit problems of local government.

At the same time, Mr. Carter said he was willing to be the politician to stand up to the politically influential suburbs and explain why they had to pay more taxes to help the less fortunate in the cities.

Carter's Stand Cited
Mr. Udall presented himself as the most unequivocally pro-urban candidate of the three, citing Mr. Carter's assertion in a recent interview that he did not think New York City should be "singled out for special favors."

The questions and answers at the mayors' forum were presented in terms of aid to cities in general. Thus, the three agreed in general on a variety of terms that property tax relief was needed and that a more flexible transit policy should permit greater use of the highway trust fund for other purposes.



Among the Democratic mayors present at the conference were, from left, Maynard Jackson of Atlanta, Richard Hatcher of Gary, Ind., and Kenneth A. Gibson of Newark.

Udall Calls Carter Evasive on Jobs Bill

By CHARLES MOHR

Morris K. Udall lashed out with more than accustomed emotion yesterday at Jimmy Carter, saying that Mr. Carter was evading the question of whether he supported Congressional Democrats who are pushing full employment legislation.

The Arizona representative, who is seeking the Democratic Presidential nomination, is usually tightly contained and soft-spoken, but he came close to a heated exchange yesterday morning with a spokesman for Mr. Carter, the former Georgia Governor, at a conference of the Full Employment Action Council at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel.

The co-chairman of the council, Corretta Scott King, widow of the Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King Jr., and Murray H. Finley, president of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, had invited Presidential candidates to the conference to explain their positions on the full employment and balanced growth bill written by Senator Robert H. Humphrey of Minnesota and Representative Augustus F. Hawkins of California, which the council supports.

Mr. Udall is a co-sponsor of the bill, which seeks to reduce unemployment to 3 percent or less by 1980, in part, if necessary, by public service jobs. Mr. Udall expressed unequivocal support of the bill.

Mr. Carter was represented at the meeting by Mayor Harvey Sloane of Louisville, Ky., who read a statement by Mr. Carter for incentives to private employers and a "public needs employment program" by the Federal Government to reduce unemployment.

Mr. Carter's statement called the Humphrey-Hawkins bill a "laudable" piece of legislation and said he supported its aims, but stopped short of a full endorsement.

Frowning deeply, Mr. Udall said that one of "the most troubling things in this whole campaign" was his inability to discern unequivocal positions by Mr. Carter on issues.

Of the statement yesterday morning, Mr. Udall said: "It's a fudge—a plain old fudge—either he is with us or against us."

Similarity To Ford Seen
The Congressman said that Mr. Carter's economic positions were very close to those of President Ford.

Mayor Sloane took exception to Mr. Udall's remarks, saying that there was "a great difference" between Mr. Carter's ideas and those of the Republican Administration.

In New Hampshire earlier this year, Mr. Carter said that Indiana's 11 Congressional districts must contain 500 signatories created by the Federal Government. In a recent Milwaukee news conference, he said that he could not support the Humphrey-Hawkins bill because it was undergoing so many revisions that he did not know what it contained.

Good Audience for Reagan
Ronald Reagan's speech Wednesday night on the NBC-TV network attracted 17 percent of the viewing audience in the New York City area and 23 percent in Los Angeles. This is considered a good-sized audience for a political program.

National audience ratings for the paid political broadcast will not be completed until today, but according to the overnight Nielsen ratings, the telecast was seen by one million people in New York and 770,000 in Los Angeles.

HUMPHREY URGES A MARSHALL PLAN

Continued From Page 1, Col. 7

for New York and other cities. "Hey, Senator, you're not even a candidate—imagine that!" Frank G. Rossetti, the Democratic leader of Manhattan, shouted across a U-shaped table in the hotel's Astor Room when Mr. Humphrey sat down between Mayor Beame and

Lieut. Gov. Mary Anne Krupsak, and reporters quickly converged on him.

"My fellow mayors," Mr. Humphrey, a former mayor of Minneapolis, said at one point in his 43-minute speech to the National Conference of Democratic Mayors. His listeners smiled.

The Senator has no favorite in New York's primary next Tuesday, he said later. He had told his local friends "Join anybody you want to," as to his own chances. "We'll just see what happens," he said.

Today, he surveyed the scene—a swarm of microphones, cameras and notebooks—and looked pleased. "When I ran, I didn't do nearly this well," he said jokingly.

In his speech, he noted his reputation for free-flow oratory, but stuck close to his prepared text, which he amended with a few flourishes of a black felt-tipped pen during the introductory remarks made by Mr. Beame and Miss Krupsak.

"To govern America," he said, "you have to know how to govern a city."

He said that the Johnson Administration, in which he served as Vice President, had "oversold but underfunded" some of its urban programs, but that Nixon and Ford Administrations, he said, showed "cruel and callous indifference" to the cities.

Urban problems will not disappear, he said, "simply because somebody says less government or attacks Washington."

That was the closest he came to an implied criticism of any of the declared Democratic candidates. Mr. Carter has been making something of an anti-Washington appeal, and Mr. Humphrey is said to be trying to slow the Carter momentum in next week's Wisconsin primary by some subtle help there for Mr. Udall.

But he never said a harsh word about any Democrat yesterday, and when a reporter edged close to the lunch table and asked if he had a favorite in the New York primary, Mr. Humphrey shook his head and said, "I'm not going to involve myself at this level."

He suggested to the mayors, some of whom he referred to by name, that permanent liaison councils on urban concerns be set up, to report to the Vice President. Now, he said, the mayors go to Washington as "itinerants, migrants."

Under his plan, the Vice President would be "their man or their woman in Washington."

Six times in his speech he was stopped by applause, and at the end of the speech the audience roared.

Then reporters surged to the desks.

"What about his own potential candidacy?" "I keep hearing about it," he said.

Had his audience heard a "Presidential speech?" "It was Hubert Humphrey, U.S. Senator, long involved in urban problems," was the reply.

Mr. Humphrey has said that he would be delighted to be the Presidential nominee if the party asks him, but that he is not going to get into primary elections. Yesterday, he repeated that position. On his brief visit to New York, he said, he has not consulted with any local politicians, except his luncheon companions.

Delegate Candidate Counting on Friction

By FRANK LYNN

After all the speeches on national and international issues, after days of dawn-to-midnight campaigning by the Presidential hopefuls, the convention delegate races in next Tuesday's New York primary, as often as not, will turn on the success a delegate has in getting his friends out to vote for him.

"When it comes to the final grind, I have 139 Democrats in my district, and if I can't carry my own district I deserve to lose," said John Festino of Scotia, one of 857 New York Democrats who are seeking 206 Democratic National Convention delegate posts in the primary.

The 66-year-old retired business executive—who was speaking of one of the election districts within the Congressional district in which he is running as an uncommitted candidate of the Schenectady Democratic organization—did not see the primary as hinging on weighty issues of nation and world.

Rather, he was concerned over how many anti-organization Democrats would be attracted to the polls by a contest for state committee member and over whether a town supervisor heading the Jimmy Carter slate of delegates or a union leader heading the Morris K. Udall slate would have strong drawing power.

His views generally reflected the experience of three other delegate candidates from various parts of the state and supporting different candidates.

A Grass-Roots View
A total of seven delegate candidates were chosen at random by The New York Times from among supporters of each Presidential contender and from various parts of the state—to provide a grass-roots view of the delegate selection process.

However, three of these Democrats who had hoped to be listed on the voting machine Tuesday will instead be on the sidelines. One has been removed from the ballot because of invalid designating petitions, and two others decided not to run for different reasons.

Those still on the ballot in addition to Mr. Festino and Sandra Berg of Flushing, Queens, a supporter of Senator Henry M. Jackson; James Dupree of Syracuse, a Carter delegate, and Richard T. Tibbets of Manhattan, a Udall follower.

The survivors with one exception, generally agreed that they had not had to invest a great deal of time, energy or money in their delegate campaigns, that invitations to speak were scarce if not nonexistent and that they had been faced with massive voter apathy.

"Most people are so turned off on everything that they don't realize that things are as they are because they are turned off," said Miss Berg, a first-grade teacher and the political action coordinator of the United Federation of Teachers in Queens.

Organization Will Help
Echoing most of the other delegate candidates, Miss Berg, who is in her mid-30's, said that she had participated in a handful of coffee meetings but had not been invited to mass meetings or even joint appearances with other members of the slate.

"It has not been very hectic," said Miss Berg, who spent two days in Albany this week—rather than in Queens, lobbying for legislation to ease the impact of cuts in the city Board of Education budget.

She conceded that she had the advantage of the backing of the Queens Democratic organization, which is supporting Senator Jackson and will provide the manpower

to distribute the ring doorbells on Primary Day.

In contrast, Mr. Dupree's campaign manpower election districts, plan extensive in the final days primary; even if not been over far.

"Apathy is a big problem matter of who do the most, we next few days, Dupree, the chairman of the ces department a dage County College in Syracuse.

Mr. Dupree has two days in Sup in Albany fendir lenges to the 1 his Carter slate by of Senator Jacks pree and his run won by a whisker designating petitions were reduce signatures from 237, seven more minimum needed the ballot.

Mr. Dupree sa expected to spen his time in onl the election distr Congressional c which he is run to persuade as m sible of the 750 eocrats to vote.

Low Vote in '72
"We have to att who don't usually Mr. Dupree, a bla in a mixed racial a Mr. Festino."

Democratic commi his election dist Schenectady sub that only 15 of t rolled Democrats rket voted in the r primary four year Festino hopes to that number with telephone calls to of the 139.

The most acti four delegate can appeared to be Mr. 23-year-old newsw who has been ce not only in his ow sional district, Stocking 18 or Sides, but also ha general Udall effi city.

Meanwhile, Enni a United Automot ers organizer and Democratic commi Huntington, L.I., hopes to attend th convention at Square Garden with the aborted of Senator Birch said that he had proached by both C Udall aides but wa ested in their ca "I hope Kennedy c that they had been faced with massive voter apathy."

Sister Patricia Dill ant organizer in th dropped out as a Pr delegate candidate religious superiors fear that her c might politicize her nity organizing ef addition the 34-year noted that her c might not have su merger of the Uda and Harris slates Bronx 23rd district event.



Representative Morris K. Udall playing basketball with Bill Bradley of the Knicks at Bronx Community College. Mr. Udall, who was on the University of Arizona team, once played professionally with the old Denver Nuggets.

States Get Federal Funds for Convention Security

WASHINGTON, April 1 (AP)—Officials from New York and Missouri outlined today the security needs for the political nominating conventions this summer and won final approval for \$5.2 million in Federal financial assistance.

The money will be evenly divided between jurisdictions involved in protecting the Democratic National Convention in New York City and those concerned with the Republican National Convention in Kansas City, Mo.

The bulk of the funds will go to pay overtime for policemen and other manpower costs of additional security personnel. Funds will also be used for training officers in such duties

as crisis intervention, crowd control and security escort. Some construction and supplies may also be purchased, but complete financial plans have not yet been approved by the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration.

The money is being transferred from that agency's funds that were appropriated in previous years but had been allowed to lapse by states entitled to grants.

A brief outline of security requirements was presented to a Senate Appropriations subcommittee today by Harold R. Tyler, Deputy Attorney General; Richard W. Velde, administrator of the law

enforcement agency, and state and local law enforcement officials.

The panel voted its approval after the testimony. A comparable House unit had already approved the funds. Since funds were only shifted, not newly appropriated, no further Congressional action is required.

U.S. Still Expects Decline of Winter Wheat in Soviet

WASHINGTON, April 1 (UPI)—Soviet farmers this spring will harvest about the same acreage of winter grains as in other recent years despite heavy losses to cold and dry weather in February, an Agriculture Department report says.

However, a department official said in response to questions that he sees no reason to withdraw an earlier forecast that prospects for a fully normal 1976 Soviet winter wheat harvest are "nil."

The report, issued by the Foreign Agricultural Service, said Soviet farmers planted \$9 million acres of winter grains. Including wheat, last fall, it said "somewhat heavier than normal damage from cold

dry weather in February" will leave only about 72 million acres of the winter grains for harvest later this spring.

This reduced total is "not greatly different from the winter grain area harvested in recent years," the report said.

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Candidate Interview Excerpts

...are five questions and interviews asked of three...

enormous food reserves, or scientific and technological knowledge...

law must be obeyed. As President of the United States, I can't stop busing.

ER: Yes, I agree completely. The steps that need taken would fall into several categories...

Q. What specific goals would you set for the national rates of unemployment and inflation...

UDALL: It is in our national interest to have better relations with the Soviet Union...

Q. In what ways would you differ from the policy of the last few years...

CARTER: My prime commitment as President would be to the preservation of the nation of Israel.

I would provide whatever economic and military aid is necessary to permit Israel to defend herself against any foreseeable attack.

Q. Do you favor busing to integrate the schools or do you favor another solution...

CARTER: I favor school integration. I do not favor mandatory busing.

UDALL: My program can be read in print, and it's called the Full Employment Act.

Q. Do you favor busing to integrate the schools or do you favor another solution...

CARTER: I favor school integration. I do not favor mandatory busing.

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CARTER DIFFERS ON THE ECONOMY

Continued From Page 1, Col. 6

national rates of unemployment and inflation, and how would you achieve these goals?

UDALL: Busing is not the most desirable way to integrate schools. It is not the most desirable way to move toward equal education.

Q. In what ways would you differ from the policy of the last few years...

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I would provide whatever economic and military aid is necessary to permit Israel to defend herself against any foreseeable attack.

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Carter Gains Among Wisconsin Liberals and Unions

By R. W. APPLE JR. Sent to The New York Times

MILWAUKEE, April 1—Jimmy Carter has begun to attract scattered liberal and labor support for his nonideological Presidential candidacy in Wisconsin.

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Graphic Artists and the American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees...

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Senator Henry M. Jackson of Washington, a longtime supporter of American policy in Vietnam...

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would be in a position to capitalize on the support he has already won from the coalition of liberal unions in Ohio...

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Some Leaders Are Responding to Carter

By CHRISTOPHER LYDON

It was a small gesture, perhaps, but Jimmy Carter considered it a big breakthrough when George Meany, the nation's most powerful labor leader, returned one of Mr. Carter's telephone calls to his home in Plains, Ga., a week ago Saturday.

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an undeclared candidate. Senator Hubert H. Humphrey of Minnesota.

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Other endorsements came yesterday from Elinor C. Guggenheimer, the city's Consumer Affairs Commissioner; the Rev. Eugene Callender, a former president of the New York Urban Coalition; Julius Edelstein, a professor of urban studies at City University; Thomas K. Filletter, who was Secretary of the Air Force under President Truman; and Michael Forrestal, a lawyer and national security official in the Kennedy Administration.

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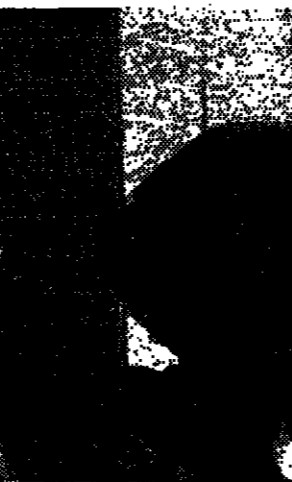
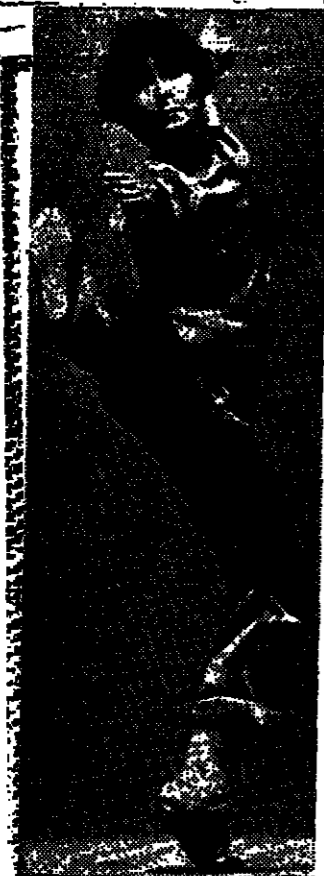
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It's Called the 'Wedge' and It Goes to Their Heads

By ANGELA TAYLOR

What do a champion figure skater, a modern dance choreographer and any number of women from a high school student to a middle-aged beauty salon patron have in common these days? A short hairdo that falls over the forehead, bares the ear lobe and becomes a triangle in back.

ing it the "wedge" cut. And then a wholesome-looking 19-year-old, skating across millions of television screens from the winter Olympics, settled it once and for all. It's the "Dorothy Hamill," and most women pronounce it "cute," "comfortable," "easy to manage." "It moves so well," they say, shaking their heads to show what they mean.

little head, which promises to sweep the country in the same way Jacqueline Kennedy's bouffant did in the 1960's. "I love it," said Averil Moskow, of Wayne, N. J., who had brought 13-year-old Jodie to Vidal Sassoon's for a hairdo similar to her own. "It's my second cut like this. People stop me on the street and ask about it."

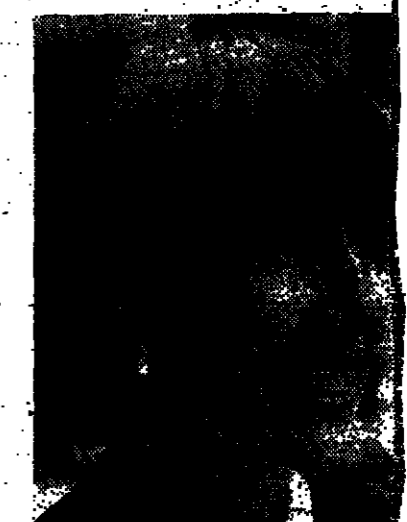
"So easy to take care of," remarked Brenda Wildy, an airline stewardess. "I'm glad I cut my long hair," contributed Carolyn Oliner, a high school student, who said she was "almost 16."

There were more "I love it's" from shoppers on 57th Street, who had been Dorothy Hamill at various salons. Big salon chains, such as Glemby, report that they are getting requests for "Dorothy Hamill" in shops all over the country. The most lighted hairdresser of all is Suga, who is moving his salon to Bergdorf Goodman next week and who was responsible for the real Dorothy Hamill.

"I used to do Melissa Milltano [an Olympic skater recently turned professional]," he explained. "Then I had a lot of skaters. They like hair that's easy."

Above, from left: Twyla Tharp, cut by Sassoon; Marilyn Neerman, editor, by Pierre Michel; Darlanne, model, by Stephen Congusta; Averil and Jodie Moskow, by Sassoon; Pia Lindstrom, by Xavier; Dorothy Hamill, by Suga.

Below, from left: Ann Benedetti, designer, cut by Cinandre; Mary Egan, writer, by Xavier; Joan Weitz, receptionist, by Sassoon; Joan Rubenstein, by La Coupe; Carol Oliner, student, cut by Sassoon.



To Raise a Family in the City or in the Suburbs? The 'Total Dilemma'

By RICHARD FLASTE

Middle-income parents who remain in the city are often scorned, by their suburban friends. It's getting to the point where city parents can't go to a party in Lynbrook, Ill., without being attacked for neglecting their children's needs for open spaces and freedom from fear.

At least that's how Lewis Alfrest, a 35-year-old East Sider and father of a 5-year-old girl, describes it.

"City parents are always being put on the defensive," he said, adding that suburbanites "look at you as if you're putting your interests ahead of your children."

His wife, Karen, finds herself taking the urbane defense: "I'm amused by it," she said without a laugh. "I say to myself, 'Oh, we're having this conversation again.'"

The Alfrests were among the parents attending a three-part seminar at Marymount Manhattan College on East 71st Street called "Bringing Up City Kids Healthy."

Mrs. Alfrest, although her child seemed happy and alert, did find herself wondering if the perils of city life

were causing her to raise a neurotic. And she wasn't the only one in the crowded meeting room with that kind of concern, fighting back the guilt.

But the expert panelists, while stimulating discussion, could offer little reassurance and few satisfactory answers, leaving the parents, in the end, to believe what they were most comfortable believing and to fall back on their own

Parents/Children

defenses, as usual. One session, filled with ambivalence toward the city, was a specimen of the New York experience.

Much of the parents' conversation during intermission and after the session centered on the presentation of Dr. Jules Bemporad, director of child psychiatry at Babies Hospital at the Columbia-Presbyterian Medical Center, which, with Marymount, co-sponsored the seminar.

He talked the pros and cons of city versus suburban life. His outline left parents with the conclusion, unworkable

though it might be in families planning more than one child, that perhaps the best course would be to move to the suburbs as the child reached 2, and return to the city at the first signs of puberty.

Under a year and a half, he said, "I can't see much difference between city and suburb. The problem is really during school-age."

That was the time, he said, when parents complained most about the lack of freedom for their children, when their youngsters couldn't go outside and play by themselves and their lives had to be regulated practically all day long. That was the time when children learned to be wary of crime and traffic and strangers—on the way, perhaps, to becoming suspicious, unspontaneous adults.

Even harmless people might be as sensitively frightening to children in the city. There was the time, Dr. Bemporad recalled, when a father and his children were eating at the Museum of Natural History and a "shopping-bag lady" approached one of the girls and asked, "Did you know you were eating dead meat?"

In the city, too, there is considerable disenchantment with the school system, leading many parents to see no alternative to expensive private school. That means that a child's best friends may not even live in his neighborhood. And the friend problem can be compounded when the family buys or rents a weekend home to give the child more space to play. But with whom? Chances are the friends are back in the city.

From One Thing to Next

Dr. Bemporad said that the city did offer a great many enriching things for children to do, but as the parents hurried from one to the next, it became a "compulsive, organized life."

Life is more spontaneous, less fearful, more open in the suburbs, he said, until the teen years. Then, there's "almost a reversal." The suburban teenager often has little to do, except athletics. He hangs around a lot, or else has to be driven places by parents.

And it's the city teen-ager who has all the advantages, the public transportation that can take him to movies, clubs, classes, all kinds of special interests.

Another aspect of suburban life was deplored by Dr. Burton Grebin, director

of St. Mary's Hospital for Children in Bayside, Queens, who was also a panalist. The fact that so many fathers commute long hours disturbed him. City parents had the advantage in that they could spend more time with their children. Fatigued, commuting fathers, he said, could in effect be absent even when they were home.

And the mothers, Dr. Grebin said, get depressed, are "more lonely, have more affairs."

The picture of raising a family in the New York City area—city or suburb—seemed so gloomy that one parent exclaimed, "It's a total dilemma." While a mother, hoping to ameliorate the situation, wanted to know if parents could do anything to make up for the lack of freedom in the city.

Dr. Bemporad was no help: "I don't think you can really make up for it," he said.

Michelle Aston, the mother of a 4½-year-old boy, agreed that her boy's life was perhaps overregulated by her. She said that since he played indoors with friends whose mothers had to bring them to her home and stay there

while the children played, Mrs. Aston was in effect choosing her son's mates according to "who I want to have coffee with."

She said the boy seemed to be fine, but she was concerned that he might "hurt him."

I'd Kill Myself

Sarah Diamond, who has a 4-year-old son, talked about what she believed the suburban mother's lack of freedom was. "Those women who live in the suburbs have the kids outside playing all day," she said, "so the mothers can't go to do what they want to do. If I stay in the house all day, I'd kill myself."

And in return for the scorn they bring coming at them from the suburbs city parents hurl some of their own. They described suburban mothers as being rooted to the television watching soap operas, of course, else baking all day, brownies, or cookies.

Mrs. Alfrest said after it was that he'd heard somewhere that the suburbs children turn out to be well-adjusted bores; in the city the sophisticated neurotic. He said that there's some truth to that.

From Japan to the U.N., a Liberated Woman

By ANDREW H. MALCOLM

Special to The New York Times

TOKYO, April 1—During World War II, a teen-ager named Sadako Nakamura of the left her home to hide in a backyard bomb shelter from American planes.

That woman, now the mother of a teen-ager herself, has left her Tokyo home behind. But this time it is to start a new life—and a new career as well—in New York City.

Asked on Saturday, when Sadako Nakamura Ogata lands at Kennedy International Airport, she will do so as the highest ranking woman ever to serve in the Japanese Foreign Service.

As minister, or No. 2 officer, in her country's 30-member mission to the United Nations, the 48-year-old Mrs. Ogata not only will represent Japan before a major world forum but will also be closely watched by the 56 million other women of Japan who only recently have sensed the spirit of liberation.

Male-Oriented Society

For more than a century now, Japan's highly-respected foreign ministry has accurately reflected abroad the country's traditional male-oriented society. There are still, in fact, only 10 women in responsible administrative posts of the central government.

Any change in this society—unless it involves superficial adoption of some American fad—requires a broad-based consensus. As a result, it comes slowly. But a shift became imminent last year when Prime Minister Takeo Miki promised increased efforts to elevate the status of women.

Then on Feb. 16 under the heading "The AE-

POINTMENT OF A female MINISTER," the government released the news of Mrs. Ogata's appointment. "I was very surprised to see my name pop up like that," said Mrs. Ogata, who had been an associate professor of political science. "I never really thought of working in the foreign service. It's not been a career open to women."

But life abroad will not be new to her. Mrs. Ogata's late father was also a Japanese diplomat, assigned to posts from China to Finland to Portland, Ore. There, in elementary school, Mrs. Ogata began learning her flawless English.

After her marriage in 1960 to Shijuro Ogata, an officer of the Bank of Japan, the couple lived in Osaka and London. Mr. Ogata, whose father-in-law was an influential leader of the old Liberal Party, was assigned to the government bank's New York office only last year.

The Ogata's two children—a son, Atsushi, 14, and a daughter, Akiko, 9—are both enrolled at the United Nations International School.

For the last two years Mrs. Ogata has been teaching full time on the outskirts of Tokyo at the International Christian University where colleagues and students describe her as unassuming,

charming, very popular and "not a bad tennis player."

Her research and papers on Japanese overseas affairs have been well received, especially her doctoral thesis on prewar Japanese policy toward Manchuria.

"Actually," she said in an interview in her book-cluttered office, "I had spent so much time overseas I suddenly found I had an intense interest in my own country."

She was educated at Tokyo's University of the Sacred Heart, which is Japan's Vasar, and also studied at Georgetown, Berkeley and Tokyo University where her professor, Yoshitake Oka, remembers her as quiet, hard

working—and the only woman in the class.

"I've never felt I was an outsider because I was a woman," she said. "My parents always let my sister and brother and I develop and follow pretty much our own interests."

"I never felt I had to have a career," she continued. "I was very happy as a housewife and then as a teacher. It was a life I enjoyed. Now I will be a diplomat. I got a huge start. It will be difficult, but I know to some extent what it is about. As I feel very much at home in the U. S."

Civilian Members

Mrs. Ogata has twice spent a fall General Assembly session as a temporary civilian member of Japan's United Nations delegation such as Shirley Temple Black did for the United States before being appointed Ambassador to Ghana.

There is considerable speculation here that Mrs. Ogata is destined to become Japan's first female Ambassador. "I just don't know about that yet," she said. Her academic leave expires in three years.

She said the United Nations is a very comfortable post for women. "And I don't mind New York at all," she added. "There's lots of excitement and interesting things and people. I feel quite at home there."

Her family already has an East Side apartment where her 68-year-old mother has managed the household.

"My mother was a traditional, very sheltered housewife," Mrs. Ogata said. "Now she sees one daughter as an opera singer in London and another as a diplomat and she says, 'I want to be liberated too.'"



'I never really thought of working in the foreign service. It's not been a career open to women.'

The New York Times/Andrew Malcolm

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House Votes Election Panel; Bills Going to Conference

ARREN WEAVER Jr.
The House on April 1 approved a bill to create an Election Commission to oversee the independent agency that considers complaints about the Senate's election process.

The two versions include the following:
The House bill requires Congressional approval of all advisory opinions issued by the commission and permits Congress to exercise an item veto on provisions. The Senate struck these provisions from its bill.
The House bill prohibits corporate political action committees from soliciting employees for contributions. The Senate bill would permit such solicitation by mail twice a year, with anonymity guaranteed to both contributors and noncontributors.

The Senate bill requires all Federal employees earning more than \$25,000 a year and all candidates for Federal office to disclose both their annual income and their assets. The House bill has no such provision.
A 20-member commission to study the Presidential nominating process would be established under the Senate bill, aimed at making it less expensive, time-consuming and exhausting for candidates and public. The House bill has no such provision.
Under the Senate bill, matching funds would be provided to candidates who received less than 10 percent of the vote in two successive primaries. There is no comparable language in the House bill.

Three Policemen Fatally Shot Near Motel in Miami Beach

MIAMI BEACH, Fla., April 1 — Three policemen in Miami Beach were investigating what they believed was a stolen car when they were shot to death in a motel parking lot today.

Miami Beach police officers closed off all bridges to this island and arrested a man who apparently shot himself before his capture. He was taken to a hospital. A search for more suspects continued.

Dade County Public Safety spokesman, Ralph ... said that the dead officers were not identified, members of the Dade County auto theft division had been working with the Florida Highway Patrol in tracing stolen license plates. ... were at a highway station on Collins Avenue when they saw a late 1960s Buick Wildcat automobile they believed to be stolen. The car was driven into a nearby beach parking lot and the officers walked up to it, Mr. Page said. ...

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the commission has been without most of its major powers since March 22, when a high court stay expired. Since then, the commission has been unable to authorize campaign subsidy payments, a situation likely to continue for two more weeks.
Congressional observers believe it will take Senate-House conferees at least a week to work out a compromise, and perhaps longer, carrying the moratorium on candidate subsidies well past the important primaries in New York and Wisconsin next Tuesday.
Representative Frenzel suggested that candidates "tighten up their belts" for "two or three weeks." Even if the President should veto the bill, Mr. Hays said, "it isn't going to cost me anything."
Mr. Hays has filed as a favorite-son Presidential candidate from a group of Ohio Congressional districts, but he has said he has no intention of attempting to qualify for matching funds.
The Ohio Democrat said he had "heard a rumor" that Thomas B. Curtis, the election commission chairman had resigned from the agency.
Mr. Curtis's term as chairman ends on April 14. There are reports that he has asked President Ford not to reappoint him to the agency if and when it is reconstituted. The chairman could not be reached for comment on the Hays rumor.

Ellen, please come home. I love you and I do understand. (Mother)

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By Betty Wasson
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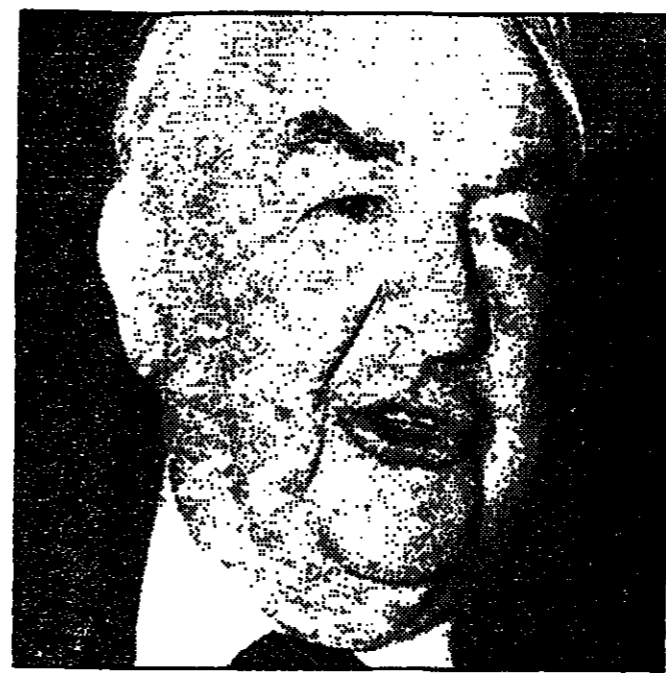
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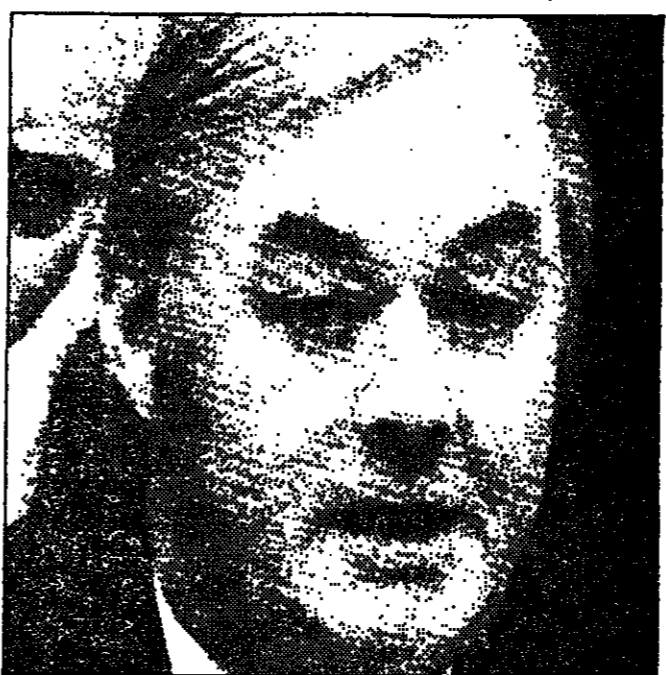
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PUBLIC NOTICE OF SUBMITTAL OF PLAN OF STUDY AND INVESTIGATION

PURSUANT TO 40 CFR 122.7 No. NPDES 78-141 Date: April 2, 1976 Notice is hereby given that the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has issued a permit to the Irving Plaza Condominium Owners Corporation of New York, Inc. (Irving Plaza Condominium Owners Corporation) (the permittee) a plan of study and demonstration submitted pursuant to 40 CFR 122.7. This submission constitutes a part of the permittee's request for a variance from the permit and limitations imposed in its permit NY000472 (Indian Point Units 1 and 2) and NY000473 (Indian Point Unit 3) pursuant to 40 CFR 122.7. The plan of study and demonstration is available for public review and comment at the New York State Office of General Services, State Office Building, 12th Floor, 110 West Street, New York, New York 10038, from 9:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. on each business day from April 2, 1976, to April 16, 1976. Copies will be provided at the cost of \$30 per copy sheet. All requests to examine a plan of study and demonstration must be received by the State Office of General Services no later than May 3, 1976. Public notice of EPA's final determination with respect to the variance requested by the permittee will be given as soon as possible following the permittee's submission of the demonstration pursuant to 40 CFR 122.7.

Richard A. Baker, Chief
State of Compliance Branch
Enforcement Division

NEWS WRAP-UP
That's what you get every Sunday in The Week in Review Section of The New York Times.

People in Sports

Nets' Guard May Miss Start of Playoffs

John Williamson, a starting guard for the New York Nets, suffered a severe sprain of the left ankle in Wednesday night's 116-106 loss to the Pacers in Indianapolis. Williamson will be out of action for an estimated 10 days to two weeks, and could miss the first round of the American Basketball Association playoffs, scheduled to start on April 9.

Williamson, a consistent 40-minute player with a 16.2 scoring average, was X-rayed at Hempstead General Hospital on Long Island. But Dr. Alan Levy, the club's physician, plans to have more X-rays taken before making a final determination this morning on how long Williamson will be sidelined.

Bob Melchioni and Al Skinner are the two players who may be used to replace the injured star, although Melchioni has not played in several games because of a pinched nerve in his left thigh.

Coaching an all-star team in any sport is, at best, a difficult chore. Coaching an all-star squad of international soccer players—of different styles and temperaments—is even more difficult.

But that's the job that was handed to Ken Furphy, the coach of the New York Cosmos.

He has been chosen to direct Team America for the Bicentennial Tournament, May 23-31, against the national teams of Brazil, England and Italy.

The United States Soccer Federation, the governing body of the sport in this country, said that Team America would be composed of the top professional players in the United States, regardless of nationality. That means that Furphy will have to mold such diverse personalities as George Best, Bobby Moore and Pelé into a cohesive unit.

The disputed world middleweight title may finally be resolved if Rodolfo Sabbatini of Rome has his way. Sabbatini says that he has the signed contracts for a title bout between Rodrigo Valdes of Colombia and Carlos Monzon of Argentina in his pocket.

Valdes holds the World Boxing Council's version of the 160-pound crown; Monzon is recognized as the ruler by the World Boxing Association. Sabbatini, in Rome, did not announce when and where the two would meet, but published reports mention Monte Carlo or Paris early in May.

Ed Bettendorf, a former Yale University swimming captain and an assistant coach the last four years, has been named head coach to succeed Phil Moriarty, who is retiring.

Bettendorf, 27 years old, is a native of Fairview Park, Ohio. He becomes the third head coach in Yale's distinguished swimming history, following Bob Aspinath (1917-1959) and Moriarty (1960-1975).

The new coach earned three varsity letters as a standout backstroke competitor on teams that won 43 straight dual meets and three consecutive titles in both the Eastern and Eastern Seaboard leagues.

The Professional Basketball Writers Association of America has named Don (Slick) Watts of the Seattle SuperSonics to receive its second annual citizenship award.

Watts, who plays with a headband around his shaved skull, set a National Basketball Association season record for steals with 242, a figure that will probably increase before the season ends on April 11. The Seattle backcourt man probably also set records for most autographs and headbands given away to fans. The award, won last

year by Wes Unseld of Washington, is given to the player, coach or assistant coach judged to have performed outstanding humanitarian achievements within his community.

Russ Anderson, a defenseman from the University of Minnesota's National Collegiate Athletic Association champion hockey team, has signed a pro contract with Pittsburgh of the National Hockey League. A Pittsburgh spokesman said Anderson would be sent to Hershey, Pa., the Penguins' farm team.

The rough-and-tumble Anderson broke a school record this season for the most penalties, 52, and the most penalty minutes, 111.

DEANE MCGOWEN

Abdul-Jabbar Is Voted Most Valuable

In a competition dominated by centers, Kareem Abdul-Jabbar of the Los Angeles Lakers was named the winner of the National Basketball Association's most-valuable-player award for the fourth time yesterday, edging out Bob McAdoo of the Buffalo Braves and Dave Cowens of the Boston Celtics.

The massive center, who leads the league in minutes played, rebounding and shots blocked, collected 409 votes to 393 for McAdoo and 378 for Cowens. In the balloting of N.B.A. players, a first-place vote was worth 5

points; a second-place vote 3, and a third-place vote 1.

"I'm very flattered to receive the award," Abdul-Jabbar said. "I didn't expect it would win because it usually goes to a player on a winning team. But I think the guys I play against are voting for me and I thank the Creator."

The Lakers, despite Abdul-Jabbar's efforts, have won only 38 of 78 games and are in fourth place in the Pacific Division.

The former star-center of the University of California, Los Angeles, who was traded to the Lakers in a preseason deal with the Milwaukee Bucks, won the award in 1971, 1972 and 1974. McAdoo took the honors last year

and Cowens won in 1973. As a four-time winner, Abdul-Jabbar ties Wilt Chamberlain, leaving only Bill Russell as the only five-time victor.

As usual, ballots cast for centers dominated the voting. Abdul-Jabbar, McAdoo and Cowens accounted for 69.7 percent of the votes. The last non-center to win the award was Oscar Robertson, a guard, in 1964.

Fourth in the balloting with 201 points was Rick Barry of the Golden State Warriors, followed by George McGinnis of the Philadelphia 76ers, Dave Bing of the Washington Bullets and Phil Smith, also of the Warriors.

Sports Today

BASKETBALL
Nets vs. Kentucky Colonels, at Nassau Coliseum, Uniondale, L.I., 8 P.M. (Radio—WJCA, 8 P.M.)
Knicks vs. Bulls, at Chicago. (Television—Channel 2, 8:30 P.M.)

HARNESS RACING
Yonkers Raceway, Central and Yonkers Avenues, 8 P.M.
Fresno (N.Y.) Raceway, 1 P.M.
Monticello (N.Y.) Raceway, 8 P.M.

PLATFORM TENNIS
\$12,000 Tribuno grand prix, at West Side T.C., Forest Hills, Queens, 10 A.M.

THOROUGHBRED RACING
Aqueduct (Queens) Race Track, 1:30 P.M.

High Tides Around New York

Locality	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low
Radway Inlet	Point	Canal	Point	Canal	Point	Canal	Point	Canal
Apr. 2	7:17	2:26	7:17	2:26	7:17	2:26	7:17	2:26
Apr. 3	7:22	1:59	7:22	1:59	7:22	1:59	7:22	1:59
Apr. 4	7:27	1:32	7:27	1:32	7:27	1:32	7:27	1:32
Apr. 5	7:32	1:05	7:32	1:05	7:32	1:05	7:32	1:05
Apr. 6	7:37	7:54	7:37	7:54	7:37	7:54	7:37	7:54
Apr. 7	7:42	7:27	7:42	7:27	7:42	7:27	7:42	7:27
Apr. 8	7:47	7:00	7:47	7:00	7:47	7:00	7:47	7:00
Apr. 9	7:52	6:33	7:52	6:33	7:52	6:33	7:52	6:33
Apr. 10	7:57	6:06	7:57	6:06	7:57	6:06	7:57	6:06
Apr. 11	8:02	5:39	8:02	5:39	8:02	5:39	8:02	5:39
Apr. 12	8:07	5:12	8:07	5:12	8:07	5:12	8:07	5:12

For high tide of Astoria Park and Belmar, deduct 34 min. from Sandy Hook time. For Atlantic City, deduct 11 min. from Sandy Hook time. For high tide at Jones Inlet (Pt. Ledge), deduct 19 min. from Sandy Hook time.

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SIMON WIESENTHAL

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Can evil be forgiven? What would you have done?

Among those whose responses are included in *The Sunflower* are: Abraham J. Heschel, Martin Marty, John M. Gasterreicher, Hans Habe, Cynthia Ozick, Herbert Gold, Jacques Maritain, Edward H. Flannery, and Herbert Marcuse.

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CHECK THE WHITE PAGES FOR THE WALDENBOOKS STORE NEAREST YOU.

Oregon Basketball

Red Smith
Messy

مكزامن الاحصالي



Dick Stewart, Fordham's new basketball coach, meets squad

Stewart of Oregon Named Fordham Basketball Coach

By SAM GOLDAPER

Dick Stewart, self-described as a tall, skinny college guard who could not hoot but clawed and scratched his way up, was elected yesterday as Fordham University's basketball coach. Stewart played three seasons as a starter for Rutgers when the Scarlet Knights began their climb to national prominence during the 1966-67 season.

Stewart spent the last five seasons as the assistant coach at Oregon under Dick Harter, rebuilding the team from a big loser to a winner in the tough Pacific-8 Conference, dominated by the University of California, Los Angeles.

The Duck basketball brochure describes the 28-year-old Stewart as "one who wears many hats — chief assistant, chief recruiter, chief promoter. He can be volatile and he can be serene. He is both a teacher and a student."

Change in Policy

Stewart replaces Hal Wisel, dismissed last February with one year remaining on his contract. The Rams finished with a 9-17 won-lost record last season.

With the selection of Stewart by the Athletic Control Board, Fordham committed itself to a major policy change in its program. Stewart will work under conditions Wisel never enjoyed. He will get more money, have two full-time assistant coaches plus a graduate assistant, secretarial help, an office, an increased recruiting budget, a hand in preparing the schedule and a commitment to conduct a basketball camp in the summer of 1977.

Stewart's rebuilding task won't be easy. The Rams have all but two players re-

turning, but the team lacks talented scorers and is badly in need of height and rebounding. The schedule is almost as difficult as the ones that the Wissel-coached teams played.

Additionally Stewart's appointment comes at a time when most of the top rated high school stars are either committed or have narrowed their choices to two or three colleges. The best Stewart can hope for is for some second-line players.

Stewart's recruiting credentials are good. Since Oregon was ruled for its drawing of football and wrestling talent from the high schools, he had to travel all over the nation to put together last season's basketball team. The players were recruited in Pennsylvania, Ohio, Cali-

fornia, Michigan, Illinois, Washington and Wisconsin. Stewart's biggest catch four years ago was Ron Lee, who scored well over 2,000 points, became an all-American and is one of the top basketball candidates in the pro draft. Stewart found him in Boston.

"I am not coming 3,000 miles from west to east to be a loser," said Stewart. "I just attended a meeting of the National Association of Basketball Coaches where we were told that 60 percent of those who were head coaches five years ago are no longer in the field. I don't expect to become a statistic."

Under Harter and Stewart, Oregon became known as "the Kamikaze Kids" because of their zany playing

Continued on Page 14, Column 3



PERFECT SHOT: Sandra Haynie holding the ball she sank for a hole-in-one on the 165-yard, par-3 eighth hole at Palm Springs, Calif., yesterday. Page 14.

Red Smith

Messy Case of Mr. Messersmith

ST. PETERSBURG, Fla., April 1—Here among the horseshoe hills and shuffleboard dens of ewing St. Pete, the Three-Quarter Century Club is an oasis of calm, the only corner of the baseball world untroubled by lockout or lawsuit, by free agents or the agents of free agents, by labor strife, rebellion, intimidation or reprisal. The Kids and Cubs of the Three-Quarter Century Club have just completed their 46th season of softball with the Kids on top by two games. Throughout the league there is peace and good fellowship, from smiling Roland Pearson, 75, who batted .374 as a rookie with the Kids after seven seasons in the Liniment League, to Fred Broadwell, 91, who "this like a souvagan" for the Cubs, according to Maynard Van Horn, the league's president. "Fred hit way over his 233 of last year," Mr. Van Horn said. "He hit 'em where they weren't." There is no substitute for experience.

Elsewhere there was only unrest. Still another collective bargaining session this morning produced no discernible movement toward a new basic agreement between players and club owners. Day by day, pressure mounts on managers trying to get ready for the season in half the time usually allowed for spring training. The National and American Leagues are bickering over Toronto as the site for an expansion club.

Here in the camp of the New York Mets, management talks about banishing Tom Seaver, the best pitcher in baseball and the man who did more than any other individual to bring respectability to a company of buffoons. Seaver is one of the players who started spring training at their own expense when the owners kept the camps closed. In union affairs he is the Mets' shop steward; he wants to be paid what he believes he is worth; he has said the welfare of his family must be his first consideration. Theologians are debating which is his deadliest sin — being a militant, being an expensive militant, or putting Nancy and the kids ahead of M. Donald Grant.

Agent's Memo

Wherever you look, it's a mess, even if your name is Smith. If it's Messersmith, it's a mess, even if your name is Messersmith. The Yankees management buried a tear-stained face in Bowie Kuhn's shirtfront today, sobbing that Andy Messersmith's agent had signed a paper committing baseball's only active free agent to pitch for New York for the next four seasons, and that Messersmith was trying to renege. As far as can be ascertained, these are the facts:

Herb Osmond, the agent, was authorized to negotiate terms for Messersmith subject to the pitcher's approval, but not to sign a contract for him. He does not have power of attorney in writing and he says he did not tell the Yankees he had power of attorney. (Gabe Paul, the Yan-

Flames, Islanders Tie, 1-1

Kuhn Dampens Toronto Move, Fails to Rule on Messersmith

By ROBIN HERMAN

Special to The New York Times
UNIONDALE, L.I., April 1—The New York Islanders and the Atlanta Flames played tonight to what by now seems the inevitable when these teams meet—a tie.

This time the score was 1-1 with the Flames rallying and knotting the score on a goal by Lysiak with 23 minutes 26 seconds remaining. It was the fourth tie in five games this season that the teams have played to a deadlock. A chance for a fifth tie looms Sunday when the New York team plays its final game of the season in Atlanta.

Curt Bennett, the Flames' left wing set up the play with a one-handed pass out to Lysiak who was high in the slot near the hash marks. The Flames had put virtually no pressure on the Islanders goal after Bryan Trottler scored for New York just a minute and a half into the game.

"We haven't been known for our finish all year," said Fred Craigton, the Flames' coach.

31st Goal for Lysiak
But Lysiak finished this play, scoring his 31st goal of the season on a shot that Bill Smith, the Islanders goalie, touched with his glove but couldn't stop. Bob Nystrom, an Islander defending in the slot near Lysiak, slammed his stick on the ice in disgust and brooks it.

Islander hopes of catching the Buffalo Sabres in regular season points were ended tonight when the Sabres beat Boston for 2 points. Thus Buffalo will hold the home ice advantage if they meet the Islanders in the quarter-finals of the Stanley Cup playoffs. The Islanders' preliminary round opponent in a two-game series will be either Atlanta, Vancouver or Chicago.

Game Is Typical

The Flames and the Islanders played one of the low-scoring games typical of meetings between these two teams. The Islanders took 18 shots in the first period; Dan Bouchard, the Atlanta goalie, missed just one. It was made by Bryan Trottler, his 30th goal of the season, at 1:30 of the opening period.

The Flames couldn't engineer a coordinated attack through the first two periods, easing the task for Bill Smith, who returned to the Islanders net after a six-game layoff. Smith faced and stopped just seven shots in the first period and five in the second. Although the Islanders began strongly, they fell back toward the middle of the game into a slower style that the Flames had chosen to use.

Trottler's goal came on an assist from Denis Potvin, who continued a string of strong efforts spanning the last couple of weeks. The 22-year-

Continued on Page 15, Column 3

By GERALD ESKENAZI

In the confusion surrounding the Yankees and Andy Messersmith and the American League and Toronto, Commissioner Bowie Kuhn solved neither problem yesterday. He did complicate the second one.

Kuhn told the 12 American League owners that he was unhappy with their decision to expand to Toronto for 1977 since the league had not "made any provision" for a team in Washington, which it deserted after the 1971 campaign.

Although he did not block the move, Kuhn said it was not in "the best interests of baseball" and he gave the American League seven days to work out something to in-

sure some baseball for Washington in 1977.

If the league fails to provide a solution for the capital, Kuhn said he would consider a National League bid for expansion to both Toronto and Washington. That would leave the American League with 13 teams (Seattle has been added for 1977) and the National with 14.

Kuhn's four-page statement was "worded ambiguously," "Sometimes," said Kuhn, a lawyer, "you write things on purpose that are not totally clear."

Perhaps that is why Lee MacPhail, the American League president, described Kuhn's action as "neither just nor fair."

"I told him what I thought

of it in as measured tones as I could," MacPhail said by telephone from Delray Beach, Fla. He added that the 12 owners had rejected un-

animously Kuhn's conditions for American League expansion to Toronto.

"It's regrettable," MacPhail said "that there comes a time when you have to stand up for your principles. There could be serious repercussions, but the American League is united on this. We're going forward with our plans. If the National League desires to expand into Washington, it may do so. There are other fine cities available for a 14th franchise."

Meanwhile, Kuhn spent 3 1/2 hours with Messersmith's

agent, Herb Osmond, the director of the Players Association, Marvin Miller; the association's counsel, Dick Moses, as well as the Yankees' president, Gabe Paul, and owner, George Steinbrenner.

Everyone will meet again this morning at 10:30, with one addition—Messersmith is flying in from Newport Beach, Calif., to tell Kuhn he doesn't want to play for the Yankees.

"I don't have power of attorney," said Osmond, who signed an agreement a few days ago for Messersmith to play with the New York Yankees.

"Osmond told us he had power of attorney, definitely," said Paul.

Osmond added that Messers-

Continued on Page 15, Column 3



Baseball Commissioner Bowie Kuhn, left, discussed the case of Andy Messersmith with Marvin Miller, above left, Players Association director; Dick Moss, his lawyer, and Yanks' George Steinbrenner.

Pitcher Sounds Off on Yankees' Offer

By MURRAY CHASS

Special to The New York Times

FORT LAUDERDALE, Fla., April 1—Two Yankee uniform shirts, one white, one gray, each with No. 47 on the back, hung in a locker in the Yankee clubhouse at Fort Lauderdale Stadium today. Andy Messersmith's Yankee shirts.

"George [Steinbrenner] called the other day and said he wants 47," give him 47," Manager Billy Martin said.

Messersmith, of course, wasn't here to wear the shirts. He was at home in Newport Beach, Calif., waiting to testify by telephone at the hearing in Commissioner Bowie Kuhn's office in New York. The hearing could decide his playing status for this season and many more.

"We started out to get a good contract; now it's a moral issue," Messersmith said in a telephone interview as he reiterated his ill feelings toward the Yankees. "If they were interested in getting my services, why did they go to the press and blow this thing up? Why

didn't they call me? They never called me."

The pitcher, in his third week as a free agent, didn't say, but he implied, that if the Yankees had called they might have been able to seal a deal by working out what he said were differences between the memoranda signed by his agent and the uniform players' contract presented to the agent some hours later for his signature. It was these differences that prompted him to refuse the

Yankee offer and evoked a bitter feeling in him toward the club.

One of the differences, Messersmith said, dealt with the no-cut provision in the contract. Another involved deferred payments.

When Herb Osmond, his agent, started the negotiations with Gabe Paul and Steinbrenner last Saturday night in Tampa, Fla., he read the no-cut provisions from Catfish Hunter's contract and said Messersmith wanted the

same deal. Under a pure no-cut agreement, the player—or his heirs—receives the payments called for whether he plays or not.

"If I died today," Hunter said, discussing his agreement before the Yankees lost to Kansas City, 4-3, today, "my family gets my contract. They would get whatever I was supposed to get. If my family dies, my brothers and sisters and my wife's broth-

Continued on Page 15, Column 3

Wiechers, Brewer Set Pace on 66's

GREENSBORO, N. C., April 1 (AP)—Gay Brewer, wielding a new putter in competition for the first time, eagled two of his last four holes today for a five-under-par 66 that tied Jimmy Wiechers for his first-round lead in the 230,000 Greater Greensboro open golf tournament.

They were one stroke ahead. "I'm playing as good as I've ever played," said the gray-haired, 44-year-old Brewer, winner of 11 tournaments, including the 1967 masters in 20-year tour career. "The thing that has held me back my clipping and putting."

He may have solved his putting woes by a two-week trip to his home in Palm Springs, Calif. He "experimented on my putting, worked a lot, tried a lot of different clubs."

He picked out a new putter and today he holed five putts in the 20-25 foot range, two or the eagles that lifted him to a tie for the lead.

Brewer, a non-winner since 1972, and Wiechers, who has yet to win a tour event in five years, chased a one-stroke lead over Lou Gram, the United States Open champion, Dave Stockton and Bob Payne, who carded 73 over the 6,645-yard edgedfield Country Club, course.

A group of 68 included Se Trevino, Miller Barber, DeWitt Weaver, Kermit Zarzy, Don Bies and Allen Miller.

Tom Weiskopf, the 1975 winner, headed a big group of 69.

Graham, in a mild slump

Continued on Page 14, Column 5

It's Spring at Last for Mets

By JOSEPH DURSO

Special to The New York Times

BRADENTON, Fla., April 1—It took 11 innings and a lot of charity from the Pittsburgh Pirates, but the New York Mets finally broke their eight-game losing slide today and won their first game of baseball's late spring.

They did it in sizzling spurts, too, twice grabbing the lead and twice losing it before three runs in the top of the second extra inning produced an 8-5 victory.

But however they did it, they ended the long, embarrassing wait of Joe Frazier, a man who spent 25 years in the minor leagues—plus the month of March without a victory in the majors as manager of the Mets.

Then Frazier walked slowly across the grass to the little wooden clubhouse in left field, where a bunch of his players were watching from the front porch. And Tom Seaver, unsigned but not unimpressed, greeted him by calling: "Champagne, Skip?"

Frazier didn't pour any

champagne, but he carried off the moment by spraying: "I told you 'we'd win' didn't I?" Then he faced the realities and said: "Mickey Lolich pitched real fine ball for five innings, but we still didn't play that good."

Even if they get the hang of it, the Mets have only six exhibition games left, so they cannot leave Florida next Wednesday with a winning record. But for now, they were content with this decision over the Pirates, who

Continued on Page 15, Column 3

Of all filter kings:

Nobody's lower than Carlton.

Look at the latest U.S. Government figures for other top brands that call themselves "low" in tar.

Brand	tar, mg/cig.	nicotine, mg/cig.
Brand D (Filter)	14	1.0
Brand D (Menthol)	13	1.0
Brand V (Filter)	11	0.7
Brand T (Menthol)	11	0.6
Brand V (Menthol)	11	0.7
Brand T (Filter)	11	0.6
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Carlton 70's (lowest of all brands)	*1	0.1

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Gotham Giant Test For Unbeaten Zen

As usual, the alarm clock in the Long Island home of Jacinto Vasquez will go off at 5 o'clock this morning. By 5:15 A.M., the jockey will have ridden Foolish Pleasure to victory in last year's Kentucky Derby...



Jacinto Vasquez will ride Zen in Gotham Mile tomorrow

By STEVE CADY. 1976 debut on March 6 at Aqueduct. He won by seven. On March 20, he made it four in a row by taking the \$29,950 Hirsch Jacobs Stakes at Pimlico.

At this time of year that would be enough to give most trainers Kentucky Derby fever. But Frank Whiteley has been around too long to jump off bridges over a horse who still hasn't raced farther than three-quarters of a mile.

Aqueduct Race Charts

Table with 3 columns: Race Number, Race Name, and Odds. Includes sections for 1st-5th, 6th-10th, and 11th-15th races.

absence of Bold Forbes had something to do with Zen's presence in the Gotham Mile.

"You don't want to hook a tiger if you don't have to," he said. "Why not run Zen as it's easier? Zen has no program, no schedule to meet. We're just taking it easy."

If Zen passes his test in the Gotham, he will be entered in the 1 1/4-mile Wood Memorial at Aqueduct on April 17. The Kentucky Derby, at 1 1/4 miles, will be run on May 1.

Zen already has endeared himself to a group of journalists: the sports copy editors who check stories and put headlines on them.

Steeplechase racing will turn to the downstate thoroughbred scene next fall after an absence of one season. The jumpers will compete at Belmont Park on Oct. 21 and 22, with the \$33 running of the Temple Gwyneth scheduled on the second day.

Aqueduct Entries table showing race numbers, names, and odds for various races.

Upstate Meeting Starts

By MICHAEL STAUSS. Special to The New York Times. MONTICELLO, N.Y., April 1. The first thing Herb Cauters, the track superintendent, did when he arrived at rain-soaked Monticello Raceway early today was to ask one of his staff to get the grader "with the rubber blade" out of the garage and have it ready for use.

"Of course we wouldn't have had any trouble holding the races even if we had a cloudburst," said Cauters. "We've only had one cancellation since the raceway opened 19 years ago, and then, it wasn't because we were flooded out. The problem was that nearby highway bridges were under water and fans couldn't get here."

Monticello, as do many major harness-horse layouts in the United States, has an all-weather track. The key to the condition of the track here is an eight-inch stone-dust base topped by sand and more stone dust.

At Oaklawn... Elocutionist and Sonkisser head a field of 14 3-year-olds entered for tomorrow's \$100,000-added Arkansas Derby.

Misses Goolagong, Evert And Barker Gain Semifinal

By TONY KORNBREISER. Special to The New York Times. PHILADELPHIA, April 1. Miss Evert said she was "really up" for this match. She said she "really wanted" to win.

When she stepped all over Miss Fromholtz, playing what she called her best set in the tournament — in the first set, it seemed as if Miss Evert would set a speed record by eliminating an opponent.

With a chilled crowd of 3,532 in attendance, My Millie captured the \$2,000 feature and scored her first triumph in 10 starts this year.

Miss McMullen, at 68, Tied With Mrs. Berning

PALM SPRINGS, Calif., April 1 (AP)—Kathy McMullen, putting inconsistently, and Sue Berning, putting extremely well, each shot four-under-par 68's today to share the first-round lead in the \$200,000 Dinah Shore-Women's Circle golf tournament.

How, she three-putted for two bogies and missed medium-range birdie putts on the 16th and 17th holes that would have put her alone in first place.

Ashe Extended CARACAS, Vene (AP)—Top-seeded Ashes best Ray South Africa 4-6, night and advanced semifinals in a \$9 Championship Tennis event.

THE LEADING SCORES. Kathy McMullen, 68. Sue Berning, 68. Ann Spong, 69. Annika Sorenstam, 69.

Orantes, Hurt, V BARCELONA, Spain (AP)—John Califfiano, move quarterfinals of national spring circuit tournament today to victory over Man of Spain.

Wiechers, Brewer Set Pace on 66's. Continued From Page 13. Since his playoff victory for the National Open title last year, was five under par through 15 holes and then felt victim to the fickle wind on the 16th hole.

Fordham Picks Stewart As Coach of Basketball. Continued From Page 13. know of a more deserving young coach in the country?

Summ Sprin Skiing advertisement with image of a skier and text: 9,000 ft. summ way deep with made snow; double-chairs of daily take you feet for the greatest spring Meet the sun!

Yonkers Raceway Entries table listing race numbers, names, and odds for various races.

Yonkers Raceway Results table listing race numbers, winners, and odds.

Wednesday's Fights table listing fight numbers, names, and odds.

Escalera Keeps Title Amid Confusion. NARA, Japan, April 1 (AP)—Alfredo Escalera of Puerto Rico remained the world junior lightweight boxing champion after his title bout tonight with Buzzsaw Yamabe of Japan ended in confusion with a no-contest ruling.

Sports News Briefs section with multiple small text items.

Yonkers Raceway Entries table (continued) listing race numbers, names, and odds.

Yonkers Raceway Results table (continued) listing race numbers, winners, and odds.

THE LEADING SCORES table listing names and scores for various events.

Four Jockeys Thrown at Hazel Park. HAZEL PARK, Mich., April 1 (AP)—Four jockeys were thrown, one suffering serious injuries, and two horses had to be destroyed today as a result of freakish accidents at Hazel Park Race Track.



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MERCEDES BENZ 280 SE

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Circus Whirls Into Town With Happy Distractions

By RICHARD F. SHEPARD

back from the Garden Madison Square Gar- here the circus opened ght and lump from an day that began with hanging by its toes threatened transit and hat ended with all people whirling about Garden tensions gener- the advent of the- dition of the Ringling and Barnum & Bailey are more pleasant ones nose that come from dlfhangers, but they ke your stomach tight same. new circus seemed more and colorful than ever, ybe that's just circus ole. But it certainly the time swiftly and e were 'parades' and 'ursing' with mawkishness, but why ? It's the circus, after was a traditional circus that they didn't have first out of a can- the end, one wit with memory observed that ouldn't find a man of ght caliber. they did have Elvin who, if the circus has a must be it. Mr. Bale about in space in sev- acts and each time he ou sick with worry. off he is riding a cycle up and down a wire, with a trapeze aded below it on which ple young lady also about. Eventually

brilliant!

Adults who want to see a well made film with a BRILLIANT performance by Robert DeNiro will hail 'TAXI DRIVER' -Gene Shalit, NBC-TV 'Taxi Driver' is a disturbing, frightening film, but it has the desperate excitement that goes with its vision of the city. The cast is a juicy one but first and last 'Taxi Driver' belongs to Robert DeNiro, the most REMARKABLE young actor of the American screen. -Jack Kroll, Newsweek Magazine 'Robert DeNiro is brilliant... a DEVASTATING performance. The twist ending should leave audiences gasping.' -Kathleen Carroll, New York Daily News 'FEROCIOUSLY VOLATILE! No other film has ever dramatized urban indifference so powerfully.' -Pauline Kael, New Yorker 'Robert DeNiro's performance is REMARKABLE, an achievement that brings out a personal 10. However you get there, be sure to get to see 'Taxi Driver.' -Pat Collins, WCBS News 'Robert DeNiro... riveting, FASCINATING acting of this sort is rare in films.' -Vincent Canby, N.Y. Times

ROBERT DE NIRO TAXI DRIVER

COLEMAN PICTURES JODIE FOSTER ALBERT BROOKS as Tom HARVEY KATELEONARD HARRIS PETER BOYLE as Wizard and CYBILL SHEPHERD as Betsy

Table listing movie showtimes at various theaters including Columbia Pictures and others.

Advertisement for 'Misty Beethoven' featuring Constance Money, Jamie Gillis, and others. Directed by Henry Paris.

"POIGNANT... COMPASSIONATE."

Rod Steiger gives an exhaustive, heartfelt performance of Fields—rising to some terribly moving moments." -Kathleen Carroll, Daily News

"ENJOYABLE, AMUSING AND ENTERTAINING."

Score one incisive excellent performance for Rod Steiger... he does a really first-rate job." -Bob Salmaggi, WIMS Radio

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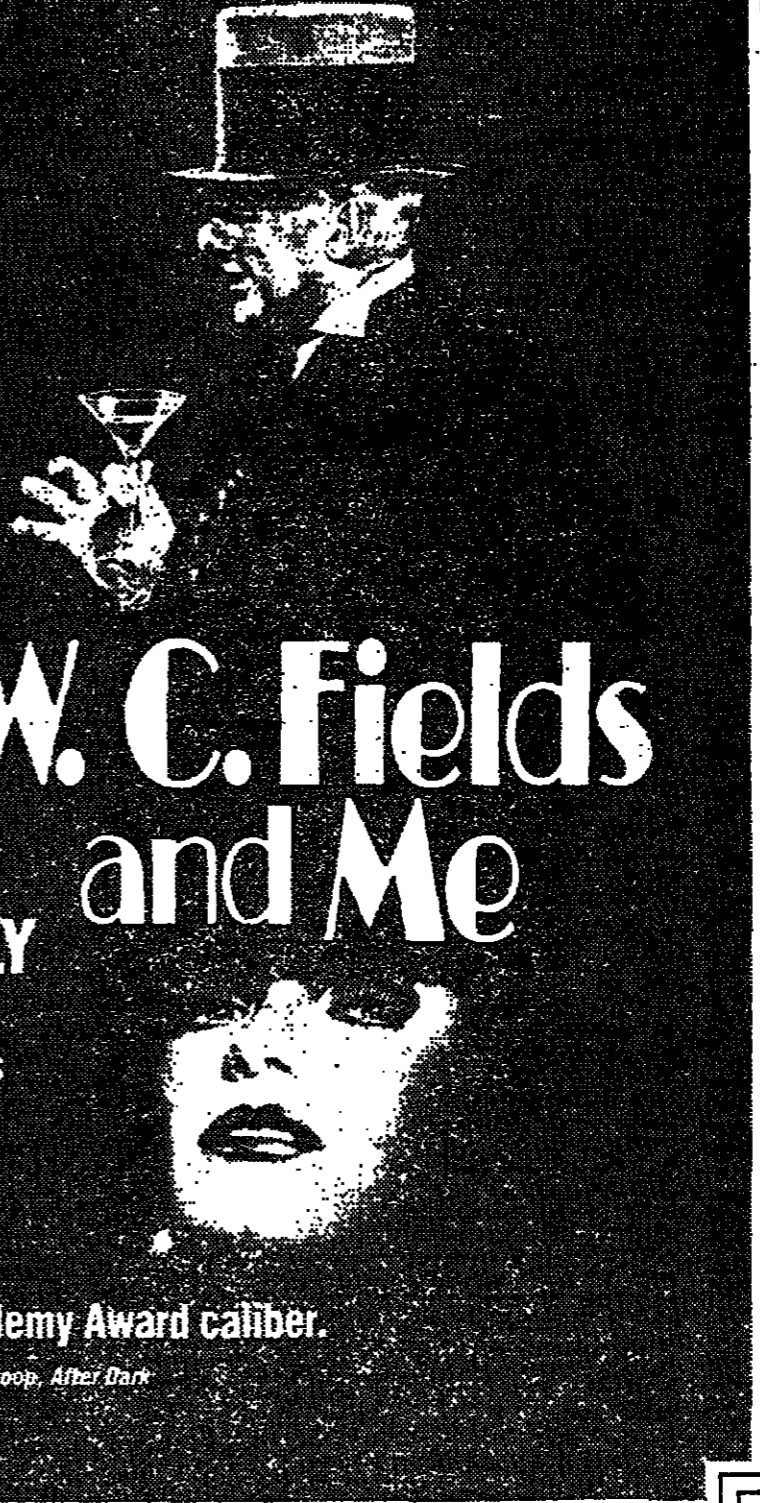
for Rod Steiger as W. C. Fields. He has accomplished the impossible... he is accurate, funny, and above all, touching." -William Wolf, Cue Magazine

"STEIGER IS ABSOLUTELY ASTOUNDING,"

giving one of the great performances of his career." -Jeffrey Lyons, CBS Radio

"I URGE YOU NOT TO MISS IT!"

Rod Steiger's performance is of Academy Award caliber. It is extremely enjoyable!" -Norma McLean Stoop, After Dark



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NOW PLAYING

Theater listings for Criterion Theatre, The Baronet, and 34th St. East, including showtimes.

"LAST YEAR COUNTRY MUSIC GAVE US 'NASHVILLE' AND THIS YEAR, WHAT IS GUARANTEED TO BE THE BIGGEST MUSICAL BOX-OFFICE ATTRACTION OF 1976 WILL BE 'SALSA'." -Michael E. Earle, The Black American

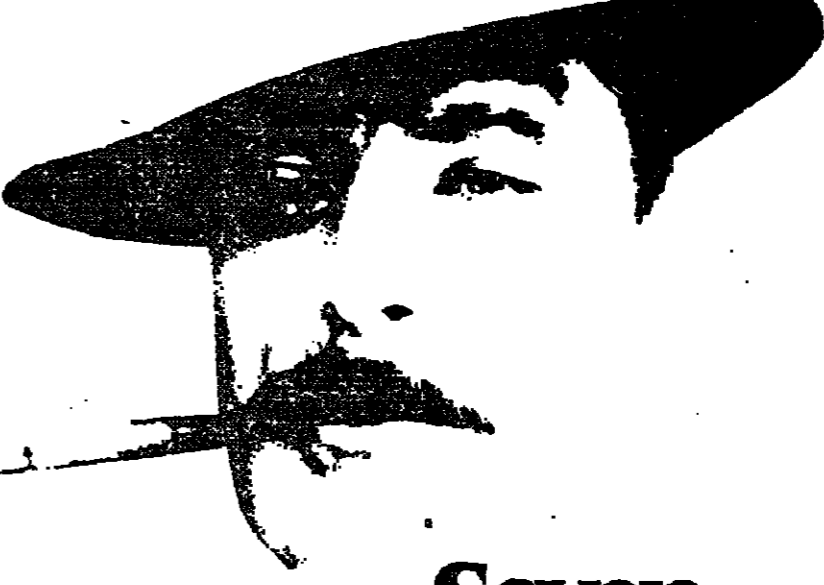
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Extraordinary

An indelible film, unlike any other I have ever seen. The script, photography, direction and performances are practically incomparable. -Gene Shalit, NBC-TV



A new film by Lina Wertmüller Seven Beauties...that's what they call him. starring Giancarlo Giannini MURRAY HILL 12, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 Midnight CINEMA II 12, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 Midnight

Stage: 'Virginia Woolf'

By CLIVE BARNES

Edward Albee's "Who's Afraid of Virginia Woolf?" is back in town. It opened at the Music Box Theater last night, dripping raw blood and rubbing alcohol, and directed by the author. It also starred Colleen Dewhurst and Ben Gazzara in two of the most knock-down, drawn-out, smashing, slugging and yet dexterously nimble performances we have ever seen. Does it sound like a prize-fight? Mr. Albee wrote it that way.

In 1962, "Virginia Woolf" signed, sealed and delivered Mr. Albee's reputation as a playwright. Directed by Alan Schneider, and with Uta Hagen and Arthur Hill in the leading roles, this campus bloodfest of academic domesticity set Broadway on its ear. Perhaps the play was overpraised at the time—indeed it was—and Mr. Albee has written better plays since. But he has never quite equaled the verisimilitude of this play. He has never again struck out so hard, so deftly and so accurately at the audience's jugular—never again given his version of the American sexual nightmare.

The play is simplicity itself. An aging, oddy effects and definitely defeated history professor (or rather an adjunct professor—the distinction is distinctive) and his tipsy, sexy earth-mother of a wife (she is the daughter of the college president—the status is status-endowing) come home after a party. It is late, but she has invited a couple of young newcomers to the campus round for a late nightcap, a young, ambitious biology teacher, and his silly, mousy, rich, little wife. Four nastier people, or at least four more embittered and cynical people, you could not wish to meet.

They sit around drinking and playing games of rich emotional savagery that they would make the Roman Colosseum seem like Madison Square Garden. The gladiators are girl in the shining armor of Mr. Albee's dialogue, bitchy, witty and often desperately funny. At times it takes bad taste into the realm of high art, and its overlapping brilliance is redolent of black comedy and sick humor.

Of course it is easy to remember this slugfest of a play as a melodramatic, abrasive and harrowing strip-tease of the soul. Mr. Albee in his own production indeed does not flinch from the flagellation. But he also, much, much more than in the original staging, stresses the humor. It is now deliciously funny—perhaps the funniest play currently on Broadway.

Mr. Albee, as director, paces his own play at a tremendous clip. It seems far shorter than it did 14 years ago, and the reason for this is almost certainly the hell-fire speed with which Mr. Albee has his actors jump through his hoops of wit and malice. At times—indeed, often—the play has that hard, glittering opaqueness of Oscar Wilde, or to come closer to period, Joe Orton. There is the same headlong virtuosity and slightly sickly dazzle.

If Mr. Albee has played up the humor, he has also played up the play's heterosexuality. Upon its original production—when people thought that its theme involving a fantasy child was far more bizarre and symbolic, than it really is—a controversial grassroots rumor went around that the play was really about homosexuals. Certainly some of the dialogue does have a queasily tinge to it, but it nevertheless obviously is simply about two men and two women. Mr. Albee has scotched this rumor partly,

The Cast

WHO'S AFRAID OF VIRGINIA WOOLF? written and directed by Edward Albee. Set in a house in Washington, D.C. Costumes by Jane Greenwood. Music by Mark Wier. Produced by Ken Kozlowski and James Scott Productions Inc. In association with A.P. Inc. by arrangement with Richard Berry and C.P. Inc. at the Music Box, 227 West 45 Street.

Martha..... Colleen Dewhurst
George..... Ben Gazzara
Honey..... Maureen Anderson
Nick..... Richard Kaitan

perhaps largely, by his casting—for the sparks that ignite, smolder and fly from Miss Dewhurst and Mr. Gazzara are strictly heterosexual. They are, when all is played out and washed up, a man and a woman transparently, and even, in a burnt-out way, passionately in love with each other.

Miss Dewhurst and Mr. Gazzara, as the principal antagonists in this marital Welpurgisnacht, are faultless. With a raspy, gn-faked voice and subterranean chuckles, Miss Dewhurst is like a little girl lost in middle-aged baby fat. Yet her sexuality, through her gleaming eyes, fierce nostrils, the very stance of her body in its bulging jeans, is unmistakable and undeniable.

As the other hostage to the sexual crisis, Mr. Gazzara plays the hero, if such he be, with a sardonic jauntiness and an emasculated, yet still nostalgic, virility. A gelding with memories. His body, trim and taut, goes beautifully with Miss Dewhurst's and together they seem a perfect misalliance locked in love and despair. Maureen Anderson is deliciously and brandy-sodden silly as the dim little rich girl, while Richard Kaitan is convincingly unpleasant as her ambitious pseudo-stud of a husband. With an agreeably seedy setting by William Rittman and aptly witty costumes by Jane Greenwood, the play does, with this staging and these performances, emerge not merely better than ever, but possibly a great deal less mysterious. It is just a bloodfest with wit and feeling, and just because the characters are called George and Martha it is not meant to be a symbolic inquiry on the state of the Union. It is merely dirty family fun.

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Best Art Direction
Best Cinematography
Best Scoring—Adaptation



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starring RYAN O'NEAL and MARISSA BERENSON

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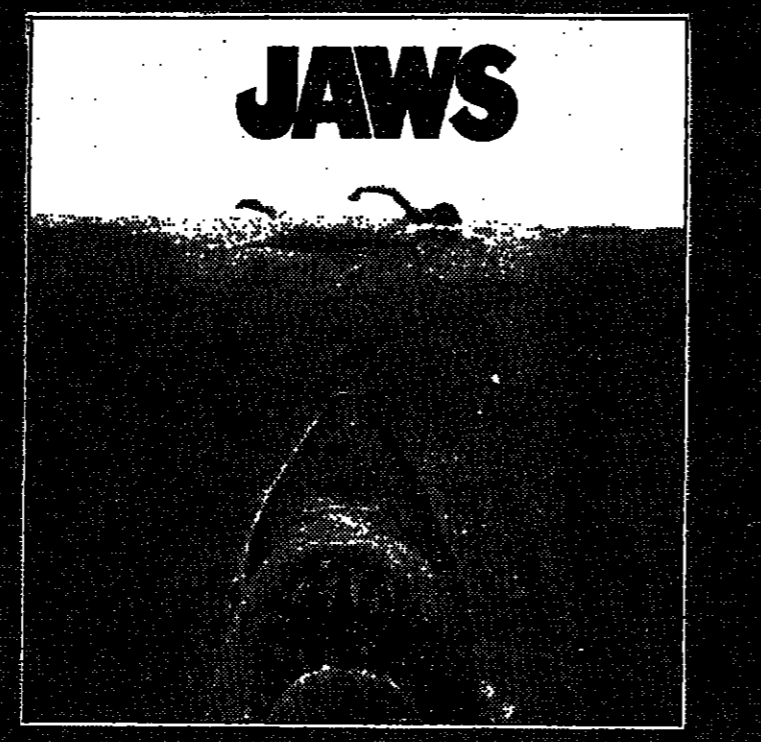
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SILVERLIGHT'S JAZZ FULL OF EXCESSES

There ought to be someone hovering over jazz musicians who would say, "Enough, already!" This would spare many jazzmen from burying themselves in extended grandiosity, and it might also salvage such potentially good groups as Barry Miles and Silverlight, now appearing at the Village Vanguard, from the onus of their excesses.

All four of the musicians who make up Silverlight show provocative, even compelling qualities. But the two most prominent members—Barry Miles, who plays electric keyboard, acoustic piano and synthesizer, and Harvie Swartz, a bassist—seize every solo opportunity and, instead of nurturing the potential, hang on and on until they eventually strangle it. Victor Juris, the group's guitarist, who joined up only a few weeks ago, is more modest and, as a result, comes off in considerably better fashion.

But the most impressive performer in the group is Terry Silverlight, Mr. Miles' younger brother (the family name is Silverlight, a drummer, who spends the evening totally obscured behind a huge column. He takes very little solo time, but he is the driving, motivating force behind the group through everything it plays.

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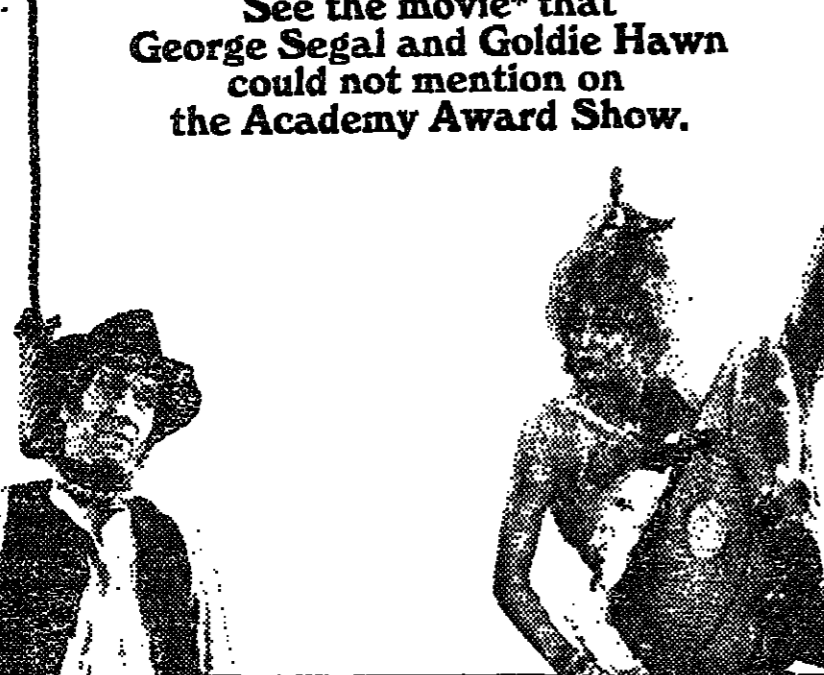
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The Opera: 'Ashmedai' by City Troupe

Work by Josef Tal Is at State Theater

By HAROLD C. SCHONBERG

Add to your list of operas with devils: "Ashmedai" by Josef Tal. It was composed in 1971 and had its American premiere last night at the New York State Theater. Mr. Tal is an Israeli composer and is considered one of the avant-gardists there. But if this opera is representative of his work, his avant-garde proclivities do not extend much beyond Alban Berg's "Wozzeck" which had its premiere about 50 years ago.

Perhaps the most interesting thing about "Ashmedai" is its libretto. Ashmedai is a devil, one of the princes of hell (in the Christian demonology he would be known as Asmodeus). In the libretto by Israel Eliraz (sung to an English version by Alan Marble) he makes a deal with a king to take over the realm for one year. The king, confident in his people, goes along with the game, only to find that demagoguery triumphs over logic. His people gladly follow Ashmedai to disaster. At the end, they destroy themselves.

What Mr. Eliraz is telling us is that only man is vile. The libretto is a literary conception, an allegory of the Final Solution, of racism and hatred. Law, the clergy, the military—these are only figureheads, to be manipulated by the force of evil.

Strong stuff, this, and Mr. Tal has set it in an expressionistic manner in this production at the New York City Opera. "Ashmedai" is modern opera, in which the play is much more important than the music. There are a few arias and ensembles, but for the most part, the vocal line is declamation, while most of the music comes from orchestral background effects.

There is electronic music, too. Just as Mr. Tal's musical

The Cast

ASHMEDAI, opera in two acts by Josef Tal. Libretto by Israel Eliraz. English translation by Alan Marble. Conducted by Gary Bertini. Staged by Harold Prince. Sets designed by Eugene Lee. Costumes designed by Franze Lee. Choreography by Ron Field. Lighting by Tom Billington. Director of electronic sound, Edward Harrison. American premiere by the New York City Opera of the New York State Theater.

Queen of Inn Patricia Craig
Daughter Gianna Pionardi
Alim John Lankston
Ashmedai John Lankston
Son Richard Taylor
Sister David Bonson
First Councillor David Griffith
2d Councillor Thomas Jamerson
3d Councillor David Bonson
Eunuch Irwin Danson
Cleric Howard Harniss
1st Soldier Howard Harniss
2d Soldier Gary Pool (Duboff)
Officer Robert Fisher
Fire Chief Alan Baker

idiom is in the "Wozzeck" style, so his ideas of electronic music are altogether conservative. There are effects rather than any imaginative use of the new medium. What is most troublesome is the fact that Mr. Tal's vocal settings, with their textbook Bergian disjunct leaps, make verbal intelligibility impossible. A libretto as strong as "Ashmedai" deserves to be understood, but precious little came through last night.

The production was ingenious. Harold Prince, the celebrated Broadway artisan, directed the opera, and his was one of the really imaginative concepts of the evening. He handled "Ashmedai" as a play, and clarified the symbolism by a succession of neat touches. In this he was aided by the stark scenery by Eugene Lee (mostly bleached wood with a few effective props), costumes by Franze Lee and choreography by Ron Field. The choreography, mostly for five soldiers, may have been inspired by the Kurt Jooss of "The Green Table," but it beautifully pointed up the action.

The cast was admirable. John Lankston as Ashmedai and Paul Ukena as the King were brilliant singing actors, with the stress on acting. Too bad that Mr. Tal's vocal settings did not allow the meaning of the words to emerge in higher relief. Also

Police Aide and Bodyguard Assassinated in Argentina

BUENOS AIRES, April 1 (UPI)—Assassins armed with machine guns today shot and killed a high-ranking federal police official and his bodyguard, defying the new military junta's crackdown on terrorists.

It was the second such attack this week.

Several men in a truck ambushed Chief Inspector Anselmo Linardi and his police driver-bodyguard, a corporal, as they were leaving the Linardi home in a Buenos Aires suburb.

On Monday Chief Inspector Guillermo Pavon was killed and his chauffeur wounded in a similar attack.

Five policemen and two private guards have been killed since the military junta took over the government from President Isabel Martinez de Peron on March 24.

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Sessions 'Montezuma' Comes to U.S.

By JOHN ROCKWELL
Special to The New York Times

BOSTON, April 1 — The prevailing impression one is left with of Roger Sessions' massive opera "Montezuma," which received its American premiere at the Orpheum Theater here last night, is of high-minded seriousness.

The libretto, based on Bernadine de Castellio's extraordinary chronicle of Hernán Cortez's expedition to Aztec Mexico, deals with the utmost solemnity with a collision of two barbaric cultures and the need for a "compact universal." Mr. Sessions' music is a deliberately ecumenical blend of styles and influences, bent with incontrovertible strength of purpose into a unified style. And the production by Sarah Caldwell and her Opera Company of Boston, represents the fruition of a 12-year-old dream and was an ambitious attempt to present a piece that offers huge difficulties on every imaginable level.



Brent Ellis, right, is Cortez; Richard Lewis is Montezuma, and Phyllis Bryn-Julson sings the role of Malinche in this scene from the opera by Roger Sessions.

That said, the evening was not a triumphant success. It was eminent, respectable, but that couldn't compensate for the boredom. And the librettist, G. Antonio Borgese, Mr. Sessions and Miss Caldwell all deserve their share of blame.

Mr. Borgese's libretto has its virtues as a statement of noble ideas, and its stodgy construction at least has a precedent in the epic theater of Brecht, Claudel and even Cocteau.

Malinche, the Indian princess-turned-slave who shuttles between the fairly noble Cortez and the supremely noble Montezuma, gets most of the part's joke lines. "Not forbidden to the slave; whose ravine-torn path her woe-drunken will shall pave," she warbles at one point. Or, "So comes the day when wail and stray sees Light and Way."

Great music has often redeemed problematic works in opera, but this is pushing it. Mr. Sessions' music may not prove redemptive for himself, but it has warned against making snap decisions about difficult new music. The basic idiom of "Montezuma" is the sort of personalized serialism to which Mr. Sessions moved with ever greater decisiveness after his early neoclassical days. But this is far from the specifically

Viennese expressionism of Schoenberg and Berg, and it is mixed with a plethora of exoticism from the large and active percussion battery.

At its best, as in two ritual dances and Montezuma's final monologue, the music reaches out overtly to a general audience. But on a first full hearing, at length it seems too convoluted, crabbed and complex for its own operatic good.

As ever, Miss Caldwell and her designers, Herbert Senn and Helen Pond, had to contend with the absurdly shal-

low stage and limited facilities of the Orpheum Theater. The basic set consisted of two movable white geometric shapes and a number of drops, and the action occasionally expanded to ramps and balconies adjacent to the main stage. There were slides and projections (sometimes of key words of text) and an ingenious use of enlarged silhouette. And there were often spectacular costumes, with Delina Vargas's Aztec concoctions especially impressive (even if they were sometimes undermined by silly pink tights).

For the cast, however, there could be little but praise, down to the many small parts. Richard Lewis looked a bit sad-sackish but sang Montezuma's music with his characteristic sensitivity, and Brent Ellis made a stirring Cortez. Donald Gram handled the overlong narrator's role confidently and Phyllis Bryn-Julson brought her customary accuracy of pitch and purity of line to Malinche's music.

The performance will be repeated tomorrow and Monday evening and Sunday afternoon.

Background of Opera First Staged in 1964

Roger Sessions' opera "Montezuma" dates back some 40 years. In the 1930's G. Antonio Borgese, a Sicilian novelist, playwright and refugee from Fascist Italy, traveled to Mexico. On his return he conveyed his enthusiasm for the history of that country to his friend, Mr. Sessions, who then went to Mexico himself with the "Montezuma" subject in mind. Four years later, in

1941, Mr. Borgese sent the composer what Mr. Sessions recently called "an enormous text" in four acts.

After the librettist's death, in 1952, Mr. Sessions and Mr. Borgese's widow, who was Thomas Mann's daughter, continued to cut and revise the libretto, which was put into final shape in 1959. Mr. Sessions composed the score by 1962, and the opera received its first performance

on April 19, 1964, at West Berlin's Deutsche Oper.

Despite generally respectful reviews, the opera received no further productions before Sarah Caldwell's effort on Wednesday. Part of the problem is the sheer size of it—a huge cast of singers, chorus, dancers and a gigantic orchestra, all amounting to 490 pages of full score and, by the composer's calculation, 250,000 notes.

JOHN ROCKWELL

Out of the Woodstock, Hiss and Chambers

By JOHN LEONARD

Once more, the pas de deux of Whittaker Chambers and Alger Hiss—the bad teeth, the old Ford, the Bokheim, the hollow pumpkin, Woodstock typewriters moving around in the night like cats.

Another tendentious book on the famous case has just been published—"Alger Hiss: The True Story" by John Chabot Smith (Holt, Rinehart & Winston, \$15). Mr. Smith, who covered both perjury trials in 1949-50 for The New York Herald Tribune, belongs to the Polemair school. That is, the fixed center of his universe is the innocence of Mr. Hiss. All else revolves around this blamelessness. If there are irregularities of orbit, peculiar motions in the evidentiary stars, wobbles of fact, he will explain them away with a web of ingenious could-have-might-have-beens, a net of pretzels.



Whittaker Chambers

Later this year, Allen Weinstein, a Smith College professor of history, will publish his account, "Perjury: The Hiss-Chambers Conflict." After examining the papers of the Hiss defense team and the pertinent Federal Bureau of Investigation files, Mr. Weinstein is convinced that Mr. Hiss "stole the documents in question and that Whittaker Chambers told the truth."

Not surprisingly, Mr. Weinstein has reviewed Mr. Smith's book, and savaged it. Rather surprisingly, he did so for the April 1 issue of "The New York Review of Books." Since The New York Review is usually perceived to be for the American left, what Jane's Fighting Ships is for navy buffs, one might have expected more sympathy for Mr. Hiss in its pages. Not so here, as we shall see, was it ever so.

view that the art historian Meyer Shapiro roughed up another of Mr. Hiss's advocates in 1967. Dr. Meyer A. Zeligs had concluded in "Friendship and Fratricide" that Chambers was a psychopathic personality because of childhood traumas, which is why he told lies. Mr. Shapiro, who had known Chambers for most of his adult life, disagreed at length. And what about the childhood traumas of Mr. Hiss—a father and a sister who both committed suicide, an older brother who died young?

This is not a review of the books and articles on the Hiss case. Having been Zeligized, Cruise O'Briened, Jewitized and Cooked, one would prefer on the whole to review ex-wives or Philadelphia. The ineffable is tedious. But it should be worth thinking about why so many literary intellectuals, against the ideological grain, have sided with Chambers, who would have embarrassed them at their dinner parties. To be sure, they do not seem to have liked him—ambivalence is their hobby horse—but they believed and were fascinated by him. In some significant way, he was more "real" than Hiss to them, and not only because he was so much better a writer.

Trilling has Chambers-Maxim declare that "the Renaissance is dead," which is much the same thing as saying that the Enlightenment and the 19th-century novel are dead: "The supreme act of the humanistic intelligence—it perceives the cogency of the argument and acquiesces in the fact of its own extinction." Mr. Kempton, thinking about Communists, suggests: "It may or may not be debatable whether a man can live without God, but, if it were possible, we should pass a law forbidding a man to live without a sense of sin."

Risk of Zeligsizing

Indeed, thinking about the 1930's, Mr. Kempton is eloquent: "We were, most of us, fleeing the reality that man is alone upon this earth. We ran from a fact of solitude to a myth of community. That myth failed us because the moments of test come more often when we are alone and far from home and even the illusion of community is not here to sustain us. . . . Whittaker Chambers cried out that he had left the winning side for the losing one, not as an expression of historical prophecy, but, because he believed, in his Communist phase, that he was part of a great company; and he knew, in his apostasy, that he was all alone."

At the risk of Zeligsizing, one is tempted to suggest that Chambers enthralled a number of literary intellectuals because he exemplified the anthero they were teaching in their courses on the literature of Modernism: the rampant self, the "spoiled priest," the extravagant sinner, the underground, outsider, stranger. According to the anthero, community is a fraud, against the soul. We die alone. The translator of "Bambi" and the author of "witness" walked right out of Dostoevskij, Baudelaire, Kafka, Eliot and Joyce and into the classroom. "It seems," Chambers said, "as if, by the fretting of his red eyes, there arises a peculiar music; we do not know how." He was the text, as Mr. Hiss was the student. Sin is choice, a sort of freedom with consequences.

A man, wrote Chambers, might be murdered meaninglessly: "This reality cuts across our mind like a wound whose edges crave to heal, but cannot. Thus, one of the great sins, perhaps the great sin, is to say: It will heal; it has healed; there is no wound; there is something more important than this wound. There is nothing more important than this wound." The testimony of Chambers was read by many of us as if it were a novel by Camus or Mann, and reviewed by professors of Modernism as though, astonishingly, their lessons had come to life, were real, like the sun and the tiger and the lamb and the wound.

Man of Honor

As if two new books weren't enough, the late Lionel Trilling's only novel, "The Middle of the Journey," was reprinted in paperback last month (Avon, \$3.95) and will be reissued in hardcover next week (Scribner's, \$8.95). It originally appeared in 1947. One of its principal characters, Gifford Maxim, is clearly modeled on Chambers. Lionel Trilling acknowledged as much in an article published a year ago in "The New York Review of Books"—which is now the introduction to the new edition of the novel.

That Trilling should put Chambers in a novel is mildly interesting should go out of his way to tell the readers of The New York Review that "it is still possible to say that he was a man of honor" that "in Whittaker Chambers there was much to befall, but nothing I know of him has ever led me to doubt his magnanimous intention," is much more interesting. He had chosen his cases. And it was also in the pages of The New York Re-

Identified With Gerontion

"Such peculiar birds are found only in the trees of the revolution," said Arthur Koestler of Chambers. "You have not come back from hell with empty hands," said André Malraux after "Witness." "He seems to have been, like Scott Fitzgerald's Jay Gatsby, the product of his own Platonic conception of himself," said Murray Kempton. In 1950, Leslie Fiedler wrote: "Something in his temperament seems to have greeted the prospect of self-immolation even before he entered what the Communists mean by the 'under-

ground," he had been, in the Dostoevskian sense, an underground man, his own enemy. It had apparently pleased him to take the final step, to become one whose death it would be forbidden to notice." "A tragic comedian," said Trilling.

Like Trilling, they were putting him into a novel, although it was a novel written by somebody else. Mr. Kempton went so far as to put him and Mr. Hiss in a novel by Ellen Glasgow, "The Sheltered Life." Chambers would not have approved. He considered himself "the horrid heat of historicity." He identified with Gerontion: "Not proud company this side of the Stars." His notes were Rilke ("every angel is terrible") and Lorca ("on awaiting, with a little patience, the black angel"). At the end of his life, he was learning Chinese, studying biology and explaining to anyone who would listen that Allen Ginsberg was the only genuine talent in the literary generation of the Beats.

He also had a sense of humor. To William F. Buckley Jr., he wrote during the Eisenhower days: "Mr. Dulles was in Peru (what on earth could have taken him there—hints from the Incas on how to lose an empire?). That aspect of him is not acknowledged by the literary intellectuals. Trilling speaks of 'a sensibility which was all too accessible to large solemnities and to the more facile parodies of spiritualities'; a mind 'too easily seduced into equating portentous utterance with truth,' 'a forbidding drabness.' Mr. Fiedler describes 'the informer driven to martyr himself and to harm those he still loved.' Mr. Kempton noticed 'the guilt of the man possessed by the sense of sin looking at the man who is still free from it.'"

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Film: A Widow Adopts

Hungarian Work Opens Modern Art Series

By VINCENT CANBY

Kata (Kati Berek) is 42 years old, a widow and in good health. She is a self-reliant woman, not given to sudden enthusiasms or rash decisions. She has adjusted to circumstances over which she has no control and though she is not wildly happy, things could be worse. She might not have any lover at all, for example, instead of Joska, played by Laszlo Szabo, who once a week, is amusing and kind and attentive, and who has never once led her to think he would leave his wife and children for her.

The Cast

ADOPCIÓN (Forobolesadna), directed by Marta Meszaros. Hungarian with English subtitles by Miss Meszaros and Gyula Heremendi. Director of cinematography, Lajos Koltai; music, György Kovács; producer, by Hanna Sándor. Running time, 94 minutes. At the Museum of Modern Art, 23d Street, west of Fifth Avenue. Kati Berek, Ana, György Vigh, György Vigh, Decker, Anad Perleby.

or, at least, as introspective as it is possible to be in a movie that does not attempt to crash through to the subconscious. In the center of the screen most of the time, in the close-ups favored by the director, is the fine, angular, expressive face of Miss Berek, who may remind you of Annie Girardot, minus the mannerisms Miss Girardot has been using lately.

Screen: 'Salsa' Medley

Latin Rhythms Linked by Pompous Narration

By RICHARD EDER

"Salsa" is an 80-minute record jacket. Fania Records Inc., the biggest name in Latin American pop music in New York, has assembled a number of singers and musicians to perform their Caribbean rhythms—loosely known as "Salsa"—before some under-wooded cameras.

The Cast

SALSA, a musical film directed by Jerry Mancusi and Leon Casti produced by Mr. Mancusi. Narration written by Mr. Mancusi. Mr. Casti and Mr. Mancusi distributed by Fania Records Inc. At the New Embassy 46th Street Theater. Running time: 80 minutes. WITH Celia Cruz, Manu Dibango, Bobby Cruz, Jose Feliciano, Mickey Rourke, Ray Barretto, Willie Colón, Larry Harlow, Johnny Pacheco, Jilly Rauscher, Santos Colón, Gerardo Rivera and others.

Dance: Limón's 'Isadora'

By ANNA KISSELGOLF

"Dances for Isadora," one of José Limón's last works, was also one of his most controversial. In this danced essay about Isadora Duncan, Limón painted a graphic image of Isadora at the end of her career—a dissolute figure confronted with the hopes of her beginnings.

The formula is direct. In 1971, Limón created five solos, each danced to Chopin and referring to a period in Isadora's personal life and a specific phase in her artistic career. "Primavera" shows the young dancer, bare-legged, in a short green chiffon tunic. Nina Watt's local debut in the solo on this occasion was absolutely remarkable and so fancifully missing in the part.

The Cast

It was a younger José Limón who created the "Concerto Grosso" to Vivaldi in 1945. It is a pleasant pure-dance work with motifs of Baroque dance, but is also full of the weight shifts and curves that speak of Doris Humphrey's influence upon Limón. Robyn Cutler, Gary Masters and Miss Steinberg danced it nicely if carefully.

Airline Steward Is Knifed By Passenger Over Europe

VIENNA, April 1 (UPI)—A passenger knifed a steward on a KLM Dutch airlines jet today, forcing the plane to make an unscheduled landing at Vienna airport, a KLM spokesman said.

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Restaurant Reviews

pretentious Elegance and Good Food But, Please, Don't Everyone Rush In

By JOHN CANADAY

your taxi blocks traffic on overparked New York cross of somebody in the car in you leans out of the windows at you while you fumble at what do you expect? Nor little picturesquely phrased advice about where to go to Last week while we abling outside 168 East 81st returned, instead, felicitations man in the car behind, who ut and said: "You're in the s, bud. It's a great little restaur-

three might imply a more elaborate menu than is offered. The last thing Pinocchio needs is any stars at all. After a year of operation as a neighborhood restaurant it is pretty well filled at night after night. We heard about it from a friend in North Carolina. No New Yorker would have been careless enough to give pews of this pleasant and, at the moment, quiet little restaurant to a reviewer.

Pinocchio asks especially, on the menu, "Please, no credit cards or personal checks." And although there are three chairs tucked off in a corner where you might sit and wait, a reservation is the only thing that makes

and one rather dim star awarded on the basis that you can get generous quantities of better than average restaurant food here at less than average cost.

This, by the way, is strictly a warm weather recommendation. In cold weather a draft sweeps through every nook and cranny of the place whenever the door is opened.

Le Petit Pavillon has no recognizable connection with its defunct namesake—no style in the décor and service, no subtlety in the kitchen. But its patrons apparently have a basis (other than hearty appetites) for the enjoyment of food since almost everyone comes in carrying a bottle of wine. The restaurant offers only beers and ciders. Bringing your own wine is, of course, another big help in economical dining. You save not only the mark-up, but an additional 8 percent on the sales tax and even more on the tip.

To recommend special dishes is not easy since the menu, chalked on a blackboard, changes from day to day. To give you a general idea, we recently had the daily special, chicken ratatouille—generous chunks of chicken breast with large quantities of stewed eggplant, zucchini and tomato on top of rice, with potato soup as a beginner, an enormous lettuce salad on the side, an enormous slab of good cherry cobbler with real whipped cream on top for dessert, and coffee, all included in the price of \$6.25. Less impressive, but still a bargain, was a pretty good clam sauce over spaghetti, with salad only, for \$4.

Salad seems to come with everything. Vegetables turn up erratically, sometimes on your check, sometimes not. We had a really great half a roast chicken for \$4 once, but paid for everything else except salad, which meant 75 cents for a potato soup, \$1.25 for an apple tart (very good) and 50 cents for espresso, which has come on other occasions without charge.

The food is freshly prepared and generously thrown onto your plate but would taste better if thrown on with a bit more style. No doubt it would cost more, so there you are. After all, when two people can eat too much for \$12.30 after tax, as we did the other night, with the total only slightly raised by tip and our own inexpensive wine, that's not bad. Maybe we'd better brighten that single star a little, after all.

Pinocchio (★★), 168 East 81st Street, 850-1813. Credit cards: None. Price range: A la carte menu with entrees \$4.95 to \$7.95 (vegetable or salad included); plate of the day \$6.50 to \$7.95 (vegetable and salad included). Hours: Tuesday through Thursday, 8 to 10 P.M.; Friday and Saturday, 8:30 to 10 P.M.; Sunday, 5 to 10 P.M.; closed Monday. Reservations: Recommended.

La Petit Pavilion (★), 1409 York Avenue (at 75th Street), 534-9987. Credit cards: None. Price range: A la carte menu for lunch with entrees \$1.50 to \$3.75 (vegetable and salad included); complete lunch \$1.50 to \$4; a la carte menu for dinner with entrees \$2.50 to \$5.75 (vegetable and salad included); complete dinner and Sunday special \$3.50 to \$7.50. Hours: Monday through Friday for lunch, 11:30 A.M. to 2:30 P.M.; for dinner Monday through Friday, 5:30 to 11 P.M.; Saturday and Sunday, 6 to 10 P.M. Reservations: Necessary for large parties.

The restaurants reviewed here each Friday are rated four stars to none, based on the author's reaction to cuisine, atmosphere and price in relation to comparable establishments. Roughly, one star means good, two very good, three excellent and four extraordinary.

Some. It would also make sense to wait a couple of weeks before trying for a but, somehow people never do that.

The briefest comment on Le Petit Pavillon, 1409 York Avenue at 75th Street, would be "Petit, yes; Pavilion, no," but a visit can be recommended,

on hand also with data about home-garden planting. The building's popular Shop in the Garden will also be open for plant purchases and is stocked with books and other items of interest to green-thumb visitors.

The New York Botanical Garden, with its 230 acres of greenery and admission-free policy, is in Bronx Park just north of the Bronx Zoo and across from Fordham Road. It's easily accessible 1840 Snuff Mill is open all day for cafeteria-style snacks, and picnic tables are set up throughout the grounds. Daily visiting hours are 10 A.M. until 30 minutes after dark. CHOICE CUTS Abel Gance's 4½-hour silent film

Josephine), has its first commercial American showing with English titles, on Sunday at noon, 4:35 and 9:05 P.M. at the Carnegie Hall Cinema. Tomorrow's program combines "Dr. Strangelove" (1964) and "M*A*S*H" (1970).

"Grand Illusion" (1936) is the Classic Film Club feature tomorrow at 8 P.M. in Warburg Hall of the 92d Street Y.M.-Y.W.H.A., off Lexington Avenue; admission by contribution. Nicholas Ray's "Johnny Guitar" (1954), with Joan Crawford, Sterling Hayden and Mercedes McCambridge, which has won fame as an eccentric, Freudian western, is being shown on Monday at 8 P.M. in the New School study series at the Fifth Avenue Cinema, near 12th Street; admission \$3.

It's Hedy Lamarr time Sunday through Tuesday at the downtown Theater, 80 St. Marks (254-7400), off First Avenue. The program co-stars the actress with Charles Boyer in "Algiers" (1938), her Hollywood debut—and who could forget the first glimpse of that face under a Casbah lamp?—and opposite Walter Pidgeon in the amusing melodrama "White Cargo" (1942).

For today's Entertainment Events listing, see Page 25. For Sports, see Page 12. HOWARD THOMPSON



Hedy Lamarr

epic from France, "Bonaparte" (1927), starring Albert Dieudonné (with the 16-year-old Annabella as a maid to

dition there is usually a daily which is fish on Thursdays. On one of our visits it ched striped bass al broedto, would hardly have been better, as it was \$6.50. Another daily was loin lamb chops Albruko ing beans and green salad, at

can begin with a great little r less than \$2 or with antipasti n from \$1 to \$2.75. Among sponata (\$1.50), vegetables very cooked and spicily marinated, us, as so good on our first it we ordered them as a side th the entree on subsequent

g desserts, it was difficult to an zucchini with fresh straw- (\$1.75) to make further explora- (handy cake (\$1.25). 's no bar, but there's a limited, inexpensive wines, among which much liked the Orvieto.

ine, décor and service, Pinoc- a deceptive surface simplicity ds up to unpretentious ele- wo stars seem inadequate, but

GOING OUT Guide

IT HEAR IT La a large elegant nt in the Roosevelt adison Avenue, at est comes by it murally on at least nts: it has Contem- r guide. It also has a smiling, bundle y named, George y who immediately equests, and then k for an eye Cole and you get an in- glade.

om was formerly the t Grill, where Guy 3 was enthroned for u enter through the ain door and turn e. Right again, in- restaurant is the cocktail lounge with rand by the bar. mention of Porter at the keyboard for ighly 15 minutes, e intermittent sing- leasant sonor. The- Let's do some more ere good and bid- ember You." "I, Re- April." "Yes. All "My Old Flame" spy People." "Soon,

"My Romance," "I See Your Face Before Me," "Evelyn" and "By Strauss" (by Garshwin). Mr. Parker played a lyrical tune called "Angel Eyes." "No, that's not the Duke," it's by Matt Dennis—but this is. He played "Prelude to a Kiss" and closed the set with the Kreisler waltz "Stars in My Eyes," and another waltz—the least-known tune from "My Fair Lady"—"The Embassy Waltz."

The pianist performs every night but Friday from 5 to 11 P.M. GREENUP PREVIEW Tomorrow's "Salute to Spring" program from 10 A.M. to 2 P.M. at the New York Botanical Garden (933-1422) offers a behind-the-scenes tour of new production greenhouses with garden staff members showing a variety of unusual orchids, ferns, cacti and geraniads. There's a fee of 50 cents for adults and 25 cents for children under 12 years and the elderly. Demonstrations of vegetable gardening in the rotunda of the museum building are scheduled between 1 and 4 P.M.; experts will be

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John Canaday N.Y. Times, Apr. 18, 75 Maria's Villa d'Este French Cuisine Dinner 7-11:30 P.M. Reservations PL 9-4025 58 East 56th Street, New York 2. No. 1. FREE PARKING @ 6

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The B Vitamins . . . Part II

ON VITAMIN B₆ (PYRIDOXINE)

"The sleeping giant of nutrition"

PUBLISHER'S NOTE: At intervals over the coming year we plan to give you a complete series of reports on the B vitamins, the so-called "nerve vitamins" of which this one is the second. An understanding of the B vitamins importance and their possible deficiency in one's diet are something we think you will find most helpful.

—Richard Stanton

With the cooperation of 64 urologists and 149 of their private patients, investigators from the Laboratory for Stone Research at Harvard recently turned up a striking finding.

Just one urinary stone can be an all-too-memorable affair, producing back pain, or renal colic with its agonizing intermittent pain in flank or kidney area radiating across the abdomen. It may produce nausea, vomiting, abdominal distention, and chills and fever as well.

The 149 patients didn't have just one stone. They were chronic urinary stone formers. They were selected for a special study because they had histories, in every case, of stone formation dating back five years.

They were given 10 milligrams of vitamin B₆ (also known as pyridoxine) to take daily, along with 300 milligrams of ascorbic acid. The study went on for more than 4½ years. And although some of the patients was known to be outrightly deficient in B₆, stone production decreased from an average of 1.3 stones per patient per year before treatment to 0.10 stones per patient per year. Last in 1974, the investigators reported that the treatment not only was effective, it was "convenient, well-tolerated, inexpensive, and completely harmless."

It was another new use for B₆.

Dr. Peter E. L. Sr. and Graduate SF: Magnesium Oxide-Pyridoxine Therapy for recurrent calcium oxalate calculi. Journal of Urology, 112:28, 1974.

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Notes on People

Freedom Medal for Rubinstein

"One of our national treasures" was how Arthur Rubinstein was described by President Ford yesterday as he presented the 89-year-old pianist with the Medal of Freedom, the nation's highest civilian award, in the East Room of the White House. Mr. Rubinstein tried to blush but failed.

"It is not deserved," fingering the gold star, pinned on his breast pocket, "but it is so good to feel it." A native of the now-Russian city of Lodz when it was in Poland, Mr. Rubinstein bowed to "my President" and said, "I blush orally because my old age doesn't allow me to blush on my face."

Besides Betty Ford and Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger, guest at the ceremony included ambassadors of a dozen countries as well as musical and theatrical figures such as Helen Hayes, Van Cliburn, Antal Dorati, John Steinyaw of the piano company and Mr. Rubinstein's son, John, the actor.

In Rochester yesterday, 28-year-old Merrill Bittner became the second of 11 women who were controversially ordained as priests to leave the Episcopal Church. The other was Marie Moorefield of Topeka, Kan., who took a Methodist church assignment several months ago. Miss Bittner, defying diocesan orders, had celebrated communion and other priestly duties for a "church in exile" and a women's prison project. Expressing doubt that she would poise another denomination, she called her own "a brutally negligent institution in its refusal to fully accept and affirm the women in its midst."

Archibald MacLeish, the 83-year-old former Librarian of Congress, went from the Conway, Mass., farm where he lives with his wife, Ada, to read at the library in Washington this week from his poems and plays. When the triple Pulitzer Prize-winner read from galley proofs of one of two books to be published this year, the audience especially applauded a poem about Cambodia, Laos and Vietnam—"three names in a secret file in a locked room."

Bridge: Charity Tournament Draws Some Experts From Abroad

By ALAN TRUSCOTT

Experts from all parts of North America, plus a few from farther afield, are gathering here today, preparing to play in the Cavendish Club's second annual international charity Celta tournament, aiding the Children's Cancer Fund.

Play will be at 1:30 P.M. and 7:30 P.M. tomorrow, Saturday and Sunday at the club's premises, 680 Madison Avenue.

Limited Accommodation will be available for spectators, who will be asked to contribute \$10 per session to the charity.

The field may be the strongest ever assembled in New York City for a pair event. The foreign contestants include Alberto Calvo and Jeff Hand of Panama, who were second last year; David Berah and Francis Vernon of Venezuela; Irving Rose and John Forro of England; Eric Kolkish and George Mittelmann of Canada; Miguel Regoyadas and Luis Sneider of Mexico; Dr. Ralph St. Luce and Larry Wong of Jamaica, and Mario Saperti, of Italy, playing with Amos Kaminski of New York.

It is from U.S. About 20 of the 80 players competing can be regarded as serious candidates for international honors in the future. And there are 12 players, mainly from New York, who have represented the United States in world team competition: Sam Stayman, Ira Rubin, B. Jay Becker, Dorothy Hayden Truscott, Michael Becker, Harold Ogust, Bill Grieve, Victor Mitchell and Howard Schenker, all of New York; Oswald Jacoby and Bob Wolff, both of Dallas, and Bill Eisenberg of Los Angeles.

Eisenberg is a former New Yorker who has had an outstanding record in recent years. On the diagrammed deal from the Vanderbilt Cup final in Kansas City, Mo., two weeks ago, he sensed the right moment to extract a heavy penalty from some incautious opponents.

It was the last quarter of the match, and Eisenberg's team was facing a heavy deficit. He held the East cards, and could well have bid one heart when his partner's opening bid of one diamond was doubled by North. However, he chose to pass, hoping that the opponents would get into trouble. They proceeded to oblige.

South was forced to respond to the double, and reluctantly showed his feeble four-card club suit. He would have bid a major suit at the one-level if he could, so two clubs strongly suggested a five-card opening. Relying on this, North raised to three clubs over two diamonds, a somewhat rash move that received its just punishment when Eisenberg as East produced a double.



Arthur Rubinstein whispering into Betty Ford's ear before ceremony in the East Room of the White House.

ner read from galley proofs of one of two books to be published this year, the audience especially applauded a poem about Cambodia, Laos and Vietnam—"three names in a secret file in a locked room."

In a chat off the podium, Mr. MacLeish, who also served with the World War II Office of War Information and the State Department, said he wrote only one poem while Librarian of Congress from 1939 to 1944. "There

were two reasons," he said. "Mr. [Franklin D.] Roosevelt's idea that you could run the library while staying in the morning turned out not to be true. Then he thought up the Office of Facts and Figures, and he thought I could run that in what spare time I had left."

Asserting that disarmament requires priority over all other problems of mankind, Andrei Sakharov said in a message to an international disarmament forum in Britain that disarmament could not be achieved "by isolating the issue from other aspects of détente." The dissident Soviet physicist, calling for "mutual trust," said it was necessary "to reject forever the obsessional fear of spies—in the world of the future, there should be no place for notions such as 'military secrets,' 'secret works' or 'publications forbidden because of their secrecy.'"

Peter Lisagor has been named to receive the 27th annual journalistic award of the William Allen White Foundation at the University of Kansas in Lawrence. The foundation said in a statement, "a Washington correspondent of Mr. Lisagor's standing [was] a timely choice in this election year." The 60-year-old television personality and former foreign correspondent has reported for The Chicago Daily News for more than 30 years and has headed its Washington bureau since 1959. The White Award ceremony, usually held in the spring, will be postponed until fall because Mr. Lisagor is ill.

In New Zealand, Prime Minister Robert D. Muldoon welcomed Vice President Rockefeller yesterday but sides said the agenda would also include a ministerial reminder of the national "disappointment" over American import limits on New Zealand beef. Mr. Rockefeller and his wife, Betsy—accompanied by her youngest daughter, 16-year-old Madeline Murphy—will end their six-country Bicentennial tour tomorrow and go to Tahiti on their way back to Washington.

Princess Grace of Monaco has paid about \$37,000 for a thatched Irish cottage, the birthplace of her late grandfather, the immigrant John Kelly, known as "Big Jack." For 50 years the two-bedroom cottage in County Mayo was the home of Ellen Mulchrone, aged 83, who has moved to a nursing home. The two women had corresponded since the former actress and Prince Rainier visited the 35-acre farm on a 1961 state tour. Dublin lawyers for the Princess said she may build an addition to the cottage and use it for occasional vacations.

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Beam Treatments Reverse Diabetic Blindness

By HAROLD M. SCHMECK JR.
Special to The New York Times

NEW YORK, April 1—Evolution of the other eye is being considered for the patients who have already had treatment in one eye. The decision is to be made on an individual basis, depending on the particular patient's condition.

The treatment is by no means a panacea, said Dr. Matthew D. Davis, of the University of Wisconsin Medical School. He is chairman of the diabetic retinopathy study executive committee. The physician said the treatment was not always effective, had some drawbacks and did not offer a cure of the underlying biological problem.

Nevertheless, Dr. Davis said, a substantially larger number of untreated eyes were lost to the disease. The report said 16.3 percent of the untreated eyes followed for two years or more went blind while only 6.4 percent of treated eyes did so.

In some cases, patients whose eyes were treated lost some degree of visual acuity or some peripheral vision, but these defects are less disabling than complete blindness.

The study, to date, indicates that the treatment is helpful in moderately severe cases of retinopathy. The scientists who conceived the project today said the treatment was not recommended for patients with less severe forms of the eye condition, but patients in this category will be watched closely as the study progresses and treatment will be considered if the patients' conditions become worse.

Two different light sources are being tested in the project. One is a green argon laser light. The other is white xenon arc light. The entire study is expected to take 10 years.

Dr. Fredrickson said the N.I.H. is strongly committed to this kind of long-term, large-scale clinical trial involving patients at many different medical centers. As present, he said, about 31 such research projects are in progress each involving more than 1,000 patients. Many different areas of medical research are being pursued through such cooperative studies.

Plane Explosion Perils Nixon Home and A-Plant

SAN ONOFRE, Calif., April 1 (UPI)—A small plane exploded and crashed into the ocean between former President Richard M. Nixon's seaside estate and a nuclear power plant yesterday.

The bodies of at least two persons were found, the authorities said, but the destruction was so complete it could not be determined if there were any more victims.

The dead could not be identified and it was not immediately known where the plane, a Cessna 172, came from.

A highway patrol officer reported seeing the flash as the plane blew up before dawn. Wreckage rained into the ocean 300 yards offshore, about 1,000 yards north of the San Onofre nuclear power station and just south of Mr. Nixon's estate.

A Coast Guard cutter and helicopter and marine from Camp Pendleton were searching the wreckage.

AS LOW AS YOU CAN GO GET GOOD CROSSWORD PUZZLE

Edited by WILL WENG

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Dad, the Endangered Species

By ANATOLE BROYARD

FATHERING

By Maureen Green, 230 pages. McGraw-Hill, \$7.95.

In America today, says Maureen Green, the father may be an endangered species. He is being muscled out of his family by an increasingly competent and aggressive mother. Because he is not sure what his role is, he finds it difficult to defend himself. A palace revolution took place while he was at the office, and now he is the odd man out trying to get back in.

In "Fathering," Miss Green writes that it is partly his own fault, because he once made too much of a fuss over his role. When men first discovered the fact of biological paternity, "fatherhood became an ambition, a dream, involving ideas of creation and immortality." Men were so bemused by this dream that they often literally, locked women up in it. A wife was little more than the bed in which the dream began.

But "human fatherhood," as Margaret Mead remarked, "is a social invention." While motherhood is a palpable fact, fatherhood is only an inference. Protecting that inference obsessed fathers for centuries, and now they are paying for their egomania. As Bertrand Russell put it: "Love as a relation between men and women was ruined by the desire to make sure of the legitimacy of children." In some cultures women's faces were hidden by veils; in America, they were hidden by roles.

Role Needs Reinvention

This is largely because fathers who have been deprived of their children are beginning, in increasing numbers, to cry out in pain. In the United States, custody has been granted to the mother in 90 percent of all cases, even when the evidence overwhelmingly suggested that the father was better equipped emotionally to raise his son or daughter. Often, the child has been used by the mother as an instrument of emotional or economic blackmail.

Miss Green believes that the father's role should be reinvented. In her opinion, this is the best solution for all parties concerned. As George Gilder has pointed out, the single male makes up the most afflicted social group in our culture. Also, sociological studies do not support some feminists' position that children do not need dear old dad. Though it is a moot question, in these days of "self-fulfillment" and "authentic identity," whether any home is large enough for two adults swollen with self, the alternatives are apparently even worse.

Sharing Emotional Expense

"Fathering" argues that there is a kind of partiality that only parents can bring to a child, that children need someone to go to these unreasonable lengths for them. And it is easier for two people to give this kind of partiality to children. Perhaps one alone could not afford the emotional expenditure. Even if he or she could, it would not be the same, for as one psychologist says: "The biggest deprivation children suffer is not having been enjoyed by both parents." Miss Green adds that the biggest deprivation parents suffer is not enjoying their children.

In their understandable infatuation with feminism, women today have too many roles, in the author's view. Men, conversely, have too few. Perhaps they ought to divide up the spoils, more equitably this time. The subject of the relationship between the sexes, Miss Green believes, would benefit from a period of "benign neglect," that wantonly misunderstood phrase of Daniel P. Moynihan's. We might expect less of marriage, which has been absurdly distorted, and more of parenthood, which is one of the few social areas in which there is room for optimism.

"Fathering" is a splendidly balanced book. If Miss Green has any bias, it does not show. She is eminently reasonable, witty, full of information on her subject, free of crusading fervor. Her book is rich in mod and poignant facts, such as this one: After interviewing 7,000 strippers in the United States, two American sociologists reported that 60 percent of them came from fatherless homes. "In baring their bodies to the strangers," Miss Green surmises, "the strippers were possibly asking for the male attention that they had never found before." It would be pleasant to imagine father back in place and the situation amended: In a sleazy theater or nightclub, as the band plays a heavily accented version of "I've Got You Under My Skin" and a young woman stands naked with an impassive face, a middle-aged man runs up on to the stage and helps her put her clothes back on.

Court Dismisses Ticket-Fixing Case Against Levy

Continued From Page 1, Col. 4

Mr. Levy and Mr. Fratanni were convicted by a jury on Dec. 20, 1973, on charges of conspiracy, tampering with public records and obstruction of governmental administration.

But in February last year, Appellate Division of State Supreme Court reversed the conviction and ordered a new trial, in an opinion sharply critical of both Mr. Nadjari and the trial judge, John M. Murtagh.

The court held that the men should have been prosecuted on a charge of ticket-fixing. It also said Justice Murtagh had made "prejudicial" rulings from the bench.

The Bribery Case

Mr. Dondi, seeking dismissal of the bribery indictment obtained by the special prosecutor, argued that his case did not involve any "corrupt acts or omissions by a public servant."

Mr. Dondi had been indicted on a charge of bribing Police Officer James Golan to Association in Brooklyn. The issue a report on an automobile accident that would be favorable to his client. The officer had reported the bribe offer, or those receiving the favors and then, acting in cooperation with the special prosecutor, judges, Assemblymen and others active in politics.

Mr. Israel pleaded guilty to two misdemeanor charges, received a suspended sentence and testified against the two connected with the enforcement of law or with the administration of criminal justice." The justices said the matter properly belonged in the office of the Queens District Attorney.

A List of Recently Published Books

- GENERAL**
- C. G. Jung Letters: Vol. 2, 1951-1961, selected and edited by Gerhard Adler in collaboration with Aniela Jaffe, translations from the German by R. F. C. Hull (Bollingen Series XCIV-2; Princeton University, \$20).
 - Conversations With Marilyn, by W. J. Weatherly (Dutton/Chatter, \$7.95). Another view of Miss Monroe.
 - Enemy Salvos: Selected Literary Criticism by Wladimir Levis, edited with sectional introductions and notes by C. J. Fox, general introduction by C. H. Sisson (Barne's & Noble, \$17.95).
 - Humanomics: How We Can Make the Economy Serve Us—Not Destroy Us, by Eugen Loebel (Random House, \$6.95). In Favor of the Sensitive Man and
 - Other Essays, by Anais Nin (Harvest Paperbacks, Harcourt Brace Jovanovich, \$2.95).
 - Not by Politics Alone: The Other Lenin edited by Tamara Deutscher Lawrence Hill, Westport, Conn., \$4.95, paperback.
 - Selected writings by and about Lenin.
 - Psychic Side of Dreams, by Hans Holzer (Doubleday, \$7.95).
 - The Drama of the Oceans, by Elizabeth Mary Boyess (Abrams, \$25). With 139 illustrations, 108 in color.
 - The Marriage Savers, by Joanne and Lew Koch (Coward, McCann & Geoghegan, \$5.95). A report on sex therapists and marriage counselors.
 - The Robert Morley Bedside Reader, by Robert Morley (Henry Regnery, Chicago, \$7.95). Forty-four essays, reminiscences and travel.
 - The Secret Conversations of Henry Kissinger: Step-by-Step Diplomacy in the Middle East, by Matti Golan (Quadrangle/The New York Times Book Company, \$8.95).
 - The Story of the Augusta National Golf Club, by Clifford Roberts, illustrated (Doubleday, \$15).
 - Women in Television News, by William S. Goldman (Columbia University, \$7.95).
- FICTION**
- A Remarkable Case of Burglary, by R. F. Keating (Crime Club: Doubleday, \$3.95). A caper in Victorian England.
 - The Death of Opal Eves, by Jean W. Wesse (Doubleday, \$3.95). Romantic suspense story.

Cunningham Is Told to Testify by Court

By FRANK J. FRIAL

The State Court of Appeals ruled yesterday that the Democratic chairman, Patrick J. Cunningham, must testify before a special grand jury investigating political corruption in the Bronx.

Mr. Cunningham, Governor Carey's choice as state leader, was subpoenaed three months ago by the special state anti-corruption prosecutor, Maurice H. Nadjari, in connection with the alleged sale of judgeships in the Bronx.

Mr. Cunningham, who also is Democratic county chairman in the Bronx, had attempted unsuccessfully to have the subpoena quashed in the lower courts. Any future appeal will have to be in the Federal courts, according to lawyers familiar with the case.

"I haven't seen the Court of Appeals decision yet," Mr. Cunningham's lawyer, Gregory J. Perrin, said yesterday. "I don't know what we will do now, but I know we will continue to fight this thing."

Mr. Cunningham had resisted the subpoena because, he said, it was politically motivated. He said he would be forced to drop the state chairmanship because, under state law, he would be required to testify without the normal constitutional protection against self-incrimination.

Mr. Nadjari, who, in papers filed in support of his subpoena, called Mr. Cunningham "the principal at the center of a corrupt marketplace of judgeships," countered that Mr. Cunningham's appeals had been a delaying action designed to hold off his grand jury appearance until June 30, when Mr. Nadjari's job is scheduled to end.

In its ruling yesterday, the Court of Appeals took note of Mr. Cunningham's charges of harassment by Mr. Nadjari, in strong words, the court warned Mr. Nadjari that it could review the case later if there was any evidence that he had harassed witnesses, abused the grand jury or leaked grand jury proceedings to the press.

Mr. Nadjari had been accused in the past of leaking confidential information. He has denied this under oath.

Governor Carey, who tried to dismiss the controversial Mr. Nadjari several months ago and failed because Attorney General Louis J. Lefkowitz refused to

go along with the discharge order, would not comment on the Court of Appeals ruling.

In the past, however, the Governor has indicated that he expects Mr. Cunningham to clear himself of corruption charges or step down as state chairman.

In its ruling, the seven-judge panel said that even though Mr. Cunningham had "made a plausible argument that the purposes of the subpoenas are to harass, embarrass and manipulate related public events and media publicity, [this] does not justify suppression of the subpoenas as a matter of law at this time."

"Otherwise," the judges went on, "legitimate investigations could be easily frustrated by a counterattack of like manipulation with like purpose—directed at the investigators."

Yesterday's ruling also covered appeals by three other Bronx Democrats subpoenaed along with Mr. Cunningham by Mr. Nadjari. They are City Councilman Jerry L. Crispino, Gerald V. Esposito, a district leader, and Paul Victor, chairman of the county organization's law committee.

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—Paul D. Zimmerman, Newsweek

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—King Features Syndicate, Parade of Books

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—Herbert Kupferberg, National Observer

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—John D. MacDonald

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—Kurt Vonnegut, Jr.



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Dismal Pattern

Buying off overpowered municipal unions with money the city did not have was a major element in New York's fiscal decline last year to the edge of bankruptcy. Now, under threat of a subway and bus strike, the Transit Authority has sewn the city into a new pay pattern that imperils its climb back toward fiscal health.

The transit pact's liberalized cost-of-living escalator will add more than \$50 million to payrolls over the two-year life of the contract, even if inflation tapers off to a 6 percent level. A return of double-digit inflation could double that figure. The members of the Transport Workers Union will get the extra money whether or not there are any productivity savings.

It is no comfort to New Yorkers, in the humiliating position of beggars at the White House and Congress, to be told that the settlement is modest by the standards of past T.W.U. exactions. The brutal fact is that Mayor Beame and his fiscal team will find it impossible to fulfill the austerity plan they have just submitted to the Emergency Financial Control Board if the unions in police, fire, sanitation and other essential services follow their usual "me too" policy and insist on identical gains.

State employees, whose pay boosts in the past ten years have lagged substantially behind those for transit workers and other New York City employees, have already accepted Governor Carey's insistence that there would be no escalator or other general increases in their new union contracts. For this city to have surrendered once again to a strike club undermines the whole struggle to hold industry in New York, restore investor confidence and raise the funds to avert mass layoffs of civil servants.

Given the abyssal state of transit service, a sharp rise in productivity by transit workers is overdue in terms of public expectation without any adjustment in pay.

Despite the vaunted efforts of joint productivity teams in recent years, the subway system operates with 10 percent more workers now than it had a decade ago. And it carries 400 million fewer riders. Overall labor costs have gone up by 180 percent. For the average worker, annual earnings have risen by 129 percent, as against a 77 percent rise in living costs.

That record, when coupled with an already astronomic transit deficit and a steady cutback in standards of service to the public, makes it plain that the Emergency Financial Control Board has a duty to demand something more than a "maybe" in increased productivity before approving a contract with such dismaying implications for municipal solvency.

The Schell Report

The Schell Commission named by Governor Carey to investigate the collapse of the Urban Development Corporation has produced an interim report that is refreshingly lucid, thoughtful and constructive.

The proposals for creating a new executive commission to oversee public authority borrowing and for reorganizing and redirecting the state's efforts at stimu-

lating industrial and housing development merit the "serious and in-depth study" that has been promised by Governor Carey.

The commission rightly recommends discontinuing the issuance of "moral obligation" bonds, which the report quite accurately describes as "a dangerous and misleading illusion and now a totally discredited device."

This newspaper, however, shares Comptroller Arthur Levitt's grave misgivings about a commission proposal that power to set the debt limit and to authorize full-faith-and-credit bonding within that limit be returned to the Legislature, ending a 130-year-old constitutional requirement that such state bond issues receive prior voter approval.

The commission itself has noted in its report: "There was no attempt to control the volume of moral obligation bonds other than through the debt authorization limits given the public authorities by the Legislature. This, however, amounted to little or no control, for the Legislature appears to have given and increased these debt limit authorizations almost automatically at then Governor Rockefeller's behest."

There is no assurance from the conduct of the current Legislature that such irresponsible behavior might not be repeated in the future.

The Quinlan Precedent

The unanimous decision of the New Jersey Supreme Court in the Karen Quinlan case—unless it is overruled by the United States Supreme Court—could begin an entirely new era in the complex border area between medicine and the law. The importance of this boundary has grown with the advancing capabilities of medical science, which now can sometimes extend metabolism beyond the limits of conscious, productive or meaningful life.

What the New Jersey Supreme Court has done is nothing less than provide a formal procedure for legally ending the existence of human beings whose life has in effect already been terminated and cannot be restored. In this particular case, Miss Quinlan's parents have been provided the means by which they can legally have their unconscious daughter removed from the respirator which has maintained her physical existence for almost a year, and bring to a conclusion the meaningless, hopeless and extremely expensive medical care now applied to her vegetating body.

In effect, a new social mechanism has been created for such decisions, which may be used frequently in the years ahead on the precedent of the Quinlan case.

The court declared "that no external compelling interest of the state can compel Karen to endure the unendurable. . . ." The fact is that she is enduring nothing; her consciousness ceased long ago. Nevertheless, the language suggests sanction for terminating extraordinary and hopeless efforts to prolong the life of cancer patients wracked with pain or of victims of neurological disease who have lost control of their motor functions. Just how far such "mercy killing" can be condoned remains for future judges to decide.

Issues '76: Welfare

Welfare has become a national blight, destructive of many of the people it is designed to help and threatening the solvency of state and local governments. Outlays for public assistance keep mounting, in good times as well as bad; resentment grows among those on the relief rolls and among those taxed to pay the bill while other community services wither.

It is widely recognized that New York City has been pushed toward bankruptcy by the heavy share of the welfare burden its taxpayers are obliged to carry. But the urgent plea sent to President Ford not long ago by the Governors of New Jersey, Pennsylvania and Wisconsin—as well as New York—for swift Federal takeover of welfare only emphasizes the fact that the hardship is nationwide, not a peculiar New York City aberration.

No social program is so insistently in need of reform as welfare; none presents more complexities to test the capacity of candidates for the Presidency.

The overall cost of aid to families with dependent children, the basic welfare program, has gone up in a decade from \$1.7 billion in 1966 to an estimated \$9.5 billion in this fiscal year. Medicaid, which involved spending of \$6.2 billion when it started just five years ago, has zoomed up to a present level more than twice that; and it is likely to rise by another \$5.5 billion next year unless restraints are applied.

Among the states, monthly benefit payments vary widely in amount and in ratio of Federal reimbursement. On an individual basis, the average monthly welfare payment in New York State comes to \$104.80, as against \$14.40 in Mississippi; the New York Medicaid average of \$188.26 a month per recipient is nearly triple that of Mississippi.

On a proportional basis, the states that pay out least get back most from the Federal Government. The reimbursement formula provides for a 50 percent Federal payment to New York, 80 percent to Mississippi. The differential reflects the belief that the national Government ought to play some redistributive role in meeting social needs as between the poor states and the more affluent ones.

In budget terms, however, the relationship between "poor" and "rich" states has been drastically altered by the mass migration in the postwar years of poverty-stricken families from the South and Puerto Rico to

New York and other industrialized states. The heavy concentration of these displaced persons in Northern metropolitan centers has convinced many experts that the crazy-quilt of existing welfare systems, with their divergent standards, needs integration into a unified program financed by the Federal Government.

That need was recognized nearly seven years ago in the vain effort by President Nixon to establish a cash floor under family income, the most creative social initiative of his Administration. Even today, however, there remains debate over the virtues of such "federalization." One worry is that any income guarantee administered through the Internal Revenue Service is bound to add to the payment rolls many persons below the poverty line who never previously applied for public assistance. Thus, a reform bill cosponsored by Senators McGovern and Javits, fixing a \$4,300 floor for a family of four, would increase the present spending total by an estimated \$15 billion.

The challenge to the Presidential candidates is to come up with specific proposals for a practical program. Those who oppose a Federalized approach will have to explain what hope they see for ever reclaiming the human wreckage of the present system if no basic change is made. Those advocating reform must indicate how high or low they would set the floor and what regional variations, if any, they would allow.

These are only the start of the questions in need of answer. Should there be a "hold harmless" formula to keep families now on the rolls from winding up worse off financially? How much of each dollar of outside earnings should be deducted from a beneficiary's Federal guarantee and how much retained as a job incentive? What improvements are needed in manpower training programs, day care for children of working mothers and other spurs to self-support? What is the most effective means of coordinating Federal income maintenance payments with continued state and local responsibility for supplying needed social services?

All these are among the problems requiring assessment in formulating a workable program for breaking the cycle of inherited dependency and reversing the upward trend in public outlays for the needy. The toll in wasted lives and wasted tax dollars is too great to sustain; but it will take more than glib campaign generalizations to curb it.

Letters to the Editor

Of U.S. Ports and the Arab Boycott

To the Editor:

We are deeply concerned about the growing impression, enhanced by these press comments, that the only way to preserve commerce in the Port of New York is to abandon the principles and substance of the Lisa anti-boycott law.

There has assuredly been diversion of some cargoes from this area, but the shipping industry acknowledged this decline as resulting from the relatively high operating costs of importing into and exporting from the Port of New York. The anti-boycott law has now become the industry's new scapegoat.

In any case, shipping will not be diverted to other East Coast ports if neighboring states were to adopt comparable legislation. Such bills are now under consideration in Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, Maryland and elsewhere. We trust that the questionable news reports of the New York experience will not dissuade these states from taking positive action on those bills.

The most effective answer to this problem, however, lies in the early adoption of Federal legislation, such as the pending Stevenson-Williams Bill (S.953). If our national law made it incumbent upon every port uniformly to enforce an anti-boycott

statute, the kind of evasion now threatened by companies handling cargoes to and from Arab states would simply not be possible.

Pending the adoption of further state laws and/or effective Federal legislation against aiding the Arab boycott of Israel, however, the private sector must act voluntarily and in its own interest to resist any attempt to nullify anti-boycott legislation. By their threats to boycott the Port of New York, some U.S. exporters and importers are crudely seeking to set one region of the country against the other, to divide the American business community and to induce one segment of American workers to join in taking away jobs from brother trade unionists whose only fault is that they are citizens of a state determined not to yield to the boycott.

We are convinced that any short-term windfall gain that may accrue to some because of the scramble to get out from under the New York law will prove less sustaining and ultimately far less beneficial than forthright and united opposition to the boycott in all of its facets and disguises.

PHIL BAUM
Associate Executive Director
American Jewish Congress
New York, March 26, 1976

Nadjari: The Case for An Open-Ended Term

To the Editor:

My own energies and resources are normally committed to the field of music in our city. However, no one can ignore certain other forces that may adversely affect the quality of life in our community.

I send this letter with a deep sense of urgency that the weight of every citizen who cares for New York, and particularly the voice of The New York Times, should make themselves felt and heard in support of an open-ended extension of the authority of Special Prosecutor Nadjari.

The present six-month limit set by Attorney General Lefkowitz is an invitation to those being investigated to indulge in every possible dilatory tactic, to outlive Nadjari's term.

Mr. Cunningham and the others are entitled to their day in court. No less so, every citizen of New York is entitled to have this important investigation followed through to completion, no matter how long it takes, by the one man eminently equipped to finish the job: Special Prosecutor Nadjari. The present six-month limitation must be replaced by the more practical, open-ended continuation of his authority.

AVERY FISHER
New York, March 23, 1976

What Government Spends

To the Editor:

It is ironic that Tom Wicker's March 19 column, in which he stated, "The problem is that so much of what is being said is actively misleading, demagogic or nonsensical," added to that problem. He misleads with his incorrect statement that "the Federal budget as a proportion of gross national product, moreover, has held steady at about 20 percent since 1953."

1. It did not hold steady. It increased from 17.1 percent in 1956 to 23.4 percent in the current fiscal year. At present gross national product, this difference of 6.3 percentage points amounts to approximately \$100 billion.
2. Federal outlays outside the budget, which increased 43 times from \$0.4 billion in 1956, if added to show total Federal spending, raises the percent of gross national product to 24.5.
3. Total government expenditures, including state and local, were 35 percent of gross national product in 1975, more than ten percentage points and two-fifths higher than in 1956.

FOREST S. DUNBAR
Baltimore, L. I., March 22, 1976

Our Fallible Doctors

To the Editor:

Dr. Ray Gambino's discussion (Op-Ed March 20) of his three medical errors emphasizes that even the best physicians are fallible, being human. Therefore, unless injury is done with intent or malice (and this is rare in medicine), compensation should be based not on tort liability but on a no-fault basis. No-fault insurance for medical services would assure the injured party of a speedy and just compensation while sparing the physician whose "crime" is being human from tort proceedings.

JOHN FIBEL, M.D.
Rochester, March 21, 1976

U.S. Postal Service: Report From a Patron

To the Editor:

My support of the U.S. Postal Service comes to over \$300 a year for first-class postage and air letters—a sizable sum, I should think, for a person's private correspondence.

This is how the post office has treated me so far in 1976, aside from the inexplicable delays of mail we are used to expect: Five letters arrived with 2-inch holes torn from their envelopes; one letter to Ireland was returned for lack of postage, its properly affixed 30-cent stamp visibly removed (the 1-cent stamp was spared) and the envelope equally skillfully unsealed, i.e., opened; a letter deposited at 8 A.M. in the box in front of my own post office (with pickup every half-hour according to information on the box) was post-marked a full 24 hours later and needed 48 hours to reach me; two letters, one from Pacific Palisades, Calif., and one from Tucson, Ariz., never made it to my house at all. Others have not yet been accounted for and may also be assumed to be lost.

With such a dismal record for the past three months, for a single customer, the Postmaster General asks if "Americans really want daily mail delivery to their doors"—perhaps a rhetorical question to inform us that the mails as a tool of civilized communication between people, here and abroad, will soon be abolished altogether.

JITTY MARTON
New York, March 25, 1976

Higher Education: Of Gifts and Free

To the Editor:

Treasury Secretary Simon's letter of March 18 in reply to your editorial of March 7 concerning him seems to me much milder in its remonstrance than it need have been.

Your position seems to be that one who discontinues a course of gift-giving to a university because he disagrees with the university's policies is guilty of "censoring" the education dispensed by that university and of restricting its freedom.

Here truly is Orwellian newspeak! You confuse a gift, freely made or withheld, and a tax, which is an enforced exaction.

Freedom means absence of compulsion by the apparatus of the state; it does not mean absence of constraint by circumstance such as lack of means or poverty. Censorship means compulsion to print one story or to promulgate one view of polity, or compulsion not to print another story or not to promulgate another polity. It does not mean, and it does not include, inability to print or promulgate because of lack of means. Have I been censored because I have had to work to earn a living and have not been supported by someone else with consequent opportunity to spend my time advocating my views on the world? The proposition is ludicrous, and so is that which you advance in your editorial.

I gave money to Harvard for 25 years and then stopped because I disagreed with the university in more and more ways.

One does not "impose" one's views on an institution, by withdrawing voluntary support therefrom. It is you,

Women and Jobs

To the Editor:

Your report [March 2] employment problems of recently graduated "super-



constrates their serious mist about the function of a lib tion and the realities of the work, and their prejudi assumes that because they they should receive special

Liberal education is not teach people how to handi tive situations or how to esting entry-level jobs. I purpose is to provide str some knowledge of the pa and future functioning of

"Virtually all entry-level ipso facto not particularly They usually serve to in worker to a profession (veral) so that he or she more about it. The McCall editor who could not disti tween a range and an open expect to have difficulties superior.

You report that one wom on an engineering career that jobs were especially at women. I am surprised would wish to be judged ing employment, not as a but as a group member, b reasoning, if it is fair, giv solely because she is a ner equally fair to accus her because of this consid

The Heinous Crime

To the Editor:

The Supreme Court decis hold the Virginia law call sexual acts between consent a "crime against nature" is paradox. [Editorial March 2]

The obvious and heinous the sacrificing of human of for the political play of pser fights. We are all guilty if these political crimes again who exercise sexual pref continue.

CARL
Laurel, Md., March

To the Editor:

We are grateful to The its reasoned editorial (Mar response to Treasury Secre liam Simon's remarks before York chapter of the Public Society of America. You may following excerpts from our Secretary Simon of some in-

you advised your 'to counsel your bosses and to take a close look at the policies of those schools and tions being considered for gifts. Find out if the subjects generosity are really assisting fight to maintain our freedom they're working to erode the urge that judgments be made ingly."

"This vigilante approach porate support of higher ed seems to us highly ill-advised, gists that education deserves only if it is the tool of one of our society. We do not belie higher education has ever s destroy the free-enterprise syst could never agree, however higher education should serve tioningly as the spokesman fender of business, any more should be the unquestioning of government or religion or any institution.

"Our colleges and universi grateful to the corporate wor its sustained and generous sup. Fortunately, and wisely, con donors have not sought to us grants to colleges and univers a means to exercising control of educational process.

"We are convinced that the market system which you seek ness can be retained only if th also a 'free market' in ideas therefore regret your remarks urge that you consider them

ROGER W.
ALLAN W.
ALICE L. B.
Washington, March 18

The writers are, respectively, dent, American Council on Edu executive director, American A State Colleges and Universi president, Council for Advanc and Support of Education.

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Editor

Women

Reagan Democrat?

By James Reston

INGTON, April 1—The charge made in this corner that not effective Democratic Party as been made so far in the al campaign, but this will be amended. For Ronald of all people, has come forth an attack on his own Administration that is a piece of Democratic propa-

tionally televised broadcast was technically flawless—the most effectively delivered talk since Roosevelt's fireside lighting was perfect, the voice comforting, the facial as sincere.

My trouble with it was that added with vague half-truths, misleading charges, and similes which even he wouldn't own if he ever had the bad get into the White House. Noted Secretary of State Kissinger said: "The day of the U.S. and today is the day of the nation. . . My job as Secretary is to negotiate the most second-best position avail-

able for Reagan didn't say where it came from. Actually it

WASHINGTON

Adm. Elmo R. Zumwalt Jr., Chief of Naval Operations, and his magazine, which had the to publish a flat official hat Mr. Kissinger had said of the sort Mr. Reagan was air.

result, the State Department a unusual course of saying Reagan broadcast that these were "a total and irresponsible on," and issued a ten-page n of some of Reagan's other s.

basing the present military of power between the United of the Soviet Union, Governor listed those categories of where Moscow undoubtedly advantage but omitted any to other categories where ed States has an impressive

eking the U.S. efforts to nego- compromise in the Canal Zone, perhaps the most delicate the hemisphere today, Mr. suggested: "We should end otations and tell the general rios of Panama: 'We bought id for it, we built it and we keep it."

used President Ford of goingelsinki conference with the nd giving away "the freedom ns of people—freedom that ours to give." Add on this front, he implied that the recovery was some kind of ear mirage which would van- the voting was over in

agan has been complaining inaign about misleading state-aint him, and has pledged o maintain party unity while for the nomination, but it is find anything in the Demo-ard of the primaries any more damaging to the Republican cord than Reagan's charges.

st doubt on the present of the Social Security ey-cked Mr. Ford as a part of ington Establishment, whose lies," "harassing, regula- tion," "confiscation of invest-ital" were responsible for the

act is," he said, "we'll never asting economic recovery by get into debt at a faster rate ever had before. It took this 6 years—until the middle of r II—to finally accumulate f \$95 billion. It took this rion just the last 12 months 85 billion to the debt. And nistration has run up almos of our total national debt ese short 19 months."

agan, in this extension and it of his campaign stump emphasized his differences, the Democrats but with the "An effort has been made ampaign," he said, "to sug- there aren't any real differ- between Mr. Ford and myself. there are, and these differ- fundamental.

if them has to do with our in government. Before Rich- appointed him Vice Presi- Ford was a Congressman for His concern was the welfare gressional district. For most ul life he has been a part of ington Establishment."

Governor Reagan has done in qual broadcast, in an effort his losses, is to evenom- ggle within the Republican d hand the Democrats a tele- ment which they can use fr. Ford long after Mr. Reagan ted for his long-overdue re-

missed his performance on you, needn't worry. The s will be cutting it up into three-minute political ads until November to persuade even Mr. Reagan thought the dis- tribution is a flop.

Learning From My Lai: A Proposal on War Crimes

By Burke Marshall and Joseph Goldstein

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—On March 29, 1968, Ronald L. Ridenhour asked publicly for an inquiry into the events that he believed had taken place at My Lai, South Vietnam, a year before.

Mr. Ridenhour was then a civilian, a veteran of the Vietnam fighting, who had made an extensive personal effort to establish whether or not "something very black" had occurred. Convinced that it had, he called on the Secretary of Defense, Melvin R. Laird, to "press forward a widespread and public investigation of this matter."

Secretary of the Army Stanley R. Resor and Chief of Staff William C. Westmoreland responded by directing Lieut. Gen. William R. Peers to look into the nature and scope of the Army's own reaction to the events at My Lai up until the date of the Ridenhour letter.

The Peers Report, which resulted, established two truths beyond question, with a care and integrity that is a tribute both to General Peers personally and to the top echelon of the American military Establishment.

The first truth is that the reports about what happened at My Lai are fact, not antiwar fable—that "U.S. Army troops of the Americal Division massacred a large number of noncombatants (comprised almost exclusively of old men, women and children)." The precise number was at least 175, and perhaps exceeded 400. The crimes committed "included individual group acts of murder, rape, sodomy, maiming, and assault on noncombatants and the mistreatment and killing of detainees."

The second truth is that the reaction to these events by the responsible Army units and officers in Vietnam was to cover them up. The commander of the 11th Infantry Brigade "deliberately set out to conceal" what had happened; investigations within the Americal (23d) Division were superficial and misleading; efforts were made "at every level of command from company to division to withhold and suppress information"; and these failures "served to suppress effectively information concerning the matter received from the Vietnamese."

The consequence of the Ridenhour letter and the Peers Report was to establish these truths and unravel the cover-up. Were that the end of the matter, there would be reason to be proud of the ultimate courage and candor of the United States military in facing up to the commission of war crimes by its own officers and soldiers.

But what the Peers Report did not deal with, because of its timing and the limitations on its stated mission,



Mark Gouffon/Masum

and what would doubtless have greatly troubled General Peers himself, was the inability of the Army effectively, through law, to identify and call to account those in command and in the field who were responsible for what no one will deny were war crimes.

The Peers Report lists by name 30 individuals who were involved in criminal omissions and commissions, either at the massacre itself or during its cover-up.

Lieut. William L. Calley Jr. himself is the only person among the 30 who has been held to account through the system of military justice, and he is now free following a highly unusual

house detention. Three others were brought to trial but acquitted. Charges against 12 of the 30 were dismissed before trial. No law enforcement action was attempted against the other 14 men. Charges were preferred against nine persons not listed in the Peers Report, but they were dismissed before trial in seven of the cases, the other two being acquitted on trial.

Given the magnitude of the crimes at My Lai and the Peers Report's compelling documentation of their cover-up, this record cannot be explained by

the technical problems of courtroom constraints on admissible evidence, or essential weaknesses in the prosecutor's case.

It must instead reflect underlying flaws in the military system of accountability that have yet to be identified and confronted inside the military or from outside.

Yet the net institutional response to the massacre and its cover-up is to continue to rely on self-correcting mechanisms that the Peers Report itself shows do not work under stress,

and that the subsequent Watergate affair shows we should not rely on in matters of great public importance.

Now is the time to correct this, when American armies are not engaged in conflict and national emotions can permit institutional change that will effectively respond to the realities of war.

This should be done because it is required by our basic premise of government—that the United States and its people are ruled by law and not by men. Justice Robert H. Jackson said it at Nuremberg: "If certain acts . . . are crimes, they are crimes whether the United States does them or whether Germany does them, and we are not prepared to lay down a rule of criminal conduct against others that we would not be willing to have invoked against us."

Further, it should be done because it is now dangerous to everyone to leave enforcement of the laws of war to ineffective and sporadic machinery. The technology of war, the enormous dangers inherent in nuclear proliferation, accent this need.

As Justice Jackson also said at Nuremberg, in the earliest days of nuclear possibilities: "Modern civilization puts unlimited weapons of destruction in the hands of men. It cannot tolerate so vast an area of legal irresponsibility."

A start can be made right now by an appropriate official study, through a Congressional committee, or Presidential commission, or both, about how best to separate from the military primary responsibility for investigating and prosecuting crimes like the My Lai massacre and related obstructions of justice.

Our own specific proposal is for a detailed examination of the possibility of vesting jurisdiction for the trial and punishment of such crimes in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, and responsibility for their prosecution in the Department of Justice. This proposal raises complex administrative and legal problems that we believe are solvable.

It would be desirable at the same time to explore the potential future role of international institutions. The important thing is not to forget what has happened, but to turn those events toward contributing to effective enforcement of laws of war that have become a necessity of civilization.

Burke Marshall and Joseph Goldstein are professors of law at Yale Law School. This article is adapted from an introductory essay in their forthcoming book, edited with Jack B. Schwartz, "The My Lai Massacre and Its Cover-Up."

An American Atrocity

By Tom Wicker

The dismissal of two grand juries that for years have been looking into the 1971 revolt at the Attica Correctional Facility puts an end to one set of injustices but perpetuates another. The loose grab bag of indictments against more than 60 inmates—about 1,300 charges in all, most of which proved insupportable—had already been dropped by the state; and the dismissal of the grand juries means no more such charges will be brought.

It also means that no charges are going to be brought against those who pulled the triggers, and those who let the triggers be pulled, in the six minutes of indiscriminate state police gunfire that on Sept. 13, 1971, took the lives of 29 inmates and 10 guards and prison employees who were being held hostage. More than 80 others were wounded seriously enough to require medical attention, which the State of New York had made little effort to provide. But no one now will be indicted for the known and provable incidents of violent physical retaliation visited upon inmates by guards and state police after the prison's capture.

As far as can be ascertained, moreover, there will be no indictments, either, of those state police and prosecution officials who have been three times castigated for the manner in which they conducted the Attica affair. Bernard S. Meyer, the Superior Court judge who carried out a special investigation of the Attica prosecution, and former Manhattan Assistant District Attorney Alfred J. Scotti, who was appointed Special Attica Prosecutor after the Meyer report, have both been heavily critical of the one-sided prosecution and particularly the state police, who in the aftermath of Attica were allowed by the Rockefeller administration to investigate themselves.

Mr. Scotti made the point again in asking Justice Carman F. Ball to dismiss the grand juries. He had hoped to seek indictments of two members of the state police, one for intentional homicide and one for obstruction of justice. But, he said, "the unavailability of the evidence required for two successful prosecution of these two matters may be ascribed . . . to the serious deficiencies in the state investigation . . ."

Mr. Scotti's assistant, Irwin Rochman, raised the possibility of administrative discipline by the state against some state policemen and Attica guards who took part in the recapture of the prison, the beatings of inmates afterwards, and the later obstructions of justice during the investigation. But if the state has evidence to warrant "discipline," it should have had evidence to warrant prosecutions; and the record, so far, does not justify much hope that state administrators

will take strong action against the perpetrators of the numerous crimes of Sept. 13, 1971, and the cover-up.

That record does not include failure to prosecute the inmates who took part in the revolt. One guard is known to have been killed by inmates; for that crime one man is serving a sentence for murder, and another has been convicted of assault. Eight inmates pleaded guilty to various charges. Another remains under indictment, while a fugitive, for the killing of another inmate. All others of the 62 inmates named in 42 indictments have been acquitted, or the charges have been dropped for lack of evidence.

So every citizen of New York should be clear as to the facts. While the inmates who revolted were prosecuted, and convicted when juries believed the evidence sufficient, the state did not even bring indictments against those who killed 39 men and wounded 81, who organized and supervised—or failed to supervise—the attack, who failed to provide sufficient medical

IN THE NATION

care, who conducted or permitted illegal physical reprisals, and who obstructed justice during the later probe. If that had happened in any other country, Americans would call it an atrocity, which is what it was—an American atrocity. This state's dismissal of the grand juries merely puts on it the final seal of official indifference.

It is coincidental only in the most limited sense that the grand juries were dismissed as the finance committee of the Republican Senate was voting to reject Governor Carey's nomination of Herman Schwartz to be chairman of the Commission of Correction. Mr. Schwartz's defeat was only one more entry in a long record of contempt and disregard by the state for its prisoners and their inmates.

Not that the members of the committee rejected Mr. Schwartz because he is a compassionate and knowledgeable prison reformer. They rejected him in spite of that, in spite of having themselves set up the reform commission he was to have chaired, for political reasons that have little to do with him or the prison system.

"Schwartz is caught up in a world he never made," one Republican told Linda Greenhouse of The New York Times. "We've been the loyal opposition for an entire year, and there's a feeling it's time to turn the Governor down on something."

Inmates will know how to read that. So will prison administrators, and whoever Mr. Carey nominates to replace Herman Schwartz. Politics takes precedence over reform, as always.

Tax Dollars Don't Grow on Trees...



Neither does the money needed to run our country. It takes taxes for federal, state and local governments to provide the essential programs Americans expect. Like education, hospitals, sanitation, law enforcement, highways, parks. And business supplies an important part of these tax dollars.

new products. These generate even more wages and tax revenues, and everyone profits. Yet, in a period when profits are more important than ever, they are far from adequate.

In 1974, the federal government collected more than \$291 billion in tax revenues. Of this, business paid about \$115 billion—almost 40%. State and local governments got even more from business. Of their revenues, a whopping 60% came from business... a total of over \$125 billion.

A recent survey showed Americans think the average manufacturing corporation makes more than 30 cents profit on every sales dollar. In fact, the average in 1975 was less than 5 cents.

But these billions collected directly are only part of the tax story. The salaries that business pays employees are taxed. The dividends business pays shareholders are taxed. For example, at Allied Chemical in 1974, while we paid out as a corporation more than \$120 million in taxes, our 32,000 employees and 73,000 stockholders were taxed many additional millions on their incomes.

Shrinking corporate profits mean a slowdown in business activity. With fewer profits, wages and dividends to tax, many of the good things in life that we take for granted may disappear.

It's going to take a lot more than wishing for a money tree to keep our country growing.



Where Profits Are For People

When a corporation earns profits, it can plow back more money into job-producing expansions by building factories, modernizing older facilities and developing

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Dave Johnson, the president of teamsters local 299 in Detroit, exhorts several dissident members to accept an interim agreement signed by the local with a number of trucking companies in the Detroit area.

USERY SEEKS END TO TRUCK STRIKE

Continued From Page 1, Col. 7

seriously in New Jersey and Connecticut than in New York City. Mr. Usery said that he would prefer not to have to resort to an injunction, because both sides were still in serious give-and-take negotiations. They were meeting at a hotel in this Chicago suburb. An injunction would take the pressure off negotiators, whose differences have narrowed to the wage proposals. Late this afternoon Mr. Usery changed his earlier plans to go back to Washington tonight for a meeting with President Ford. He said that the President had told him this morning he would like to see the strike settled at the bargaining table rather than through an injunction. In some areas, such as Chicago, many teamsters continued to work because they were bargaining independently. In other parts of the country, many companies signed interim agreements on the basis of the union's last proposal and were not struck.

Commerce Reduced

But in some industries such as auto and other major manufacturers, the strike was beginning to be felt as the movement of manufactured goods and parts was cut. Some union leaders said today that the signing of interim agreements was a deliberate attempt by the union to soften the effect of the strike and thus lessen pressure on the Administration to invoke an injunction on the ground that the strike was damaging the national economy. Mr. Usery said today that he planned to report to President Ford on the impact of the strike and on the progress of the talks. He said that although there were still "wide differences" between the union bargainers and the Trucking Employers Inc., who represent the industry, "if one party or another makes a significant move, then they could come together very quickly."

Mr. Usery said that there had been considerable progress in the last 24 hours in the bargaining. The employers improved on their original offer of an 18 percent raise last night and the union countered with a new offer to the employers this morning, he said. Mr. Usery met with both sides this afternoon and sought to advise them on how to allocate the raise over the months of a contract and how to narrow the differences between both sides. The original employers' offer totaled \$1.62 an hour, including a raise of \$1 an hour over three years, cost-of-living protection to a maximum of 25 cents in the second and third years and health and pension benefits totaling \$11 a week.

Living-Cost Protection

The union's proposal totaled \$3.04 an hour or a 30 percent raise, including a raise of hourly wages of \$1.75 over three years, no limit in the cost-of-living protection in the second and third year, and health and pension benefits of \$17 a week. Some union delegates here said that by detailing its proposal to the membership, the union's negotiators have locked themselves in and now have to come very close to the demands of face a rejection of the settlement by the rank and file. Details of the new offer by the employers could not be learned, but both union and company sources said that the gap had been narrowed to about 7 percent. All three sides, the Government, the teamsters and the industry would prefer to avoid an injunction. The union is concerned that pressure would mount in Congress to pass bills that would force the industry into some form of compulsory arbitration. It could also increase support for deregulation of the industry whose rates are now set

Walkout Has Little Impact on First Day

By RALPH BLUMENTHAL

DENVER, April 1—The nation weathered the first day of the truckers' strike with little immediate impact on the economy, but widespread dislocations were predicted if the shutdown continued after tomorrow. Automobile manufacturers and other major industries started drawing on their inventories preparatory to threatened plant closings next week as the strike of most of the 440,000 affected drivers and warehousemen of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters began halting deliveries. The walkout began last midnight after contract talks with the Trucking Employers Inc. passed the deadline without agreement. There were scattered incidents of violence against non-union and independent truckers who continued to work today. In addition some teamster members, particularly in Chicago and in New York, were reported to have defied the union work stoppage and maintained deliveries.

Pickets Seal Terminals

Here in this Western crossroads city, teamsters pickets sealed off almost all of the 20 major trucking terminals, although several unaffected intrastate carriers continued to provide minimal local services and three larger companies signed contracts on teamsters' terms that allowed them to continue operations. "It's going to be nice and quiet—we're not going to have any violence," said a husky man who, with his fellow strikers, blocked the entrance to the Ideal Truck Lines terminal this morning. There were no reported picket lines and the mood was languid as the men lounged and chatted in the 60-degree sunshine. But in Ohio, the Cleveland police reported the shooting of a truck driver on Interstate 90 after he allegedly refused the orders of an unidentified man to pull his rig off the road. There was no immediate word on the condition of the driver, Paul Allen, 37 years old, of Marilla, N.Y.

Also in Ohio, scattered incidents involving the pelting of trucks with debris from highway overpasses were reported in Akron. In Pennsylvania, four men with shotguns reportedly forced a trucker to abandon his rig on a road near Bethlehem, and a brick was reported thrown through a truck windshield on Interstate 95 in Philadelphia.

Although almost all industries and businesses across the nation had enough inventory on hand to get along without deliveries today, there was widespread concern over the effects of a prolonged shutdown. A spokesman for the Department of Transportation in Washington estimated that the truck carriers moved about 60 percent of the nation's truck freight. The walkout, he said, could immediately idle a million workers dependent on the goods carried by the striking truckers.

Here in Denver, as elsewhere, by the Interstate Commerce Commission. This would increase competition and encourage new companies to spring up, steps that are opposed by the union and most of the trucking industry. The trucking industry would also lose a substantial amount of money since it could not recover the costs of meeting the retroactive pay for the 80-day cooling-off period in any contract that would be reached. The I.C.C. does not consider cost of retroactivity in raising freight rates.

A significant force in the bargaining has been the Chicago area teamsters, particularly Louis Peick, head of Joint Council 25, and Edward M. Fenner, head of the Independent Truck Drivers Association. In the 1970 negotiations Mr. Peick, head of Local 705 then,

and could cost \$300 million a week in losses. In Michigan, where the potential impact of the strike looms as large as anywhere in the country, the big three auto manufacturers said the walkout threatened to close plants for lack of parts beginning next week.

"Continue Though Tomorrow" "The best I can tell you is it looks as though all plants will be able to continue operations through tomorrow," said a spokesman for General Motors, the largest auto manufacturer with about 400,000 employees. But, he added, the company could begin planned closings Monday, depending upon "how much inventory plants have in the pipeline."

A spokesman for the Chrysler Corporation also said inventories were adequate until next week and a Ford Motor Company representative said of the strike, "if it lasts a week we won't be producing any cars in the U.S. and Canada." Related industries were also expressing concern. In Akron, a spokesman for the Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company noted that the manufacturer used more than 2,000 trucking lines to deliver goods around the nation and said the strike "will hurt."

The United States Steel Corporation issued a statement in Pittsburgh showing that although production was continuing so far without interruption, the giant corporation was seeking to shift transportation to barge and rail.

"Drastic Effect" Foreseen In Baltimore, the administrator of the State Port, Joseph L. Stanton, predicted a "very drastic effect" from the strike. He said it would cut traffic by 40 percent. An official of the Ohio Department of Administrative Services, Richard Krabach, said that the walkout "would grind the country to a halt."

In Chicago, John M. Coulter, director of research for the Chicago Association of Commerce and Industry, estimated the strike could cost that city \$35 million a day. However, he reported there was no indications of panic buying. Nor, in fact, was there much interruption of deliveries thanks to the decision of the teamster locals to ignore the strike action and continue work. Union officials there declined to explain their actions. But an industry spokesman said he expected Chicago and some New York drivers who had continued to work today to join the walkout tomorrow.

In Washington, the National Association of Manufacturers said its members had not yet complained of suffering any serious effects. Certain products, such as medicines and perishables, were exempt from the strike action and continued to move. In addition, many supermarket chains and large retail stores such as Montgomery Ward and Sears had their own teamsters contracts that had not expired and their trucks continued to roll.

Here in Denver, as elsewhere, and Mr. Fenner did not accept the package of \$1.10 an hour won by Frank E. Fitzsimmons, the union president. Therefore, 40,000 Chicago teamsters struck and also adopted a strategy of breaking the unity of the industry negotiators by encouraging companies to sign interim agreements. There was a settlement of \$1.65 over three years and an embarrassed Mr. Fitzsimmons was forced to re-bargain the national contract. In the current negotiations, the Chicago leaders are participating in the talks and are acting as a spur on the teamster negotiators to win the union's proposal.

So far the union strategy of encouraging companies to sign the interim agreements has not caused any major defections from the industry group.

TRUCKING STRIKE UNEVEN IN AREA

New York Is Affected Less Than Neighboring States

By ROBERT HANLEY

The impact of the nationwide strike by teamster truckers who haul general freight began spreading across the metropolitan area yesterday in what appeared to be an irregular pattern. Spot checks with teamsters' union offices suggested that general-merchandise trucking in New Jersey and Connecticut was affected more seriously on the first day of the walkout than that in New York City. The Police Department's intelligence division reported that its survey here disclosed that "99 percent" of teamster drivers in the city were on the job. And a spokesman for the Port Authority of New York and New Jersey said there had not yet been a "discernible" impact on waterfront trucking operations at its huge marine terminals in Brooklyn and the Port of Newark.

Effects Vary A spokesman for Teamsters Joint Council 16, composed of 60 union locals here, said he was "not sure" if the locals that handle general freight had struck. However, sources in some of the locals suggested they had not. Sources in other locals here said some of their drivers and terminal men were still working, depending largely on whether they were employed by smaller local or intrastate shippers who have signed an "interim agreement" that binds them to whatever new national master freight agreement is

reached in current negotiations in Arlington Heights, Ill. "The smaller guys (concerns) are bucking and signing," said an official of Teamsters Local 707 in Woodside, Queens. Those shippers, he said, would not be struck. An official of Local 316 here said several local truckers who employ its members had also accepted an interim agreement. "A lot of guys are going to be working," he said. Frank E. Fitzsimmons, president of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, gave his blessing to the interim agreements on Wednesday in a move to break the solidarity of the trucking industry. It was unclear yesterday how many smaller companies had agreed to go along with the agreement. But it seemed clear that the major trucking firms in Connecticut, New Jersey and

upstate were standing fast. William McKernan, secretary-treasurer of Local 617 in Jersey City, said all 1,000 of the local's general freight drivers were out in the state. "The Jersey Pike and Interstate 80 are really empty," he said. And a spokesman for Local 641, which has jurisdiction throughout northern New Jersey, reported that about one half of its 3,200 drivers and terminal workers were on strike. "The rest will be out tomorrow if they (trucking firms) don't sign up," he asserted. In East Hartford, Richard Robidoux, secretary-treasurer of Local 671, one of the biggest in Connecticut, said about 85 percent of his men were striking. The state's Motor Transport Association was quoted as reporting that nearly every major trucking concern in Connecticut was shut-down.

San Francisco Copes With City Workers' Strike

SAN FRANCISCO, April 1 (UPI) — The Mayor took a cold shower at City Hall and travelers at San Francisco International Airport ate from paper plates today, the second day of a strike by city workers. Buses and street cars were not running, but 250,000 riders found alternative transportation, and the strike otherwise had little apparent impact on life in San Francisco. At issue is a change in the setting of city employees' pay scales that led to action Monday to cut the salaries of 1,900 of the workers. Mayor George Moscone said his calls and mail indicated the taxpayers were "more than willing" to support the city's stand against union demands. The city's 750,000 residents and thousands of commuters from

the suburbs were taking the strike in stride. Although the 1,200 trolleys, buses and cable cars remained in their yards, little absenteeism was reported in downtown offices. Parking restrictions were eased, and the Bay Area Rapid Transit District subway trains had a 15 percent rise in passengers. Schools remained open, but about half the 16,000 public high school students missed classes, apparently because of the transit tieup. Mr. Moscone spent his second night in his office at City Hall, where there was no hot water because of the strike. Leaders of some of the city's 18,000 employees set up picket lines Tuesday night at many city installations, causing other workers, notably the transit drivers, to stay off the job.

Today the picket line extended to San Francisco General Hospital, but it said all essential services were continuing. Pickets at city and the airport today by Teamsters pickets striking against the loading and unloading of some ships was also reported. MIAMI, April 1 (UPI) — Ambulance services were most populous, crippled by a strike. Randle Eastern Ambulance was struck by employees after they proposed contract. It has an exclusive franchise to provide ambulance services in Dade County and its half, but the picket departments gave it

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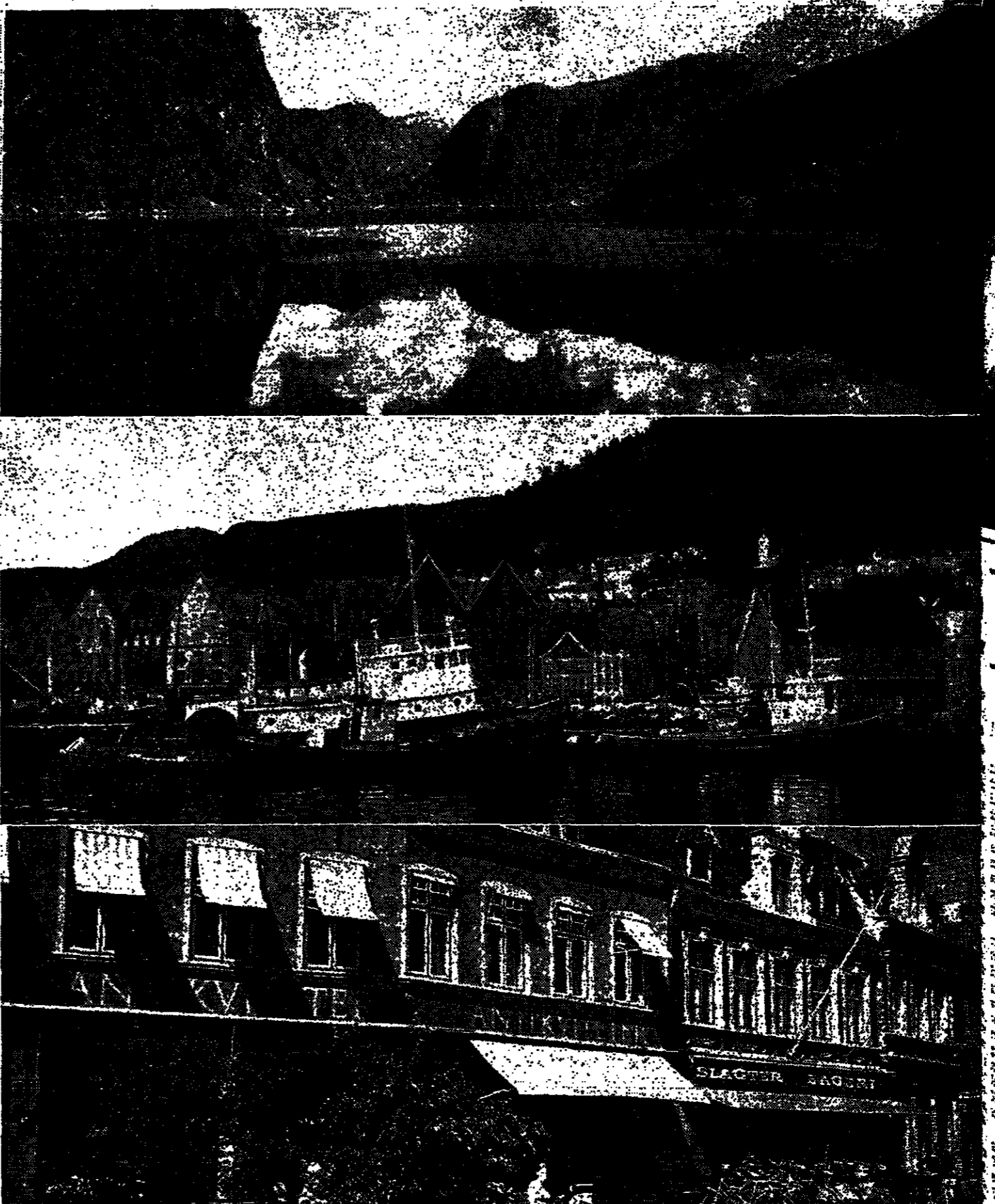
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This spring when everybody starts going to Bergen, Oslo, and Copenhagen, we will too.



Every year, more and more people are discovering Scandinavia. Our service there is more than keeping up with this popularity. To Bergen* and Oslo* we'll have flights every day starting April 25, via London. Our flights to London, as always, will be 747s. To Copenhagen, we'll have daily non-stop flights starting May 20. (At present, we can take you to Copenhagen Thursday, Saturday, and Sunday, non-stop.) On board your flight to London you'll have a choice from 3 entrees in economy and 4 in first class. And a choice of movies no matter what section. (There's a charge of \$2.50 per headset in economy.) For more information or to book a flight or to take advantage of Pan Am's Budget Fares or to sign up for a tour, call your travel agent.

PAN AM

America's airline to the world.

*Service to Bergen and Oslo via connection to all-economy 727, Flight #124 in London.

See your travel agent.

مركزنا للتحويل

Skateboard Generation Blooms In City and Suburban Concrete

By WARREN HOGE

Southern California, the source of count- outdoor cults, is now peddling one tied asphalt and concrete, add the New York metropolitan area, much of which lies under two substances, is buying.

The craze is the skateboard.

Young devotees have suddenly laid claim steep walkways in the city's parks, to ads and driveways in the immediate sub- and to empty pools, drainage ditches and, in the farther reaches of the region. Skateboards have not been complete angels to this area. Wooden versions with steel wheels ranging in price from \$5.95 to \$95, have been available locally for many years.

But that device bears little resemblance to space-age offspring.

50 Models Available

Skateboards now come in more than 50 deas priced as high as \$125, with a variety materials for the board, the wheels and the axle works, called trucks. Sporting goods stores in the city, Westchester and Nassau counties and New Jersey, all reported grow- ing sales, with an average purchase price of \$28.

In addition, a spinoff industry has evolved, producing competition uniforms, racing-color tees, caps, films, practice runs and tubes, lubricant sprays, posters of skateboard stars and magazine that is published every other month called Skateboard. It has a circulation of 200,000.

Almost all the outlets for the boards and related equipment are in Southern California, with a few in Hawaii and Florida. Sports stores in the metropolitan area have

just begun to stock the gear in earnest this year, largely in response to the demands of local youths eager to catch up with the Coast.

Allen Brill, who handles the boards for the Scandinavian Ski Shop at 40 West 57th Street, said: "We learn about all this from the kids. It's endless. Every week it's something new."

A gathering of these young authorities was found one recent afternoon at the confluence of two sharply inclined paths in Riverside Park at 91st Street. While Jeremy Baumann, 12; Mitchell Kunikoff, 15, and Adam Phillips, 12, eagerly gave demonstrations, Mitchell's brother Robert, 17, identified the following in skateboarder slang:

Wheelie: Riding the board standing on its rear half raising the front wheels off the ground.

Hanging Five: A surfing term used in this case to describe riding the board with the feet extending over the front lip of the board.

Toe Tap: Moving the front end of the board rapidly from side to side while in motion, causing a tapping noise each time the front wheels touch the pavement.

Wedel: A skiing term used by skateboarders to describe the weaving pattern a rider can trace down an incline.

180: Jumping up in the air above the moving board and landing back on it facing the opposite direction.

Slalom: As in skiing, weaving down a hill in a pattern marked off by stationary objects at regular intervals.

Catamaran: Two riders on separate skateboards going down a hill seated with their legs intertwined.

Airplane: Four separate skateboarders taking

Continued on Page 38, Column 3



The New York Times/Barton Silverman

Youngsters in Riverside Park taking to the walkways on skateboards. Those who do not have them hitch rides.

body start openhage



Law Says Trout Are Ready, But the Weather Disagrees

By NELSON BRYANT

Special to The New York Times

BREWSTER, N.Y., April 1

As fickle as a headstrong girl too sure of her charms, Spring lured the New York State trout fisherman with sweet scents and warm breath, then drowned his passion with tears when the hour of truth arrived.

Until yesterday, the day before the beginning of the trout season, conditions had been steadily improving throughout most of the state and were close to ideal.

Then came the rain.

In the Roscoe area, where the Beaverkill and Willowmoe Rivers join at Junction Pool, the streams had been low and clear for this time of year with the early morning water temperature 44 degrees and late afternoon temperature 43 degrees.

This morning, according to Walt Dette of Roscoe, a well-known angler and tier of trout and salmon flies, both streams were high, and brown with silt. The water temperature was 41 degrees and the air temperature 42 degrees, and rain, sometimes approaching a deluge, had been falling since last evening, clouding the water so the trout could not see the lures.

Little Improvement Seen

There was no chance that the situation would improve substantially before the end of the day. It was, Mr. Dette observed, more suited to a boy, a cane pole and a can of worms than a well-equipped fly fisherman.

The highways southwest of Brewster were under early this morning, and fog and rain shrouded the hills. Along the East and West Branches of the Croton River where scores of automobiles are normally parked on opening day, there were only a few.

One persistent fly fisherman at the East Branch was Steve Jasiewicz of Naugatuck, Conn., who had journeyed to the spot, a few hundred yards below the reservoir spillway, because he knew it would offer the clearest water.

He cast his two streamer flies—to no avail—for 20 minutes. He said he had, caught and released two small brook trout on the West Branch of the Croton earlier in the day.

Also whipping the East Branch, with an Orvis Flyrod he had assembled from a kit, was Steve Fay of Ossining, N.Y. He was using a Black Ghost streamer and had enjoyed several strikes but had landed no fish.

"I don't think I've ever seen fewer anglers out on opening day," said Mr. Fay. "When I got here at 8 A.M. there was no one else around."

The conditions on the East and West Branches immediately below their respective reservoirs was good. The streams were a little high but relatively clear. Downstream—where runoff from the hills



Bill Bantz holding a 13-inch brown trout he caught along with four others, while fishing with his father, rear, on the West Branch of the Croton River yesterday.

or roads, or input from feeder streams, took effect—turbidity and high water reigned.

Some anglers were rewarded for venturing forth, however. George Bantz of New Canaan, Conn., and his 14-year-old son, Bill, had a nice creel of trout taken from the Titicus River—two browns, two rainbows and one brookie. One of the browns was at least 13 inches long. All were taken, before 7:30 in the morning, on spinning tackle, and spinners were the lures.

Although still-water trout angling does not appeal to many—particularly fly fishermen—lakes, ponds and reservoirs offer a way to avoid the problems created by the vagaries of spring weather.

And in Putnam and Westchester Counties, there are seven reservoirs that offer year-around fishing for trout. According to Bob Bayly of Bob's Sport and Tackle Center at the junction of Routes 100 and 35 in Katonah, many brown trout, some as large as seven pounds, have been taken from the Cross River Reservoir of the last few weeks.

"Last year the Titicus Reservoir was hot for browns, but it has slowed down there this spring," he said. "I can't figure why." The Titicus

yielded many large browns last year, including one of 14 pounds.

With certain exceptions, including the aforementioned reservoir, the state trout season runs from April 1 through September, and the daily bag limit is 10 fish of any length.

This includes brook, brown, rainbow and splake. The splake is a cross between a brook trout and a lake trout. The basic lake trout season is the same, the length limit 15 inches and the daily bag three.

A resident state fishing license costs \$6.25; for non-residents the fee is \$17.25. Non-residents may also buy a license for \$10.25 that also allows them to fish for seven consecutive days.

According to Frank Ely, chief conservation officer for Region 8 of New York State, which embraces most of the Finger Lakes district, the density of fishermen ranged from moderate to heavy on Catherine Creek, a stream that attracts many anglers each spring with its spawning run of large rainbow trout.

In the headwaters section of the stream—which was somewhat swollen by heavy rains—3,000 anglers had taken six fish by 10 A.M.

Humor Corp. Pleds \$85,000 in Reform Case

Humor Corp. pleaded guilty in court in Brooklyn to a 244-count indictment charging the firm and two officers with falsifying records to conceal the presence of unsanitary conditions that caused the presence of harmful bacteria.

The guilty plea, which was entered in court, resulted in a \$85,000 fine and a 10-year ban on the firm's operations in the city.

The indictment, which was returned by a grand jury in Brooklyn, charges that the firm, which is owned and operated by the late Dr. Joseph P. Kamp, failed to maintain adequate sanitary conditions in its laboratories for the production of vaccines.

The indictment also charged that the firm failed to report sanitary conditions to the health department and to provide samples of its products to the health department for testing.

The indictment was returned in a case that followed an investigation by the health department into the firm's operations in Brooklyn.

News Summary and Index

FRIDAY, APRIL 2, 1976

The Major Events of the Day

International

Lebanon's warring factions agreed last night on a 10-day truce to give Parliament time to elect a new President to replace Suleiman Franjeh who has refused to resign. The truce became possible when Kamal Jumblat, the Moslem Druse and Socialist leader who heads the leftist-Moslem alliance, said after a long meeting with his associates that his side would be willing to stop the fighting temporarily under these circumstances. [Page 1, Column 3.]

In an unusually blunt speech titled "Conspiracy of the Majority," Leonard Garment, the United States member of the Human Rights Commission in the United Nations, attacked the way rights issues were dealt with in the world coalition had muzzled Western protest and twisted resolutions to legitimize its own repressive practices. The speech was prepared for a Washington conference of the American Jewish Congress. Mr. Garment said it expressed his views as the American delegate. [1:1-2.]

Max Ernst, the surrealist painter, sculptor and writer who had also been prominent in the Dada movement, died in Paris on the eve of his 85th birthday. [1:1-4.] Paul Strand, an American photographer whose work ranks with that of Alfred Stieglitz and Edward Steichen and other camera masters died Wednesday in Oregeval, France, at the age of 85. [1:6-7.]

National

Senator Hubert H. Humphrey outlined a "Marshall plan for the cities" at a meeting of the National Conference of Democratic Mayors at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel in New York, where he was greeted by politicians and the press with the deference customarily accorded an active Presidential candidate, which Mr. Humphrey insists he is not. He proposed a full employment policy, Federal assumption of "primary responsibility" for welfare and health costs, a "major public works investment program" and regional councils through which local officials could get a White House hearing. The attention shown to Mr. Humphrey brought a shout, "Hey, Senator, you're not even a candidate—imagine that!" from a Manhattan Democratic leader. [1:5-7.]

A former officer of the Central Intelligence Agency and Japanese sources said

The Other News

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U.N. delegates assess Council vote on Angola. Page 2

Rhodesia is seen turning toward tribal chiefs. Page 2

Latin, uneasy over Cuba, cancel Panama talks. Page 3

Bonn bars rise in mark for Common Market. Page 3

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Food prices show decline from February. Page 49

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"This contract will not trigger a fare increase in the foreseeable future."—David L. Yunich, chairman of the Transit Authority, commenting on the settlement with the Transport Workers Union. [1:8.]

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Linda Greenhouse on new mood in Albany. Page 60

Army Plans Closing Two Bases in City By September 1977

WASHINGTON, April 1—The Army said today it would close Fort Hamilton in Brooklyn and Fort Totten in Queens as an economy measure eliminating 604 civilian and 410 military jobs.

Military activity at the two bases has been reduced in recent years, and the Army expects to save \$12 million annually in closing them by September 1977. It would continue to maintain reserve centers at both installations.

The Army also said it would take immediate action to end 280 civilian jobs at the Picatinny Arsenal in New Jersey. As part of a reorganization creating an Army Electronic Research and Development Command, the Army said that it would retain most of the Electronics Command's activities at Fort Monmouth, N.J.

The actions were part of a country-wide base realignment in which the Army will close or substantially cut activities at 18 bases in 10 states. It will end most of its activities at Fort Devens in Massachusetts and at Fort Indiantown Gap in Pennsylvania.

The realignments are expected to eliminate 3,600 civilian jobs, free 1,400 military personnel for combat assignments and save at least \$42 million annually. Another 900 jobs will be ended through reductions in headquarters and recruiting commands.

Lawyer Teaches Cooking

CINCINNATI (AP) — Gary Schwartz, who teaches commercial food management at Alken High School, has an unusual background for a cooking teacher. He is a graduate of Harvard Law School. "I enjoyed law school," he explained. "But law is too serious. I'm always serious about what I do. If what you're doing is already serious, then you're double serious. And then it's no fun."

Britain, With Its Traditional Pageantry, Bids Farewell to Montgomery



The coffin of Field Marshal Viscount Montgomery, decorated with his beret, sword and badges, is carried from St. George's Chapel at Windsor Castle after services. Coldstream Guards made up the bearer party.

WINDSOR, England, April 1 (AP)—Britain laid aside economic and social concerns today and mustered traditional pageantry to bid farewell to Field Marshal Viscount Montgomery, the cocky little commander who took Britain to glory in World War II.

ANTHONY B. AKERS, RAN FOR CONGRESS

Former Ambassador to New Zealand Dies at 61

Anthony B. Akers, who was the United States Ambassador to New Zealand from 1961 to 1963 and three times lost battles for a seat in Congress representing the fashionable East Side 17th District in New York, died, apparently of a heart attack, yesterday in Wrightsville Beach, N.C. He was 61 years old and lived in Palm Beach, Fla.

During World War II, Mr. Akers, a lieutenant commander in the Navy, was a motor torpedo boat commander, one of four naval officers who were the heroes of W. L. White's "They Were Expensible."

Mr. Akers ran for Congress in 1954, 1956 and 1958. He was defeated the first two times by Frederic R. Couderc Jr., then by John V. Lindsay.

He was very nearly won in 1954, Mr. Couderc beating him by a scant 315 votes.

Mr. Akers was elected to the House of Representatives in 1958, but lost to the incumbent, Mr. James P. Cannon.

He served as Deputy Assistant Secretary and Deputy Under-Secretary of the Air Force from 1951 to 1953, during the Korean War.

Other books included "Beany Gangleshanks and the Tub," "Daily Except Sunday," "Skoal Scandinavia," "Window on America," "Along the Ridge," and "Chairman of the Board."

Edward Streeter, Humorist, Dies at 84

Edward Streeter, humorist and author of two best-selling novels, "Father of the Bride" and "Dere Mable," died Wednesday at Roosevelt Hospital. He was 84 years old and lived at 200 East 68th Street.

Mr. Streeter's "Father of the Bride" dealt with the trials and tribulations of a Westchester County couple about to marry off their daughter, an event, Mr. Streeter said, that was "like the experimental explosion of an atom bomb."

It was published in 1949, and the next year it was made into a successful motion picture by M-G-M, starring Spencer Tracy and Joan Bennett as the father and mother and Elizabeth Taylor as the bride.

Another book, "Mr. Hobbs' Vacation," also became a successful motion picture. "Dere Mable," a compilation of letters written by a fictitious soldier named Bill Smith, to his girlfriend, Mable, appeared originally in 1917 in Gas Attack, a magazine published at Camp Wadsworth in Spartanburg, S.C.

Mr. Streeter was serving there as an Army lieutenant.

On a trip to New York in 1918, Mr. Streeter left half of the material with William Morrow of the publishing house of Frederick A. Stokes. Stokes published it as a book which was successful. The other half of the material, not turned over to Mr. Morrow, was published in 1919 as "That's Me All Over, Mable." It sold more than 225,000 copies.

A graduate of Harvard University, Mr. Streeter had been a reporter for The Buffalo Enquirer before entering the Army.

After the war, he was an officer of the Bankers Trust Company and later the Fifth Avenue Bank, now the Bank of New York, from which he retired in 1956 as a vice president.

He was a trustee of the New York Bank for Savings, a member of the Board of Overseers of Harvard, a trustee of Lingnan University in Canton, president of Woodlawn Cemetery in the Bronx and president of the Harvard Club.

Julius Schachter, Violinist, NBC Concertmaster, Was 67

Julius Schachter, concertmaster for the National Broadcasting Company orchestras from 1950 to 1968 and a violinist in television, radio and recordings, died of a heart ailment Wednesday at his home, 108 East 35th Street. He was 67 years old.

Mr. Schachter headed the recording musicians' committee of Local 802, American Federation of Musicians, which he organized in 1970.

His survivors include his mother, Bessie Schachter; a son, David, and three daughters, Judy Miller and Bonnie and Linda Schachter, of his former marriage to Joan Edwards; a son, Harold, and a daughter, Marilyn Silverstein, of an earlier marriage; two brothers, two sisters and nine grandchildren.

Other books included "Beany Gangleshanks and the Tub," "Daily Except Sunday," "Skoal Scandinavia," "Window on America," "Along the Ridge," and "Chairman of the Board."

He served as Deputy Assistant Secretary and Deputy Under-Secretary of the Air Force from 1951 to 1953, during the Korean War.

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Advertisement for 'Kidnapped' featuring a large illustration of a man and a woman. The text includes 'Kidnapped' and 'The Glorious'.

مركزنا الجديد

Girls, 16, Are Kidnapped in Queens; One Is Found Shot and Critically Hurt

RT D. McFADDEN and the shooting of one of the victims was unclear last night. But Inspector Richard Nicastro, the commander of Queens detectives who is in charge of the investigation, said the police were proceeding on the assumption that it was a kidnapping for ransom.

Inspector Nicastro identified the victims as Yolanda Page of 216-15 Hollis Avenue, Hollis, the girl who was shot, and Jacqueline Lucas of 188-17 Jordan Avenue, Hollis, who was still missing.

The inspector said the girls were reported missing Wednesday evening by their fathers, Theodore Page, who was said to be a social worker for a state narcotics agency, and Lawrence Lucas, who was described as a garage attendant.

Condition Called Critical

Miss Lucas was described as 5 feet 3 inches tall and weighing 130 pounds. When last seen, the police said, she was wearing rust-colored slacks and shoes and a long green leather coat.

Miss Page was found lying in the street at Ocean Parkway near Avenue M in the Flatbush section of Brooklyn at about 4:30 A.M. yesterday. Residents who found her summoned the police, and she was taken to Kings County Hospital and later transferred to Kings County Hospital, where her condition was listed as critical last night.

The girl had been shot four times—in the back of the head, the face, the left abdomen and the left hand—and had apparently been left for dead, according to one investigator.



The New York Times/Meyer Lubowitz
FOOL: Serena Stockwell, editor of Nursing Care, in her office yesterday looking amused and at one lamb and three ducks that had been delivered by an April Fool prankster.

Two Men Involved

Inspector Nicastro said that, because of Miss Page's condition, investigators had been unable to obtain a detailed account of what had happened. He said the police were following up various investigatory leads, but he declined to be specific.

According to the police, the girls were abducted at 59th Avenue and Springfield Boulevard at about 4 P.M. Wednesday as they left the high school nearby at 57-20 223d Street. Two men were said to have forced the girls into a car at gunpoint and to have driven them to an apartment at an unknown location, believed to be in Queens.

Investigators said they were not ruling out the possibility that the girls knew their abductors, but they added that they had no definite information that this was the case.

They said there was no suggestion that the victims had been sexually abused by the kidnapers.

At least two men and possibly more were believed to have been involved. The kidnapers were said to be young men, but detailed descriptions of them and their automobile were unavailable, the police said.

The Federal Bureau of Investigation was not brought into the case immediately, the police said, because there was no indication that the girls had been taken out of the state.



The New York Times/Gourse Times
Governor Carey talking with Treasury Secretary William E. Simon in Washington yesterday. At center is George Gould of the Municipal Assistance Corporation.

Simon Hopeful on City Finances

Special to The New York Times
WASHINGTON, April 1 — Treasury Secretary William E. Simon expressed "cautious optimism" today about New York City's finances, but Senator William Proxmire, chairman of the Senate Banking Committee, criticized what he called his "Pollyanna attitude" for believing that the city would be able to obtain credit when legislation providing Federal loans expires, in 1978.

Mr. Proxmire, a Wisconsin Democrat, added: "I want to serve notice here and now that there is no way that we will extend the act, no way that we will bail out New York City after June 30, 1978."

Instead, he told the opening session of his committee's oversight hearings on the \$2.3 billion Federal loan that New York State must be prepared to extend credit to the city.

Governor Carey, who followed Mr. Simon to the witness stand, told the committee that "I don't know what the borrowing market will be" when the Federal loans expired. He said, however, that the State Constitution provided that "the state cannot give a gift of loan or credit to the city."

Senator Proxmire, asked after the hearing what would happen if the city could not attract private investors after the Federal legislation expired, replied, "I think the state may want to change its Constitution."

Today's televised hearing was the first session of the Senate Banking Committee since Congress passed the \$2.3 billion loan legislation last December. Senator Proxmire had pledged on the floor of the Senate that his committee would provide "tough" oversight over the legislation.

He said today that Secretary Simon had been put in charge of the project because of his reputation for toughness, "and we want you to be tough," he added.

The Secretary proved far more optimistic and conciliatory than the chairman. "Looking at the balance of the three-year period, there is now basis for a degree of cautious optimism," he told the committee. He cited the layoffs of 40,000 city employees, among other economies.

"I believe the job can be done, and done within the allotted time frame," Mr. Simon said. "I believe the job can be done without disrupting essential services. And most importantly, I believe the rewards of doing the job well and properly are potentially enormous."

Mr. Proxmire later chided Mr. Simon on his "Pollyanna attitude" and asked: "Even if the city obeys its plan, how

is it going to overcome the effects of the moratorium on the pent-up demand for wage increases when the three-year wage freeze expires?"

Mr. Simon replied: "Hard to see? Sure. For quite a few years." But he added that he believed that if the city took the steps necessary to put its house in order, it would be able to attract private investors to buy its bonds.

Senator Proxmire asked, "Are there any factors that prevent the city's repaying its loans on schedule?" The Secretary replied, "Not that we can see right now."

"You have no intention of coming to Congress for an extension?"

"Frankly, the thought never entered my mind," Mr. Simon replied.

Senator Edward Brooke, Republican of Massachusetts, asked, "Are you satisfied that there are adequate safeguards?" Mr. Simon replied, "More than any other credit agreement that I've ever seen, and I've worked on a lot of them."

The Secretary said that, besides the budget cuts, "we've found an attitudinal change."

"We're not dealing with bureaucrats who are doing business as usual," he said. "We're dealing with people who want to solve the problems and get back to their business, just as much as I do."

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Report Sees City 'Slipping' In Its Cost-Cutting Effort

By EDWARD RANZAL

The city's effort to overcome fiscal chaos is "seriously slipping," according to the fourth and most critical report by a special deputy state comptroller on the budget-cutting program.

In a report to the State's Emergency Financial Control Board, the official, Sidney Schwartz, projected that the city would fall short by 25 to 61 percent of the \$92 million it hoped to save in cash in the fiscal year.

Charging that the city had not provided alternative cost-reduction programs to compensate for shortfalls in programs already under way, Mr. Schwartz said:

"Some of these shortfalls are due to the inability or unwillingness of agency management to make timely reductions. Others arise because program savings cannot be effected without the prior consent or authorization of other governmental bodies. However, a significant factor impeding more rapid progress toward the achievement of the needed cost reductions is that many of the stated cost-reduction programs did not, in fact, reduce costs."

46 Programs Covered

The report covered 46 of the 181 programs to be cut, representing \$101.6 million, or 72 percent of the submitted annualized tax-revenue reductions, and \$62.3 million, or 80 percent of the submitted cash-revenue reductions to be effected during the fiscal year ending June 30.

Mr. Schwartz said that based on this data "the city will fall substantially short of its target unless attrition, substitute cost-reduction programs or other factors make up for this shortfall."

Some of the major areas of concern were:

• A \$1.4 million slippage in water revenues resulted because of the failure to update computers and revise collection procedures.

• The Board of Education's transportation program caused a \$2.8 million slippage—resulting from the board's failure to verify its statement that it had reduced the number of bus passes.

• The Board of Education made no savings after eliminating 181 positions, many of which involved vacancies, transfers or leaves of absence. This action was to achieve a savings of \$3.4 million, of which Mr. Schwartz said \$3 million would not actually be saved.

• No allowance was made for Fire Department overtime increases. Thus, \$2.8 million in savings will not materialize.

• The Finance Administration twice counted reductions in other than personal services, and so a savings of \$1 million will not materialize.

More Cuts Proposed

Mr. Schwartz recommended additional cost-reduction programs to offset actual and projected increases in revenue shortfalls and the preparation of cost-cutting programs to be put into effect when impending shortfalls are disclosed.

Responding to the report, Donald Kummerfeld, director of the city's Office of Management and Budget, said: "The city is committed to making \$200 million in annualized tax-revenue savings and will insure that this level is reached by the end of the fiscal year. Since not all actions have resulted in the total anticipated savings, the city is reviewing all cost-cutting programs in order to substitute new cuts where shortfalls are detected."

He contended that the city had "continued to show steady progress in its programs to reduce tax-levy expenditures."

Mr. Kummerfeld said there were sharp discrepancies between Mr. Schwartz' findings and Budget Bureau data. As an example, he said that Mr. Schwartz had projected an \$8.7 million cash shortfall because of a delay in putting a Medicaid savings program into effect.

"While it is true," Mr. Kummerfeld said, "that the anticipated cash savings will not result from the original budget-cutting plan, we have reduced our transportation program commitments to voluntary hospitals. Therefore, the \$8.7 million in cash savings will be achieved."

Metropolitan Briefs

Home Builder Bankrupt

Di-Com Corporation, the largest builder and promoting homes in the state, filed a voluntary petition in Federal Court in Brooklyn. The said that although it had \$11.7 million in assets, mainly from operators, the latter were difficult in meeting high interest rates or in obtaining financing. Di-Com, described by state officials as "trafficker" in nursing homes, recently lost a suit subpoenaed by Charles J. Hynes, the special state prosecutor. A spokesman for Mr. Hynes said the bankruptcy had no effect on the investigation.

Averted at Macy's

A threatened strike was averted when R. H. Macy & Co. reached a tentative contract agreement with the Retail, Wholesale and Department Store Union. The agreement, which covers 5,000 sales and clerical workers at 17 stores, includes a 3 percent wage increase and a union ratification vote.

Death in Chinatown Murder

A member of the Ghost Shadows, a Chinatown street gang, was shot yesterday by the police for the murder of a young woman, an innocent bystander in a gang war. The shooting took place in a restaurant on Canal Street. Six other persons, including a member of the Flying Dragons, were wounded in the shooting at the Co-Luck Restaurant, 42 Bowery.

Opens Office in New Rochelle

In a move toward decentralizing its local operations, the Bureau of Investigation opened a branch office in New Rochelle to handle investigations in Westchester and the Bronx. The office, at 1 Sheraton Plaza, will have 100 employees and will be headed by Beatrice, now an inspector assigned to F.B.I. headquarters in Washington.

Wins Stay in Billing Case

Abraham Muttler in State Supreme Court in New York City won a temporary stay enjoining the Consolidated Edison Company from billing electricity customers at the time meters were read, instead of at the time the energy was consumed. The court argued that its method had been directed by the Public Service Commission, and that that agency was the proper authority to decide whether to grant the company's request to submit briefs.

May Lay Off 2,000

2,000 Nassau County employees in various departments will be laid off in two weeks if the Democratic Assembly fails to approve permission for Nassau County to raise its present 3-cent county sales tax by 1 cent to obtain an additional \$22 million, according to the County Executive. The layoffs would affect 430 school crossing guards, 66 police officers and correction officers, among others. There would be a curtailment or elimination of many services, in-house for the poor and elderly.

Silver Cup Returned to C.C.N.Y.

A high silver cup donated to City College 50 years ago by the class of 1875 and stolen three months ago, was returned yesterday in what was called an April Fool's joke. The cup had been returned anonymously with a note that presumably had been used in the theft. The cup was returned to the City College building at 138th Street and Convent Avenue. A reward for the return of the 37-year-old cup was \$1,000, the spokesman said.

the Police Blotter . . .

Tatham, a retired policeman, was fatally shot by three men involved in a holdup at a tavern at 7th Avenue. Mr. Tatham, 57, lived at 1965 Avenue in the Bronx. A 26-year-old man was stabbed to death, his hands tied behind his back, in a holdup at 184 Edgemore Avenue. A television set was taken, the police said. . . . Five tons of steel valued at \$40,000 were stolen from the New and Refining Company, 269 Freeman Street, in the Flatbush section of Brooklyn.

LOTTERY NUMBERS

April 1, 1976

N.J. Weekly—870-649
Millionaire Finalist—31314
N.J. Pick-It—657
Connecticut—04-161
Color—Orange
Bonus—6619

City U. Board to Ease Off on Tighter Entrance Rules

By JUDITH CUMMINGS

The Board of Higher Education has agreed to limit the application of a controversial entrance standard requiring eighth-grade reading ability for admission next fall to City University, board sources said yesterday.

The requirement would have barred entry to thousands of minority-group students, according to the sources.

The change, scheduled to be adopted next Monday, is a provision of the first formal written document for restructuring the university approved by the board. The 10-member panel has been under pressure for months from the city and state to make recommendations for reducing university spending in response to the city's fiscal problems.

The board's previous resolution on admission required all applicants for admission beginning next fall to demonstrate reading competency at the eighth-grade level on a university test. The adapted rule incorporates alternative standards proposed by the university chancellor, Dr. Robert J. Kibbee, that call for a high school average of 70 or rank in the upper three-quarters of the class as the minimum for entry into community colleges.

Under the change, applicants failing to meet these criteria would take skills tests in both reading and mathematics. Those who passed would be admitted to a two-year college. Those who failed could go to a one-year transitional center—proposed to be operated by the Board of Education—for remedial help.

The decision to relax entrance criteria is seen as a compromise gesture to the board's three minority-group members, who have adamantly opposed any retreat from the university's policy of guaranteed admission to any recent graduate of a city high school.

The requirement that applicants demonstrate competency to read at an eighth-grade level raised a public outcry, after it was adopted by the board last December, when studies by the university indicated that such a measure would cut minority enrollment in next fall's freshman class by more than two-thirds.

A lawsuit to overturn the resolution on procedural grounds—instituted by two

board members, Vivia R. Quinones and Franklin H. Williams—was dismissed this week in State Supreme Court by Justice Charles G. Tierny.

The restructuring plan expected to be approved Monday is based on adoptions of proposals that were submitted to the board in February by the university chancellor, Dr. Robert J. Kibbee.

The plan calls for the John Jay College of Criminal Justice to be merged into an arm of Baruch College, retaining its own name for the sole purpose of granting degrees in criminal justice and related areas. This follows weeks of speculation that John Jay might be allowed to continue as a separate senior college in Jamaica, Queens.

Queens, which was to be reduced from a four-year college to two-year status in the original Kibbee plan, will reportedly be allowed to continue as a senior college on a trial basis, until it can be determined whether future student enrollments justify its maintenance.

Modgar Evers College in Brooklyn, however, will be reduced to a two-year college effective in June 1978.

Search Prompted by X-Ray Is Upheld

A Brooklyn Appellate Court held yesterday that it was necessary to get a traveler's consent to search his luggage if X-ray equipment at an airport found it contained a weapon.

It thus overturned a ruling by Judge Michael Skodnick of the Queens Criminal Court that such a search was illegal.

A spokesman for the Queens District Attorney, Nicholas Ferraro, said he believed the decision was the first in the country in which an Appellate Court had backed the use of X-ray searches leading to criminal prosecution.

The 2-to-0 decision of the Appellate Term of State Supreme Court in Brooklyn came in the case of John R. Benetti.

25 years old, of Chicago who ran into problems when he tried to board an American Airlines plane at La Guardia Airport on Oct. 18, 1974.

Refuses to Open Bag

As Mr. Benetti was undergoing a routine security check before boarding, an X-ray machine showed the outline of a pistol in his luggage. When security officials asked for a key to open up the luggage to inspect it, Mr. Benetti said he would not provide it and would not board the plane.

The authorities detained him despite his protests, and a subsequent search of the luggage revealed the presence of a .32-caliber Colt revolver, they said, as well as some hashish and marijuana. The Chicagoan was arrested on weapon-possession charges and ordered held in \$1,000 bail. He was also charged with possession of a controlled substance.

At his arraignment on May 21, last year, Judge Skodnick ordered the evidence suppressed, holding that the search had been unconstitutional.

The Criminal Court judge said he was dismissing the weapon charges on the grounds that the principal purpose of the security program—to prevent carrying weapons or harmful mechanisms aboard an airplane—had been carried out and that any further search would be illegal.

The two justices of the Appellate Term—Jacob J. Schwartzwald and Frank Pino—found that an X-ray search that discloses the presence of a weapon gives authorities "probable cause to believe that a crime may be committed." As a result, the justices found, a search did not involve violation of any constitutional rights.

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Homicide Suspect's Neighbors Post Bail in Westchester Case

Special to The New York Times
YONKERS, April 1—A former prostitute charged with manslaughter was freed today from the Westchester County Jail on \$1,500 bail raised by county residents who say they believe she is innocent.

The woman, Jean Gray, 28 years old, the mother of four children, was arrested in Memphis last Feb. 5. She was charged with murder and robbery in the death last Sept. 22 of John Sierra, a 47-year-old draftsman from Hastings, N.Y., whose body, with one stab wound, was found in his parked car.

Mrs. Gray, who moved to Yonkers from Memphis 10 years ago, had returned to Tennessee in December to settle family matters, according to her lawyer, Richard Gould of White Plains.

After her arrest, Mr. Gould said, Mrs. Gray waived an extradition hearing and returned "willingly" to Yonkers. A Westchester grand jury reduced the charges against her to manslaughter and possession of a weapon.

While Mrs. Gray was a prisoner in the jail her attorney filed the interest of several indi-

viduals and organizations, including the Yonkers and Ossining branches of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People and the Westchester Peoples Action Coalition, an umbrella organization for a number of groups devoted to various issues.

Mrs. Gray, her lawyers and several of her supporters held a news conference today in the home of May Morgan Robinson, a vice president of the Yonkers N.A.A.C.P.

"We feel that Jean is innocent," said Walter Brooks, a representative of the Ossining N.A.A.C.P.

The N.A.A.C.P. does not usually participate in an individual case, said Winston Ross, the president of the Yonkers branch, unless racial discrimination or injustice are involved.

"The police needed to solve the crime," Mr. Gould said. "They picked, through a series of circumstances, one who was easiest to arrest in the case."

Mike Edelman, a spokesman from the office of the Westchester District Attorney, Carl Vergari, supplied names, dates and charges, but declined to comment on the case.

At his arraignment on May 21, last year, Judge Skodnick ordered the evidence suppressed, holding that the search had been unconstitutional.

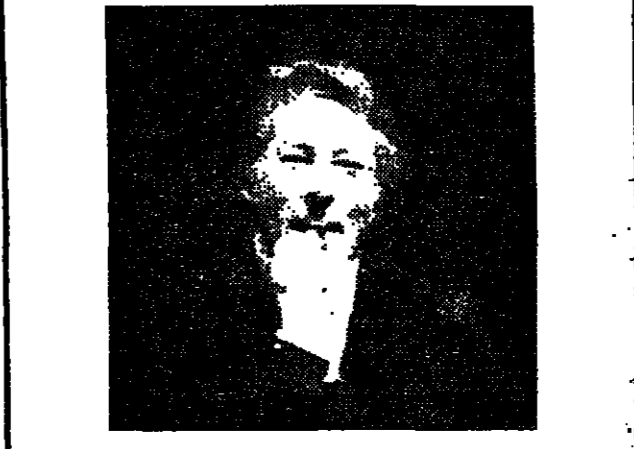
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Danny Kaye Pops Up at the Met

Danny Kaye paid one of his "look-ins" to the Metropolitan Opera at Lincoln Center yesterday and explained opera to an appreciative group of children. Top: An Early Brooklyn whistle commands attention. Bottom: The comedian, with help from Met singers, reacts to something very, very sad.



The New York Times/William E. Skoro

Ernst, Catalytic Figure in 20th Century Art, Dies

From Page 1, Col. 4

his and small-town not for him, he became student Nietzsche and of "Interpretation" came out while was in high school, concerned himself with psychology and in with the artistic of mental path were then begin investigated.

idge of Talent ad as and when he age of 15, visit ns, painting and n nature, discover- up with the early ters who could be s now, in the mu- logue. By the time the University of winter of 1906-9 all the new books many of the new at were setting the 20th-century in

d 20th, and he was l judge of talent in soon came to know Rhineland" group, led Franz Marc and ke, both of whom siderable mark as ore being killed in ks of World War I. of the young Ger- net the French post apollinaire and the ter Robert Delaunay visited the Rhine- 13. This confirmed elief that Paris was hich he most want- s. Meanwhile, he work in the First tann Salon in Ber- his fellow exhibi- d Paul Klee, Marc i members of the rist group.

o Paris briefly in y plans for a longer e continued. by the outbreak of Ernst served the war in the Ger- tarty in France and hat is now Poland, eluctant but appar- erable soldier whose en the heaviest head was such that s nicknamed him th the iron skull. to go on painting, he again showed in Berlin; on that made the acquaint- re Grosz.

his contacts in the s knew of the Dada which had begun in and Zurich and made its way to anover, Berlin, and of its confeder- had been a friend of 914; and when Ernst made his way back it turned out that were of one mind state of the world- te of art.

ew people came back ar," he said later, of stupefaction at ty, the total swish- bility of what had four years. We had k somehow at the which was respon- le war."

in His Fingers ideally suited to ve and wholly un- ethods of the Dada Like its other pro- nics Picabia, Mar- up, Man Ray, Kurt and Arp—he took it 1 that the physical e produced might jing whatever ma- at hand—old engrav- s found in the street- ographs—he turned magic in his fin- (e was a man that full of emotion and air). He wanted to claims of the imagi- time when Europe to a halt and every of the beliefs on prewar world had ed had proved to be

Cologne was a matter, exasperation both to army of occupation, German police. Ernst ed when the police Cologne Dada exhibi- own more delighted came to him a few and said: "Would opening up again? shut it down has police such a bad

after his return to e married Louise art historian, and e Sun Jimmy, was y Ernst has for e been well known in s a painter). instances of Max s did not, however, bled domesticity. He dined to get to Paris, already had a certain with André Breton, author of the "Sur- nifestoes," and with ara, one of the f Dadaism. His first tion was held at e an Sans Paveil in dished of collages e mailed in a brown e and it established tately as an artist- is for his mumble wit, ly unlimited powers n and his dazzling the French language. m for 'Celebes'

the summer of 1921 s with France were nsolated by and with the poet Paul o thereafter became e closest friends. In tated France illegally e house with Eluard, e Gela. (later to be



"The Entire City," oil on canvas, is dated 1925-6

come Mrs. Salvador Dali), Be- fore long he became known for such monumental paintings as "The Elephant Celebes" (now in the Tate Gallery in London), "Oedipus Rex" and "Ubu Im- perator." These combined solid craftsmanship with imagery that has never lost its power to disturb.

But the notion of settling down as a man who kept office hours, painted regularly for an annual exhibition and, in general, fitted into the traditional patterns of the art world was as abhorrent to Ernst in the mid-1920's as it had been im- mediately after his discharge from the Army. He acted by in- stinct and on impulse. In 1924, for instance, he sold his entire output to a dealer in Düssel- dorf and set out for the Far East to join Eluard on what seemed to their friends to have been an unmotivated escapade.

Unfettered Imagination By the time he returned to Paris in October 1924, Breton had published his "First Sur- realist Manifesto." The role of the unconscious in art had been formulated in terms not alto- gether unlike those that Ernst might have formulated for him- self as a student before 1914; and he himself was regarded as one of the principal ornaments of the Surrealist movement.

He continued to invent new ways of making and combining images, some of them calcu- lated, others involuntary. He aimed at all times to keep his imagination unfettered; and for that the procedures of tradi- tional painting in oils often

seemed to him too slow, too labored, too lacking in spontaneity. It was for this reason that so many of his most memo- rable achievements were owed to techniques of a freakish or idiosyncratic sort. Rubbing on wood, cutting with a sharp pair of scissors, importing ready-made elements like the ones used in the "Two Chil- dren Threatened by a Night- ingle," which is now in the Museum of Modern Art in New York, he kept expectation at bay. In his art he was a born solitary, even if at times he drew close to friends like Arp and Joan Miró or was delight- ed to join with Eluard in pub- lishing a book of poems in which it is very difficult to tell which lines were owed to which hand. In the Surrealist Group, over which Breton ruled as an absolute autocrat, he was an irreducible renegade to whom the very name of disci- pline was odious. It was not surprising that in 1926 he fell foul of Breton for having made stage designs (with Miró) for a Diaghilev ballet called "Romeo and Juliet." There en- sued between Ernst and Breton a hostility that continued until the day Breton died.

It was in 1927 that Ernst began on the great series of preliminary images that were in effect a portrait of the Europe that was to come. In "The Horde," he showed a de- monic army on the march. In "A Vision Inspired by the Por- tress St. Denis at Night," he showed for the first but by no means for the last time a great city

shuttered and shattered. Dis- rupted of a more intimate sort were hinted at in painting after painting. (After his divorce from his first wife Ernst, in 1927, married Marie-Berthe Aurenche; but it was not until his long and happy third marriage to the American painter Dorothea Tanning that he ceased to take the gloomiest possible view of the conjugal tie.) In 1929, Ernst published what he called his "collage-novel," "La Femme 100 Têtes." Like its successor, "Une Semaine de Bonté" (1934), this was made up primarily of altered engrav- ings; plates from 19th-century pulp novels, magazines of ad- vertisement or manuals of techni- cal instruction he recombined in ways that could never be predicted. Taken together, these two books form an encyclopedia of our century's anxieties; and one astonishing for its resource, its fenshish wit and its rare moments of lyrical repose.

In 1933, the year the Nazis came to power in Germany, Ernst painted "The Petrified City," in which an unnamed acropolis is seen to have been turned to stone in the after- math of an unidentified cata- strophe. Paintings like "The Barbarians March West" (1935) and "The Angel of Hearth and Home" (1937) left the spectator in no doubt that Ernst con- sidered both society in general and the institution of domes- tic life to be in the worst pos- sible way. The war dance of the supposed angel in "The Angel of Hearth and Home" is indeed one of the most sinister images in modern painting.

Moved to Avignon Ernst had been singled out for disfavor among the Nazis ever since 1933, when he made it quite clear in "Europe After the Rain I" that in his view Europe was threatened by a calamity that could be likened to a great flood tidal of filth. All Nature was poised for fall by the changes that he saw in mankind. But instinct led him even at the worst of times to build an ark for him- self; and in 1938 he moved with the painter Leonora Carrington to a house not far from Avig- non, France, which he set him- self to restore and decorate as if he would be living there forever.

After the outbreak of World War II he found himself, on the contrary, in trouble with the French, who interned him as an enemy alien. When the Ger- man armies forced the French to surrender, it became a mat- ter of life and death for him to escape from France. Few men could be more difficult to imprison, but even after re- peated escapes it was as much as he could do to make his way, with the help of his son, Jimmy, and other Americans, to the United States.

In 1941, he arrived in New York with Peggy Guggenheim, who eventually became his fourth wife. He had his first show in New York at the Julien Levy Gallery in 1932, and in 1936 Alfred Barr included him in the "Fantastic Art, Dada, Surrealism" exhibition at the Museum of Modern Art. Though not unknown, therefore, he found it difficult to make a liv- ing by his work in the United States during World War II. Once again he decided to make himself an artist this time in Sedona, Ariz., which he first visited in 1943. It was during that year that he painted the large picture called "Vox An- gelica," which is in effect a pictorial autobiography divid- ed into well-judged compart- ments.

Unlike many Europeans who came to the United States as exiles at that time, Ernst took an enormous delight in the landscape, the speech habits and the imaginative traditions of the United States. What he did not so much care for—and what never ceased to rouse him to a fine fury of imprec- ation—was the accusation of "moral turpitude" that came his way when his tempestuous private life finally came to an idyllic culmination in the com- pany of the young painter Dor- othea Tanning. This accusa- tion was silenced when he and Miss Tanning were married in 1945, but it never ceased to

frankle him that it should ever have been leveled. Arizona and the Colorado River were a source of unend- ing pleasure to Ernst, as were the films of W. C. Fields and his new wife's natural gaiety of spirit and freedom of speech. But fundamentally he was still a European, and once World War II was over, he began to think of returning to France. A first postwar visit to Paris in 1950 was the occasion of heartwarming re-encounters with Arp, Eluard, Tzara, Alberto Giacometti and others. But in practical terms it was not quite so successful, since Ernst even at the age of 59 had nothing like the reputa- tion he deserved.

He was, indeed, the last of the old masters of modern art to be given his due. But when he was awarded the grand prize for painting at the Venice Bi- ennale in 1954, public feeling at last began to swing his way, and over the next 20 years his reputation mounted steadily and without interruption. He was, almost to the end of his life, a terrific worker. Nothing stopped him. If his doctor was worried about his heart, Ernst took the cardiogram and used it as an ingredient in a picture. If his doctor told him to stop working altogether, Ernst took off his painting overalls and used them too as an ingredient in a picture. If illness came his way, he bore it with a Roman stoicism.

He had all the honors that he cared to accept in the 1960's and 70's. All the exhibitions, also. (The last great Ernst show was one that began at the Guggenheim Museum in New York in 1975 and later moved to the Grand Palais in Paris). To those who met him at those times it seemed as if fame had long ago taken him by one hand and fortune by the other. But it had not been so; for him to survive at all had needed a heart of iron and a nature of steel.

The late work lent itself even so to a euphoric interpretation. It had an enforced gaiety, a freshness and a felicity of inven- tion that rarely failed him even when the demands for new work came in at a rate that would have daunted a man half his age. There was still magic in his fingers' ends, just as he had the same com- mand of language, the same upright and fiery stance be- fore life and the same specta- cularly fine looks that had as- tonished his new friends in France more than 50 years earlier. He carried himself to the end as what he was: the only one of his kind.

By RICHARD WITKIN The National Transportation Safety Board said yesterday that it was "concerned" about a possible repetition of the "catastrophic engine failure" that destroyed a DC-10 jumbo jet here last fall. The agency termed "inade- quate" the procedures used in 1970 to test the General Elec- tric engine's ability to with- stand collisions with birds, and it called for "immediate re- testing" in compliance with all criteria of the Federal Aviation Administration.

Until any needed engine changes are made, the safety board said, the F.A.A. should require regular and frequent use of bird patrols to clear run- ways before takeoffs are made at affected airports by planes using the engine, designated the CF-6. The CF-6 is used not only on the McDonnell Douglas DC-10, but also on the Euro- pean A-300B Airbus and on some Boeing 747 jumbo jets.

An Angry Reply The safety board's action drew an angry reply from the General Electric Company. The company contended that the language in the letter to the F.A.A. was "inflammatory," that the implications about the 1970 tests were "untrue," and that singling out its engine was "unfair and improper." Gerhard Neumann, the com- pany's vice president for jet

engines, said the possible need for tougher F.A.A. bird-strike requirements was an issue af- fecting all jumbo jet engines, not just the CF-6. He also said that new tests already under- taken by General Electric had isolated the cause of the en- gine failure that led to the ac- cident last fall, and had dem- onstrated a solution to the problem.

The accident involved an Overseas National Airways DC-10 that was taking off Nov. 12 from Kennedy International Airport, bound for Saudi Arabia to take Moslem pilgrims on charter flights to Mecca. Half- way down the runway, the plane ran into a flock of sea- gulls. Engine Falls Apart As the pilot pulled back the throttle and hit the brakes, portions of the right-wing en- gine fell on the runway and flames erupted from the engine area. The plane was steered sharply to the left onto the last taxiway to avoid running into a blast fence at the end of the runway.

After the airliner stopped, all 139 on board slid down escape chutes before the fire spread in a series of explosions that destroyed the \$20-million air- craft. All of the passengers were airline employees. Most safety experts agree that there would have been many deaths

and injuries if the plane had carried regular passengers less out-of-balance fashion. This familiar with escape proce- dures. In response to yesterday's safety board proposal, the F.A.A. said it was already look- ing into some of them and would keep the board informed of the progress of tests and studies.

The board accepted one of the proposals, promising that within seven days it would advise all airlines using CF-6 engines of the dangers of engine ingestion of birds or other objects. Airline Is Confident United Airlines, which oper- ates more DC-10's (37) than any other airline, issued a state- ment saying that it had "con- fidence in their dependability and integrity." It also said that procedures to sweep birds from runways had been an integral part of its requirements at all airports with a bird problem.

Bird patrols had been in use at Kennedy International Air- port even before the accident last fall. Since then, their use has been intensified, both there and at other airports. General Electric spokesmen said that recent tests simulat- ing bird strikes had pinpointed the shortcoming that led to the accident at Kennedy. This was their explanation: When the gulls struck the engine, the tips of some whirl- fans broke off and, whole

FROZEN METHANE SIGHTED ON PLUTO

Planet May Be Smaller Than Thought and Could Have Been Moon of Neptune

By WALTER SULLIVAN

Evidence has been found that Pluto, the outermost of the nine planets circling the sun, is partly covered with methane ice. This has raised the possibility that Pluto is much smaller than has been supposed and may, in fact, be a former moon of Neptune.

Neptune, the next-to-out- most planet, is massive, being 27,600 miles in diameter. A figure widely used for the di- ameter of Pluto is 4,000 miles, half that of the earth.

The Pluto estimate, however, was based on its brightness as a pinpoint of light observed through the great 200-inch telescope on Mount Palomar in California. If Pluto is largely covered with methane ice, it could be much smaller and still shine as brightly in reflect- ed sunlight.

The new observations have been made at the Kitt Peak National Observatory in Ariz- ona. It has been calculated that in the near-vacuum environ- ment of Pluto methane gas would freeze only at tempera- tures below minus 375 degrees Fahrenheit—87 degrees above absolute zero, the total absence of heat.

Frozen methane has never been detected on planets or moons closer to the sun. Its apparent existence on Pluto in- dicates that at no time since the ice formed has the sun turned hotly enough for its heat to boil off the methane on that most distant planet. A number of astronomers believe that the sun was much hotter during the earliest phase of so- lar system development.

A Basic Gas Form Methane, a gas in which four hydrogen atoms are attached to a single carbon atom, is thought to have been one of the original components of the earth's atmosphere. It is the primary constituent of natural gas. Because it occurs in mines, causing explosions, it is known to miners as "fire damp." It is also generated as "swamp gas" by fermentation.

Its occurrence on Pluto has been determined by three Uni- versity of Hawaii scientists using the 138-inch reflector on Kitt Peak. Dr. Dale P. Cruik- shank, Dr. Cal B. Plicher and Dr. David Morrison. So far, it appeared possible to the three astronomers that methane ice might occur there. To an observer on Pluto, the sun would be so distant that it would appear in the sky only as an unusually bright star.

The search for methane was conducted by observing the planet through two filters. One passed a narrow band of in- frared wavelengths characteris- tic of water ice. The other passed the wave lengths re- flected intensely by methane ice.

The response, according to Dr. Cruikshank, "was exactly as predicted for methane ice."

To test the system, several moons of Saturn were also ob- served. They showed evidence for water ice, as expected, but no methane ice. Unusual Orbit That Pluto might be a former moon of Neptune, drawn out of its original orbit by the gravity of some passing body, has long been suspected by some astronomers. The other planets circle the sun in rather circular orbits. The orbits are close to concentric to one another, all lying in the plane of the ecliptic. Apart from Pluto, only Mer-

Freedom Train Rolls On As It Marks a Birthday

By WILLIAM K. STEVENS

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., April 1—Into Jefferson City they rolled, bus after yellow bus, convoys from all over the mid-Missouri countryside heading toward the brilliant- ly hued red-white-and-blue steam locomotive with the words "American Freedom Train" emblazoned on the cars it pulled.

It was the train's first birthday today, and the Mayor of Jefferson City said there had been some worry that not enough people would show up here to cele- brate—just as, a year ago, there were predictions of failure attached to the whole Freedom Train venture.

No one need have worried, it seems. The Freedom Train, after what its operators ad- mit was a "bumpy start," is packing them in these days, and Jefferson City is no exception. Legions of schoolchildren burst from the buses this morning and mixed with crowds of grown-ups who had come in cars. They formed a line four and five deep, 500 yards or more long. They waited for an hour or more to get into the train with its traveling display of memorabilia and artwork, its appeal to nostalgia and its historical documents, its kaleidoscopic, multimedia evocation of America's past.

A Birthday Party While they waited, the birthday party started. The roadway alongside the tracks became the midway for an old-fashioned celebration of American national sentiment, almost an anachronism in the sophisticated world of the 1970's. But there it was: Twenty-five Bicentennial flags snapping in the wind while the Jefferson City High School Band played "Seventy-Six Trombones" and "Anchors Away." A choir singing "America," Girl Scouts and Boy Scouts in uniform. A detachment of volunteers in blue-and-buff continental Ar- my uniforms, brass buckles glinting in the sun. Hot dogs, cotton candy and popcorn. Speeches by politicians.

"Neat-O!" and "Decent!" schoolboys exclaimed inside the train, impressed by the model of a submarine or a mockup of the inside of an Apollo spaceship, or the size 20 sneaker donated to the train's sports section by Bob Lanier, Detroit Pistons center.

How the Freedom Train will play next July when it hits New York City—"so- phisticated New York, where everyone is more critical than out here in the heart land," in the words of one of the train's spokesmen—is unknown. Out here, at least, it plays fine.

In Kansas City, Topeka and Wichita, a maximum crowd of 16,500 trooped through the train during each 14-hour visiting day. Maxi- mum attendance is now the rule, especially during 1975. As a result of the upturn, says Peter L. Spurney, the president of the non-profit American Freedom Train Foundation, "we are operat- ing in the black and making timely payments on our

curry departs substantially from this pattern, its orbit being tilted 7 degrees. The orbit of Pluto is tilted 17 degrees and is highly elongated, the plan- et's distance from the sun varying between 2.76 and 4.59 billion miles. This carries it in- side the orbit Neptune, but the orbits are such that there is no danger of collision. Presumably the planet is not entirely covered with methane ice, for there are marked vari- ations in the brightness of its surface areas. The brightness 1930. It requires 247 earth years to complete one orbit indicating the planet's spin rate of the sun.

Once its percentage of ice cover has been determined, per- centage of methane from space, it should be possible to make more reliable estimates of Pluto's size based on overall brightness. Neptune has two known moons: Triton, believed to be 1.4 times the diameter of the earth's moon, and Nereid, esti- mated at less than one-hun- dredth the moon's diameter. Nereid was discovered in 1949. Pluto was first detected in surface area. The brightness 1930. It requires 247 earth years to complete one orbit indicating the planet's spin rate of the sun.

Storm Blamed for Crash WASHINGTON, April 1 (UPI)—Blaming storm winds for an Eastern Air Lines crash that claimed 113 lives last year, the safety board warned today that pilots and air controllers tend to ignore storm hazards near the ground in an effort to keep airport operations smooth.

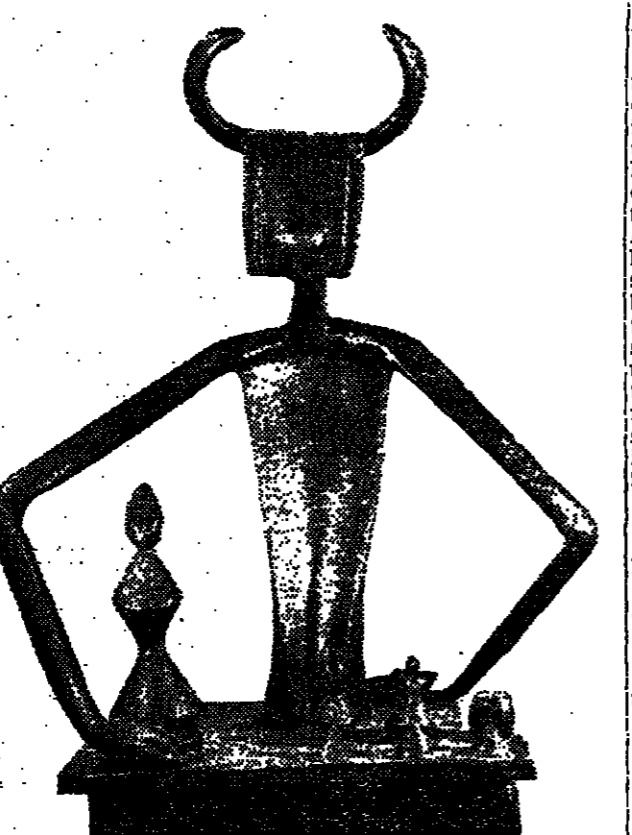
Sheep
Coats & Jackets
below

Excellent Quality

INDIS PETIT

FRENCH CHAR

SHOPPING



"The King Playing With the Queen," 1944, is a bronze sculpture cast from plaster.



"Two Children Are Threatened by a Nightingale," oil on wood with wood construction, 1924.

Court's Ruling to Let Miss Quinlan Die Stirs Much Praise and Condemnation

By JOSEPH F. SULLIVAN
Special to The New York Times

TRENTON, April 1—Joseph P. Quinlan visited his comatose daughter today as controversy mounted over the New Jersey Supreme Court decision yesterday authorizing him to terminate her life and state officials studied the opinion to determine whether to appeal the ruling.

An appeal to the Supreme Court of the United States would delay any action to remove mechanical life-supporting machines from the young woman, Karen Anne Quinlan, for more than a year, according to legal observers.

If no appeal is filed by any of the attorneys in the case, it may still be weeks before the machines that have sustained Miss Quinlan's bodily functions for almost a year are removed.

Paul W. Armstrong, the attorney for the family, said the Quinlans did not meet their daughter's attending physicians today, as planned, and said such a meeting would not take place until next week.

The State Supreme Court, in its 7-to-0 59-page opinion written by Chief Justice Richard J. Hughes, named Mr. Quin-

lan as his incompetent daughter's guardian. The decision empowered him to terminate the around-the-clock intensive medical care that his daughter is receiving if attending physicians and an "ethics committee" or similar organization at St. Clare's Hospital in Denville agree that "there is no reasonable possibility" that she will recover to a "cognitive, sapient state."

The court grounded its declaratory judgment in a newly delineated right of privacy that it said would, if properly exercised in cases similar to Miss Quinlan's, protect family members, physicians and hospitals from civil or criminal liability as the result of decisions to terminate medical treatment.

The court said Miss Quinlan would probably exercise her right, if she could, to remove the machines that are doing nothing more than delaying her death. However, because she cannot exercise the right, the court said, it passes to her guardian, who is empowered to make decisions in her best interest.

Most of those who will have to deal with the decision agree that it contains new law, is precedent-setting and will have

to be dealt with by courts across the country as they face similar questions.

Some religious spokesmen said the decision was "compassionate" and dealt honestly with gaps in the law or in medical standards. Medical and legal spokesmen saw no such gaps, and some considered the opinion an unwarranted intrusion into medicine, at the least, and possibly a dangerous step in the direction of sanctioning "mercy killing."

Spokesmen for the New Jersey Medical Society and New Jersey Hospital Association said no official reaction would be forthcoming until further study by boards of the two organizations.

However, Vincent Marassa, executive director of the medical society, said, "The opinion doesn't seem to depart very far from Judge [Robert] Muir's decision, so we'll have to put them both together and see what comes out."

Judge Muir, who conducted the Superior Court hearing on the Quinlans' request to remove their daughter's respirator, had ruled that the decision was a medical one, and he refused to grant the family's request.

Jack Owen, president of the hospital association, said, "I think it's a pretty good opinion; it puts the case back in the hands of doctors, not the courts. It also alleviates the concern of physicians over malpractice suits or criminal charges."

B. J. Anderson, counsel for the American Medical Association, said the ruling appeared to require physicians to undergo an unnecessary review by "ethics committees" before they could make decisions "that are now made all across the country every day."

"A treating physician is certainly able to determine whether his patient is in a terminal condition," Miss Anderson said. "If he is unsure of anything, the doctor can ask for a consultation with another physician." She said most hospitals did not have "ethics committees" at the present time.

Dr. McCarthy DeMere of Memphis, who is both a lawyer and a physician, was the sharpest critic of the ruling. He said it would "set organ transplants back 10 years."

Dr. DeMere, who was the chairman of the American Bar Association's committee that wrote a legal definition of death based on a total and irreversible cessation of brain function, said that yesterday was a memorable day for several reasons.

"I was happy because the Governor [of Tennessee] signed a bill that makes our definition of the legal definition of death in this state," he said. "And then I was extremely saddened to learn of the New Jersey court ruling."

"The Quinlan case was one that should never have gotten into court at all," Dr. DeMere said. "These decisions are made by doctors every day and they don't need lawyers and judges practicing medicine."

He said the decision should make pro-euthanasia groups "rejoice." He said the terms "cognitive" and "sapient" were "right out of their literature."

"These are quality-of-life words and they bother me," Dr. DeMere said. "I know retarded people who are never cognitive—which means to recognize or remember—or sapient—which means wise."

The committee system described in the opinion would delay transplants for days while ethics committees made decisions, Dr. DeMere said. "This ruling set bad precedents, but it will carry great weight all across the country. I hope an appeal is taken, so I can interest the bar or medical associations to file a brief with the United States Supreme Court."

Life, Death and the Law Jersey Court, in Quinlan Case, Takes Stand on Who Can Decide the Question

By TOM GOLDSTEIN

In ruling that the respirator that has kept Karen Anne Quinlan alive for nearly a year might be turned off, the New Jersey Supreme Court became the first court in the country explicitly to authorize the withdrawal of life-preserving treatment.

Further medical intervention would not be in the patient's best interest.

Although the court's decision technically applies only to New Jersey, it is expected to set a pattern for courts across the country. The case, which has drawn worldwide interest among doctors, lawyers and theologians, presented questions that had never been answered by a court before, and the New Jersey judges, in their 59-page decision, answered many of them.

It was thus the first time a court has settled the question of who has the legal right to terminate care of an "incompetent" patient.

It is not up to courts to make those life-and-death choices, the New Jersey court said, for judges have no inherent medical expertise. It is exclusively the province of the lower-court judge, Robert Muir, whose ruling was unanimously reversed by the seven-member New Jersey Supreme Court on Wednesday.

Rather it is up to the patient's guardian in consultation with doctors, as long as their decision conforms to acceptable medical procedures.

Precedent Not Binding

In a departure from existing law, the court said that those standards need not be he existing ones.

Under standard medical practice and under any legal standard recognized in New Jersey, Miss Quinlan, who fell into a coma last April 15, is considered to be alive.

The court acknowledged that the decision by Miss Quinlan's physicians not to disconnect the respirator was consistent with the "then-existing medical standards and practices."

The court took notice, however, of rapid advances in the "technology of sophisticated and artificial life-sustaining devices that have obscured the use of traditional definitions of death. And for the first time it gave judicial recognition to the unwritten and unspoken standard of medical practice."

During the hearing before Judge Muir in Superior Court last fall, several doctors testified about the practice of "judicious neglect" in which doctors refused to intervene with the irreversible, terminal, pain-ridden patient. It was this practice that the Supreme Court adopted as an acceptable standard.

According to legal experts, no court has gone this far. In fact, few courts have ever been asked to rule on the legality of withdrawing life-sustaining procedures.

'Glare of Legislation'

Terminal decisions are made in hospitals without the glare of litigation," said Norman Cantor, a visiting professor at Columbia Law School and the author of several scholarly articles on euthanasia and related areas.

Under the guidelines finally adopted by the New Jersey Supreme Court, Miss Quinlan's present life-supporting system may be withdrawn once the attending physicians and the hospital's ethics committee agree "that there is no reasonable possibility of Karen's ever emerging from her comatose condition to a cognitive, sapient state."

Relying on a novel interpretation of a person's right of

privacy, the court appointed Miss Quinlan's father her guardian and empowered him to seek physicians and hospital officials who would agree to disconnect the respirator.

"It is the issue of the constitutional right of privacy that has given us most concern, in the exceptional circumstances of this case," the court said.

"Ultimately there comes a point at which the individual's rights overcome the state interest," the court held.

In this instance, it found that Miss Quinlan's interest in the discontinuance of the life-support apparatus exceeded the state's interest in preserving human life.

But since Miss Quinlan is "gravely incompetent" to make the choice, the court said that her right of privacy "may be asserted on her behalf by her guardian under the peculiar circumstances here present."

It found that her father, Joseph Quinlan, was a man of "character and general suitability" to act as guardian. It said that the lower court judge had erred in withholding such guardianship from him.

No Criminal Liability

In yet another groundbreaking aspect of the case, the court declared there could be no criminal homicide in the circumstances to this case. Both the Morris County Prosecutor and the State Attorney General had argued that accelerating Miss Quinlan's death would result in criminal liability.

The court ruled that Miss Quinlan's death "would not be homicide, but rather expiration from existing natural causes."

Even if it were to be regarded as homicide, the court said, it would not be unlawful.

Nevertheless, the decision by no means disposed of all questions regarding the definition of death and the prolongation of life through artificial means.

"There inevitably will be new cases," said Professor Cantor.

There will be new fact situations where patients are not comatose but are lingering in extreme pain and suffering. Judicial determinations will have to be made.

Registration of Voters by Mail Upheld by High Court in Albany

Continued From Page 1, Col. 6

Residents applied for mail registration forms after the 1975 law was passed, and 40,000 actually registered in that fashion until the Buffalo decision curbed the trend.

The number of statewide mail registrants was put at between 70,000 and 75,000. All such registrations are now valid, state election officials said.

City Board of Election officials, expressing delight with today's ruling, said they expected the trend toward mail registrations to pick up again in the wake of the ruling.

Political observers believe that this will be particularly true in the inner-city area, where black and Hispanic people have, as a group, not voted as much as those of other groups. Mail registration will allow the Democratic Party, in which the greatest number of minorities is counted, to begin intensive campaigns in these areas.

According to party enrollment figures released today by the State Board of Elections, Democratic primary registrations have declined from 3.8 million in 1974 to 3.5 million today, a drop of some 10 percent.

Republican, Liberal and Conservative Party enrollments have also declined over the same period, however, as the

number of independent voters increased.

Justice Fuchsberg, in his ruling, noted that the 1975 law was passed in an attempt to deal with New York's voting deficiencies, including the fact that not more than half of those eligible to vote have actually been exercising their franchise. He noted that three city counties were under special Federal civil rights supervision because the proportion of eligible voters going to the polls was so small. Those counties are New York, Kings and the Bronx.

But the core of the ruling rested on Justice Fuchsberg's interpretation of a Constitutional article, adopted at the 1838 state constitutional convention, empowering the Legislature to enact a permanent registration procedure—instead of annual registrations as in the past—that left the door open to further revisions.

Although that law contains language requiring "personal application" by the registrant, Justice Fuchsberg ruled that the filing out and mailing of a registration form personally fell within the intent of that language.

State elections officials said that persons who had already registered by mail under the 1975 law were in light of today's ruling, fully registered and need do nothing more to obtain their voting rights.

QUINLAN DECISION OPPOSED IN ROME

Professor on Vatican Radio Calls Ruling 'Dangerous'

Rome, April 1—The decision taken by the New Jersey Supreme Court in the controversial case of Karen Anne Quinlan was criticized today by a professor—in an interview on the Vatican radio station.

The subject matter of the station's program was the Quinlan case, which was discussed by a professor in an interview on the Vatican radio station.

The court declared yesterday that the mechanical equipment that has been keeping Miss Quinlan alive could be turned off at the discretion of her father if doctors saw no hope for her recovery. The ruling also guaranteed that physicians attending the young woman would be legally protected from being held liable should they grant the parents' request.

Speaking on the Vatican station, Sergio Cotta, a professor of the philosophy of law at Rome University, said that the court's decision presented "very dangerous aspects." The ruling, he said, reflected "an exasperation of the tendency in American courts to uphold the right to privacy as a right to be able to do anything."

"From this point of view, she would become master of her own life," Professor Cotta added. "One could wish, or not wish, one's own death whenever one wanted."

The Roman Catholic Church teaches that God is the only master over human life and death.

Some Skateboarders in Rapture, Some in Traction

By FRANCES CERRA

In the world of skateboarding, the kids who specialize in daredevil descents of steep roads, highway bridge underpasses or just about any slanted stretch of concrete are known as "road rash riders."

"You get down low on the board to cut wind resistance, and you pray that the board slows enough so you can get off," said Fred Araujo. "If you get off prematurely, you get a road rash."

Mr. Araujo, 31, is the co-owner of "We Surf and Ski," a shop in Huntington, L. I., which has become a major distributor of skateboards on the East Coast, including among its customers major

New York City department stores.

Mr. Araujo, who himself admits to "burning off many sets of Levi's" in acquiring "road rashes," is one of the many entrepreneurs who see a tremendous future for skateboarding and are concerned that the serious dangers of the sport—broken bones, cracked skulls and even deaths—may inhibit its growth.

According to the United States Product Safety Commission, 1,253 actual skateboard-related injuries were reported in 1975 by 119 hospital emergency rooms in the country that participate in an injury-reporting system. That was twice the number reported in 1974, but was still only one-fifth the number of roller skate-related injuries reported by these hospitals.

A hazard index compiled by the commission, which is weighted according to the severity of injuries and the age of children below the number of skateboarders, No. 25, just after home workshops, power saws and other saws, and just above glass bottles and jars.

Bicycles rank first, and football and baseball fourth and fifth.

The safety problem with skateboards, as people like Mr. Araujo see it, has two basic causes: the inexperience of users who do not possess the necessary skills,

and the lack of safe places to ride them.

"In a controlled environment, like a 'skateboard arena' where there are structures who can teach kids and put them in proper physical shape, you can drastically reduce the number of injuries," Araujo said. "The big thing now is that the sport is controlled and unregulated."

Permission for Arden, Mr. Araujo has just received permission of the Town of Huntington to open a skateboard arena, a free-style "skateboard" rather than "street-style" skating, consisting of "skate turns," tricks, "stunts" done on ramps rather than steep hills.

In California, a few school districts have instituted skateboarding classes, in which safety is taught. Specially designed pants are also being contemplated to absorb the impact of falls. These are considered a ban on skateboarding on public streets. Professional skaters perform wearing helmets and elbow pads, hopes of convincing you imitators to be safety-conscious.

The National Product Safety Commission has had no action on skateboards far, other than to issue a sheet with some safety guidelines. The sheet advises skaters to keep their equipment in good repair, to learn to maneuver before attempting trick moves and to check uneven or broken concrete before proceeding.

It also notes that children under the age of 13 should have adequate supervision for skating, or sufficient maturity, exercise judgment types of maneuvers tempt on the skateboard.

A Skateboard Generation Is Blooming

Continued From Page 33

a hill seated and locked in a square formation.

Buddy-buddy: A large number of seated skateboarders riding down a hill with their arms locked.

Shoefly Christie: Riding the board with one leg fully bent and the other extended forward.

Other youngsters, their eyes wide with awe, described more elaborate tricks performed by the skateboard headliners in California, including finger handstands, acrobatic leaps by bare-footed youngsters grasping the

board in the air with their toes and high jumps over a crossbar with the rider landing back on his board on the other side.

As for danger, the Riverside Park youths appeared to view accidents with far less anxiety than they did visitors from other neighborhoods bent on stealing their boards.

Boy Notes Peril of Bathing

Eric Richman, philosophical beyond his 10 years, said, "Look, it's dangerous to go in the bath and take a bath, too. You can slip and fall."

If anything, the peril of the sport adds a heroic dimension

in the eyes of its new enthusiasts. When Jeremy Baumann took a spill and lay twisting in pain on the bottom of a hill, one of his friends commented, almost with envy, "Wow, he messed up real bad."

Another, Stuart Stone, 15, promptly pulled up the back of his shirt and proudly pointed out a scar.

Strength in Union

The streetwise Riverside Park skateboarders take their recreation in groups to deter marauders. Pulling himself up to his full 5-foot height, Adam Phillips said, "Somebody bothers us, we chase them out of the park."

Local retailers hope to capitalize on the mania. They are now selling skateboarders with cross-country ski bindings attached to attract adults interested in keeping their skiing skills intact during the off season.

City's Poor Jam Congressmen's Offices

By MARTIN TOLCHIN
Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, April 1—"Robin Hood was right," says the sign in the South Bronx Congressional office of Representative Herman S. Badillo. It is a display of bravado, not Notes on policy, says Mr. Metropolitan adds that since Congressmen the city started get last fall it has the rich who have victimized the poor.

Representatives Shirley Chisholm of the Bedford-Stuyvesant section of Brooklyn and Charles B. Rangel of Harlem join Mr. Badillo in asserting that their constituents have been hardest hit by the budget cuts, not wholly unexpectedly, since the poor receive a large share of city services.

Three Democratic members of Congress report that the number of constituents seeking help from their district offices has doubled since the cuts began.

These constituents have suffered both as users and providers of city services that have been reduced or "turned off." Many have been turned away from welfare centers, rejected by employment offices and turned down by renting agents. They go to the district offices as a last resort.

"My district office is like a hospital emergency room," says Mr. Badillo, whose South Bronx office is around the corner from a welfare center that he says illegally turns down qualified applicants. Although jobs and housing are hard to come by, Mr. Badillo reports that he succeeds in 9 out of 10 welfare appeals, called "fair hearings," conducted by state welfare officials.

"The city is balancing the budget on the backs of the poor," says Mr. Badillo, whose office counsels 40 constituents a day. City officials deny that they keep qualified applicants off the rolls, but state that there is always a margin for error, and they confirm the success of Mr. Badillo's appeals.

In Brooklyn, representative Chisholm said that her office was an employment agency in waiting to do something," she said. "The few in the district who were able to get beyond the poverty line and earn \$12,000-\$20,000 a year were the last hired and the first to be asked by the city government."

"They come asking for anything, even an \$8,000 job, just so they can get food, shelter and clothing."

Representative Rangel said that "there's no question that 90 percent of the problems I get referred to people getting fired," and that he expected to be deluged by those laid off in the scheduled closing of Sydenham Hospital.

Some freshman Democrats from conservative districts don't think that having representative Bella S. Abzug, Democrat of Manhattan, on the ticket as the party's Senate candidate, will do much for their re-election campaign.

"Running behind Bella Abzug in my district would be like running behind Mao Tse-tung," says Representative Jerome Ambruso, whose district straddles the Nassau-Suffolk line.

But Henry Nowak, a freshman Democrat from Buffalo, says that it's the Presidential candidate at the top of the ticket who counts. And Mrs. Abzug, who bitterly resents being compared to the Chinese Communist leader,

agrees that, except for the top of the ticket, "a candidate can't win his district on his own."

Bonds of friendship as well as political kinship explain why five New York City members of Congress are supporting Representative Morris K. Udall of Arizona in the Democratic Presidential primary. They are Jonathan B. Bingham and Mr. Badillo of the Bronx, Mr. Rangel and Mrs. Abzug, and Benjamin S. Rosenthal of Queens.

However, the demands of friendship can be too great, and some of them feel that Mr. Udall's campaign has been disappointing. "I've never been involved in big-time politics before," Mr. Rangel said with a grin, "and Mr. Udall is making sure that I'll never be involved again."

The New York State Congressional delegation has united behind efforts to save the Naval Supply Center in Brooklyn's Bush Terminal. Representative Leo C. Zeffereiti, Democrat-Conservative of Brooklyn, who is leading the fight, points out that not only are 752 jobs at stake, but also \$15 million that the center keeps on deposit in the city's banks, including \$500,000 in minority banks and \$150 million that is processed through these banks. The center has a payroll of \$13 million a year.

"Here we're asking private industry to stay in the city, and the Federal Government is pulling the rug out," Mr. Zeffereiti said.

City's Poor Jam Congressmen's Offices

Continued From Page 1, Col. 6

the unemployment insurance program.

Both committees also assumed that the antirecession tax cuts that expired June 30 would be extended for the balance of the calendar year, but that the additional tax changes recommended by President Ford would not be adopted.

In addition, both committees made an allowance for additional revenues that would be collected as a result of what is commonly called tax reform—elimination or limitation of special tax advantages mainly used by businesses and the wealthy.

The House committee decided that \$2 billion in revenues should be raised in this way. The Senate committee agreed that it would recommend to the Senate that \$2 billion be raised from tax reform but incorporated a figure of only \$1 billion from this source in its estimates.

The tone of the debate in the two committees differed a good bit more than the final figures did.

In the Senate committee, there was never much doubt that the committee would approve whatever spending total it reached after voting, item by item, on the various budget categories.

The vote on final approval of the targets in the Senate committee was 11 to 2 with Senator James L. Buckley, Republican Conservative of New York, and James A. McClure, Republican of Idaho, dissenting.

By contrast, there had been considerable fear that the House committee might not approve the total that it had arrived at. As it turned out, there were votes to spare. The committee approved its resopposed increases in Social Security taxes, but the House committee accepted part of his proposed increase in the taxes paid by employers that finance

Congressional Panels Propose \$413 Billion as a Budget Target

Continued From Page 1, Col. 6

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THE WHITE TURK RESTAURANTS RESERVE FOR EASTER DINNER 12 E. 19th St. off FIFTH Ave. 521-6464 MADISON Ave. at 29th St. 685-1710 Open 7 days

Now In New York Monkeymania Returns to the Big App

Attention, fans of the Monkees: I've just learned that those four precocious fellows who delighted television audiences and then turned into one of the decade's hottest recording groups—will be returning to the New York night club circuit on April 20th! For the first time in much too long, the Monkees—with Mickey Dolenz—will open up the Riverboat Night Club's spectacular Golden Oldie Revival. The Monkees will lead off a 10-week, season-inspired salute to some of the most popular recording artists to emerge from the '60s as smart, sophisticated entertainers, yet without having lost their youthful appeal. Wait 'til you hear who else is joining the "Boat's Golden Oldie Revival. Would you believe Gary Lewis and the Playboys, Mary Wells, Danny and the Juniors, and Sam the Sham and the Pharaohs!!!! What a lineup! And that's only for starters. The Riverboat talent manager is keeping under wraps one of the most spectacular entertainment coups of the century! Watch this column for details.

To note—the Riverboat's terrific All-You-Can-Drink dinner packages still stays at its rock bottom price even during the height of the Prom Season. A super star-studded stage show, dancing to a live orchestra 'til dawn, a full-course dinner including UNLIMITED DRINKS AND WINE. Can't think of a better way to celebrate arriving in the old sheepskin, myself!

There's no more denying it—Spring is just about upon us. If I didn't know it from the sun shining down upon me almost every day lately, I'd certainly know it from my stroll past the Autopub Restaurant last week. Sure enough, with the merest hint of balmy weather, those on-top-of-it-all guys at the Autopub brought out the outdoor patio equipment. The picnic tables are set up, the cheerful beach umbrellas have been scrubbed clean and sparsely lined, and the Patio's very own auxiliary kitchen is all set up for the coming dining-out-of-a-months. Whether for lunch, dinner, drinks, snacks or after-theater relaxing, the Autopub's outdoor Patio Cafe is a glorious place to be for 5 minutes or 5 hours. Having the sun shine down on you or the stars sparkle right over-

head in the middle of town N.Y.C. is a real treat. Speaking of our fair city's always been well known for its international s and if you spend an evening at the Hotel Roosevelt, Crowning Cock Bar, you'll see the young, energetic footloose-and-fancy-free people from almost every country, congregating each evening to wind or wind up. Pick anything to go there and find yourself mingling with some carefree bacchelo has just come back say, Aspen, or some d young Parisian woman. New York on a shoe string. There are tons of some why they all seem to congregate at the CR. Cook the extravagant of free hot hors d'oeuvres the dining room, an intimate bistro, but I the bar bustling. These gibles, plus the atmosphere, created by the mix of si ming stewardesses, Mad A Avenue business types, international travelers, a who all visit the Crowl Cock nightly.

Ask anybody to name five top shows in New York City today, and I'll bet anything that somewhere each and every list will "Me and Bessie"—the s pendous musical—detail the life of Bessie Sin Linda Hopkins plays Be with bravura, chronicl her early days as one of first popular blues sing (Bessie's popularity pried Billie Holiday!) and sing her personal Hepi style to a warm and to ing story. Linda and c deserve the spotlight Sunday and, as such, cast of "Me and Bessie" be the Celebrity Guest Luchow's Restaurant on Street and Irving Place taken with the chance dine on Luchow's exqui Roast Goose and Apple St ing and a devilish des like their very own Ling berry Panache, the "Bes east has played the di tion of copies of the RCA cast album. So the 100 couples who dine at chow's this Sunday will a copy of the hit alb Just clip and present i column. Call 477-4860 reservations.

by Ellen K. Grim
Address: West Street, 12th St. N.Y. 10011
New York, N.Y. 10011

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Conrail officials at news conference in Philadelphia yesterday were Edward G. Jordan, standing, the chairman, and Richard D. Spence, the president.

Conrail Obtains a Loan of \$309 Million

By RICHARD J. BODIN

PHILADELPHIA, April 1—The Pennsylvania Railroad Corp. has secured a \$309 million loan from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York to help finance the purchase of the Erie Lackawanna and the Lehigh & Hudson River railroads.

The loan, which is the largest ever made by the Federal Reserve Bank, was approved by the Federal Reserve Board in Washington yesterday.

The loan will be used to purchase the Erie Lackawanna and the Lehigh & Hudson River railroads from the Pennsylvania Railroad Co. The purchase price for the two railroads is \$1.1 billion.

The loan is part of a \$1.1 billion loan package that the Federal Reserve Bank has approved for the Pennsylvania Railroad Co. The other part of the loan package is a \$781 million loan to help finance the purchase of the Erie Lackawanna and the Lehigh & Hudson River railroads from the Pennsylvania Railroad Co.

Senate Panel Backs Oil Divestiture By 4 to 3 After 11 Years of Hearings

By DWIGHT DUNN

WASHINGTON, April 1—After 11 years of intermittent hearings, the Senate Judiciary Committee today voted 4 to 3 to approve a bill that would require the divestiture of oil and gas properties by companies that have acquired them since 1964.

The bill, introduced by Sen. Birch Bayh, Democrat of Indiana, would require companies that have acquired oil and gas properties since 1964 to divest themselves of those properties within five years of acquisition.

The bill would apply to companies that have acquired oil and gas properties through a merger, acquisition, or other means. It would not apply to companies that have acquired oil and gas properties through a lease or other non-acquisitive means.

The bill would also require companies that have acquired oil and gas properties since 1964 to divest themselves of those properties within five years of acquisition. The bill would apply to companies that have acquired oil and gas properties through a merger, acquisition, or other means. It would not apply to companies that have acquired oil and gas properties through a lease or other non-acquisitive means.

Ametek Investors Have Received an Increased Dividend for 25 of the Last 26 Years

By EDWIN L. DALE JR.

WASHINGTON, April 1—The Ametek Corp. has increased its dividend for the 25th year in a row, a record for the company.

The company's board of directors has approved a 10 percent increase in the dividend, from \$1.25 per share to \$1.375 per share.

The dividend increase is the 25th consecutive year that Ametek has increased its dividend. The company's dividend has increased by a total of 250 percent since 1951.

The company's earnings per share for the first quarter of 1976 were \$0.34, compared with \$0.33 in the first quarter of 1975.

Anaconda Shares Acquired by Arco

By WILLIAM D. SMITH

PHILADELPHIA, April 1—The Atlantic Richfield Co. has announced that it has acquired the Anaconda Copper Mining Corp. from Arco Inc.

The acquisition is part of a \$1.1 billion takeover of the Anaconda Copper Mining Corp. by Arco Inc. The takeover was completed yesterday.

The Anaconda Copper Mining Corp. is a major producer of copper in the United States. It has a long history of mining and production.

The acquisition of Anaconda by Arco is a significant move for the company. It adds a major copper producer to Arco's portfolio of assets.

AMEX RETRACES PHANTOM OPTIONS

By ROBERT J. COLE

Officials of the American Stock Exchange, now investigating options trades that never took place, theorized yesterday that the Amex specialists who were involved waited until just before the close of trading at 4 P.M. each day to make the phantom trades.

The reasoning behind the theory, Amex sources said, was that the specialists—stockbrokers obligated to keep an orderly market—wanted to make certain that the phantom trades would be the last transactions of the day and, consequently, the ones published in newspapers carrying Amex option tables.

In a special bulletin to members on Wednesday, the exchange disclosed that it had detected what it described only as "a number of instances" in which options transactions were reported on the tape by "certain specialists" but that these transactions had not actually taken place.

As many as nine Amex specialists and about 10 or 12 stocks are understood to be involved at this stage of the investigation, although Wall Street sources said that none of the specialists had been suspended or disciplined so far.

As pieced together by Amex investigators, this is what they think took place:

The "strike price" of an option, or the price at which the option could be exercised, stood, say at \$40. The underlying stock in that option, meanwhile, stood at \$60. The option price, therefore, was \$20 (or more).

At the start of trading in the morning, the option price was \$20 but by almost 4 P.M., when the price of the stock, say, rose to \$62, the option should have climbed in price to at least \$22.

However, options priced that high are often extremely inactive so that the price of the option may not have risen in concert with the price of the stock. The specialist, meanwhile, in his private quotations for the trade, may have been quoting the option more realistically, say, at 21 1/2 bid and 22 1/2 asked.

The specialist, the Amex investigators theorized, knows that if the option market closes without a change in the option price from the \$20 quoted at the start of trading, newspapers will carry the last price as \$20, when the real market, reflecting the movement in the stock, is his 21 1/2 bid.

If the newspapers quote the price as \$20, the theory goes, the specialist will receive a flood of orders that are "out of line" with the real market. To prevent that from happening, the specialist is supposed to have placed a phantom last sale at \$22—a price that would reflect the \$2 rise in the stock price.

The exchange detected the practice last Thursday, Amex sources said, and officials worked over the weekend to be certain before it announced a full-scale investigation.

Step Is Regarded as Bearish Indicator

By RICHARD PHALON

"Insiders"—corporate officers and directors—apparently stimulated by the rise in the market, have become heavy sellers, a study of trading figures released by the New York Stock Exchange shows.

Since the beginning of 1976, when stocks began getting close to the highest level in three years, insiders in Big Board listed companies have sold at least 1,845,800 shares of the corporations whose affairs they manage and bought only 584,124 shares. Much the same pattern is evident on the American Stock Exchange.

Analysts tend to regard such selling as a bearish sign. The selling has been particularly marked in an industry that is a major beneficiary of the bull market and whose insiders are presumably well attuned to the dynamics of the market—Wall Street's publicly owned brokerage firms.

Combination of Factors

The brokerage firms have benefited handsomely from a combination of record trading volume and rising prices—the key elements of the commission income that generates the bulk of their profits.

At least partly as a result of their enhanced earning power, most brokerage firm stock prices have climbed to the highest level in four years, insiders at the E. F. Hutton Group Inc., Merrill Lynch & Co.; Paine Webber Inc.; and Reynolds Securities International Inc. have all capitalized on the trend.

A study of the New York Stock Exchange weekly reports indicates that since the beginning of the year insiders have sold more than three times as much stock as they have bought.

Many of the purchases also appear to be a reflex action to the bull market. Many are being made under options that have suddenly taken on a new value because of the big rise in prices.

The 3.1-to-1 sales-to-purchases ratio shown by a compilation of the Big Board reports covering the first two months of this year—the March figures will not be ready until later this month—may be understated.

The Exchange reports are themselves a compilation of the reports that individual officers, directors, or major holders must file with the Securities and Exchange Commission after trading in the stock of a company with which they are affiliated.

The exchange, in an effort to reduce the amount of work involved, does not generally

Insiders Now Selling Heavily; Stocks Fall as Drivers Strike

By VARTANIG G. VARTAN

The stock market gave ground yesterday after one of its worries—the possibility of a nationwide trucking strike—became an actuality.

If the strike lasts very long, Wall Street fears that it might dampen the nation's economic recovery and possibly even affect corporate profits in the second quarter, which began yesterday.

The Dow Jones industrial average, registering its third loss of this week, dropped 5.35 points to 994.10.

General Motors, one industrial giant that would be hit hard by a prolonged trucking strike, fell a point to 69 1/2 in active trading.

But the day's big loser was Xerox—and for a different reason. Xerox, the leading factor in the copier industry, tumbled 2 1/2 points to 53 1/4 as the most actively traded issue, reacting to the introduction of a line of copier products by another huge company, Eastman Kodak.

Kodak, which rose 3 points on Wednesday, added a fraction yesterday.

Volume on the New York Stock Exchange remained light by recent standards. It totaled 17.91 million shares yesterday, a shade more than the previous day's 17.52 million shares.

Financing Plans

Nationwide trading in all issues listed on the exchange rose to 21.21 million shares from 20.98 million shares.

The market continued to react adversely to plans for additional equity financing. Allied Stores, for example, fell 3 1/2 points to 53 after disclosing plans to offer an additional 1 million common shares.

In recent months, the surge in stock prices has encouraged equity offerings by a number of large companies in a move that helps to improve their corporate balance sheets.

Invariably, however, the affected stocks drop in price after the announcement of such an offering, since it increases the supply of shares. In addition, these financings sop up money.

The Allied Stores offering alone entails more than \$50 million at present prices—that otherwise might go into the purchase of already existing shares. Thus these financings could blunt the over-all market advance.

The stock of Hanes, makers of Leggs panty hose, was a market feature, gaining 2 1/2 to close at a yearly high of 23 1/2. The stock rose 1 1/2 Wednesday, following an optimistic management appraisal of first-quarter sales and earnings.

Some Gainers

Posting fractional gains after reports of improved profits were Outlet, Sterchi Brothers Stores and Del Monte.

Cheslie System dropped a fraction after showing lower quarterly earnings.

C. D. Sears added 3/4 to 17 1/2. Late last month, the company announced a computerized, tomographic scanning system.

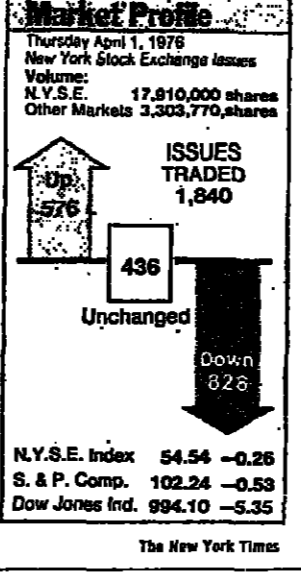
Oil issues generally moved lower after a Senate subcommittee approved a measure calling for the breakup of the nation's major oil companies.

The Big Board said that trading in Anaconda common stock would resume today. Trading will commence on a "when distributed" basis as well as in the "regular way."

The exchange indicated that the "when distributed" market would be provided for stockholders who expected to receive Anaconda shares as a result of the tender offer by Atlantic Richfield, which expired Wednesday. Atlantic Richfield has said that about 7 million Anaconda shares were tendered under its offer to acquire 6 million shares.

Credit Markets Ease

Credit market prices continued to decline in reaction to the Federal Reserve's sale of Treasury bills but later rebounded somewhat as a drop was reported in the money supply. Page 44.



WHOLESALE PRICES UP A BIT IN MARCH

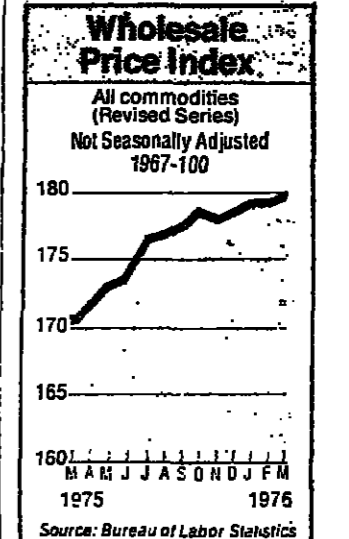
Rise Followed 2 Months of Drops but Inflation's Ebb Is Reported Unchanged

By EDWIN L. DALE JR.

WASHINGTON, April 1—The wholesale price index rose slightly in March after two months of decline, the Labor Department reported today. But the basic pattern of moderating inflation in the economy was unchanged.

The rise last month, after adjusting for normal seasonal changes in some places, was two-tenths of a percent. For five consecutive months this important indicator of inflationary pressure in the economy has shown either small increases or small decreases. By contrast, at the height of the inflation in 1973 and 1974 it rose steeply month after month.

The closely watched index of industrial products—where prices are less volatile than in the agricultural sector of the economy—rose by four-tenths



Pound Falls Below \$1.90; Wildcat Strikes a Factor

LONDON, April 1 (AP)—The British pound sank below \$1.90 for the first time today, undermined by wildcat strikes crippling the nation's biggest automaker and casting doubt on Britain's ability to achieve economic recovery.

Sterling opened at \$1.9139, but under heavy selling pressure suffered a 3-cent setback to touch \$1.8905 at midday. Noon, its previous low was \$1.9085 on March 10.

The pound's continuing decline was not limited to dollar trading. Against a grouping of 10 major European currencies, its devaluation since December, 1971, rose from 34.1 to 35.3 percent.

With inflation at 25 percent and 1.25 million persons unemployed, the cornerstone of Britain's recovery program—\$12 billion in pay raises—was threatened by wildcat strikes at British Leyland, the nation's leading car manufacturer and No. 1 exporter.

The state-owned corporation faced a total shutdown as a result of the wildcat strikes, which involve only 1,500 of British Leyland's 35,000 workers but have forced the laying off of 16,500 more men.

Company officials said the

Ford Expects Company's Reins To Remain Within the Family

Special to The New York Times

DETROIT, April 1—Henry Ford 2d, who is recovering from a heart ailment, expects another member of the Ford family to have a job somewhere at the top of the Ford Motor Company if Mr. Ford should have to leave before normal retirement age.

The chairman of the Ford company said in a copyrighted interview in The Detroit News today that he was still suffering some pains from his heart condition, but overall he felt fine and had no plans to retire early.

Mr. Ford is 58 years old and normally would have seven years to go before retirement. He was hospitalized in January and after 10 days in the hospital and a month of convalescence he returned to work March 1.

Sporting a beard that he grew while recuperating, Mr. Ford said the Ford family owns 13 per cent of the equity and holds 40 per cent of the voting power of the company founded by his grandfather in 1903.

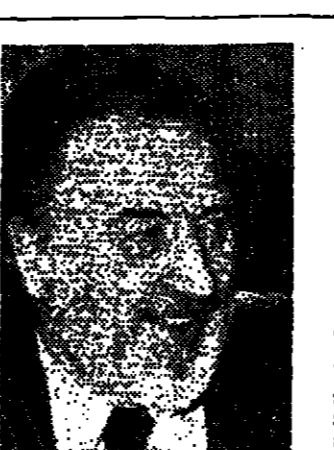
View of Management

He asserted that the company "has to be run as a public company regardless of how much ownership we have. But because of our huge investment we cannot abdicate our ownership position in any way, shape or form."

"I think the public really wants, after I go, to see somebody called Ford somewhere right at the top of the company, in some kind of position," he said.

Mr. Ford emphasized "we have no plans or concepts along these lines. There are no names or recommenda-

The Pound's Decline



Goldsmith Brothers Will Close Nassau Street Store, Its Last

By ISADORE BARMASH

BRUSSELS, April 1 (UPI)—The dollar hit eight-month lows in Frankfurt and Zurich today. The price of gold, having risen for the first time in a week yesterday, also resumed a downward trend. It was down 50 cents in Zurich at \$129.12, and slipped 85 cents in London to \$128.75.

Goldsmith Brothers, a 90-year-old company that was once the country's largest seller of stationery and office supplies, will close its last retail store at 77 Nassau Street within six weeks after a liquidation sale beginning Monday.

The concern filed a petition for Chapter XI bankruptcy proceedings last November, listing liabilities of \$4.8 million and assets of \$3 million.

After closing its six branch stores in the city, on Long Island and in Westchester County in January and February, the concern has been unable to continue its retail business because of a lack of cash and has decided to close its main store on Nassau Street, Nathaniel H. Garfield, president of the company, said. However, Mr. Garfield said that

Ametek Investors Have Received an Increased Dividend for 25 of the Last 26 Years

By EDWIN L. DALE JR.

WASHINGTON, April 1—The Ametek Corp. has increased its dividend for the 25th year in a row, a record for the company.

The company's board of directors has approved a 10 percent increase in the dividend, from \$1.25 per share to \$1.375 per share.

The dividend increase is the 25th consecutive year that Ametek has increased its dividend. The company's dividend has increased by a total of 250 percent since 1951.

The company's earnings per share for the first quarter of 1976 were \$0.34, compared with \$0.33 in the first quarter of 1975.

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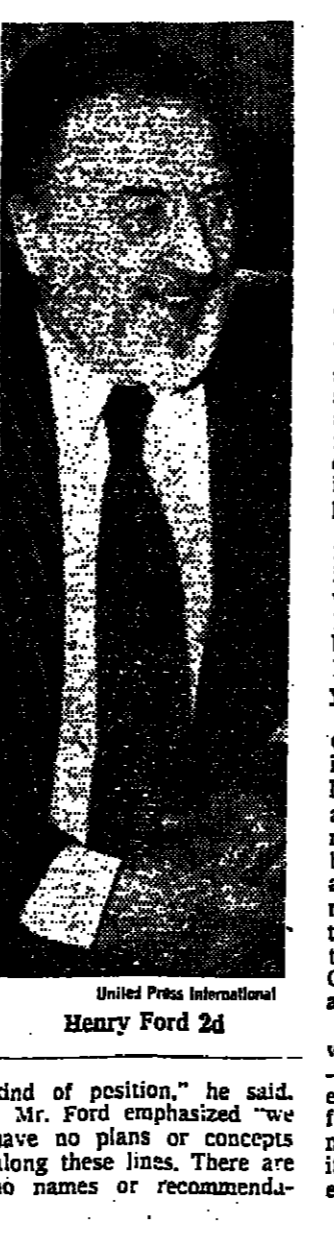
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AND SILVER HARP RISES

Pound Triggers Sold Unchanged

ETH M. FOWLER

Gold and silver prices rose... Pound triggers sold unchanged...

Prices Rise

Traders virtually closed... Prices rose...

Listing of Prices for Contracts in Futures of Commodities

Table with columns for commodity names (Wheat, Corn, Soybean Oil, etc.) and their respective prices.

Cash Prices

Table listing various metals and their cash prices, including Gold, Silver, and various grades of copper.

LONDON METAL MARKET

Table showing metal prices in London, including Gold, Silver, and various grades of copper.

OIL DIVESTITURE VOTED BY PANEL

Continued From Page 39

Vote was especially satisfying... Curiously, it was the first time...

The 15 companies that would be affected, according to the subcommittee staff...

Regular PBW Trading Set in Penn Central Co. Stock

The PBW Stock Exchange announced yesterday that the common stock of the Penn Central Company...

PBW said it planned to trade Penn Central common stock as a primary security...

One rule, the exchange said, would bar a specialist from making a trade in a round lot to trigger an odd-lot trade...

Foreign Stock

Table listing foreign stock prices, including Sydney, Zurich, and other international markets.

Other U.S. and Foreign Stock Exchanges

Large table listing stock prices from various exchanges including Midwest, Pacific, and others.

LONDON

Table listing London stock prices for various companies and indices.

FRANKFURT

Table listing Frankfurt stock prices for various companies.

JOHANNESBURG

Table listing Johannesburg stock prices for various companies.

TOKYO

Table listing Tokyo stock prices for various companies.

BOSTON

Table listing Boston stock prices for various companies.

TORONTO

Table listing Toronto stock prices for various companies.

AMSTERDAM

Table listing Amsterdam stock prices for various companies.

PARIS

Table listing Paris stock prices for various companies.

Advertisement for Norris Industries, Inc. featuring 400,000 shares of common stock at \$35 per share. Lists various financial institutions as underwriters.

Advertisement for Liggett & Myers Incorporated, featuring \$75,000,000 of 8% sinking fund debentures due 2001. Lists various financial institutions as underwriters.

Consolidated Trading for New York Stock Exchange Issues

THURSDAY, APRIL 1, 1976

Main table containing stock trading data with columns for 1976 Stocks and Div. Sales, High, Low, P/E, 100's, High, Low, Last, Net Chg, and various stock symbols.

To answer box number advertisements in The New York Times. Address your reply to the box number given in the advertisement and add New York, N.Y. 10036. Please include in your reply only material that will fit into a regular business envelope.

مركز التحليل

New York Stock Exchange Bond Trading

Table with columns: LD BANK, U.S. Govt. Bonds, Other Dom. Bonds, Foreign Bonds, Total All, Current Sales in Yield 31.000 High Low Last Chg., and various bond listings.

DECLINES SHOWN BY AMEX AND O-T-C

Market Value Index Off 0.34 as Trading Volume Falls

By ALEXANDER R. HAMMER
Investor concern over the nationwide trucking strike yesterday weakened prices on the American Stock Exchange and in the over-the-counter market.

NASDAQ Index Off

In the counter market, the NASDAQ industrial index rose 0.04 to 98.14 while the composite index fell 0.18 to 90.44.

Business Records

BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS
SOUTHERN DISTRICT
Thursday, April 1, 1976

Interest exempt from all present Federal, New York State and New York City Income Taxes.

Moody's Rating: Baa1
Standard & Poor's: AA
(AMBAAC Insured)

\$9,836,000
William Floyd Union
Free School District of
The Mastics-Moriches-Shirley
Suffolk County, New York

8 1/2%
Building Construction (Serial) Bonds, 1976

Dated: April 1, 1976
Due: June 1, 1976-98

Principal and semi-annual interest first coupon June 1, 1976 payable in New York City, New York.

THESE BONDS, in the opinion of counsel, will be valid and legally binding general obligations of the District, payable from ad valorem taxes to be levied against all taxable property therein, without limitation as to rate or amount.

Table with columns: Amount, Due, Yield, Amount, Due, Yield or Price

Optim trading on the Amex increased to 31,406 contracts from 23,456 the day before.

Among the better gainers on the Amex yesterday, Plantronics rose a point to 25 1/2; Bow Bailey Industries a point to 20 1/4 and Bergen Brunswick preferred 2 to 27 1/4.

Shenandoah Oil was down 5/8 to 24 1/2. The company reported that it lost \$760,000 in the fourth quarter against a profit of \$1.1 million in the like quarter last year.

These bonds are offered when, as and if issued and received by us and subject to approval of legality by Willie Farr is Gallagher, New York, N.Y.

This announcement is not an offer to sell nor a solicitation to buy these securities. The offering is made only by means of the Official Statement, copies of which may be obtained from the undersigned.

Chemical Bank Marine Midland Municipals
Division of Marine Midland Bank

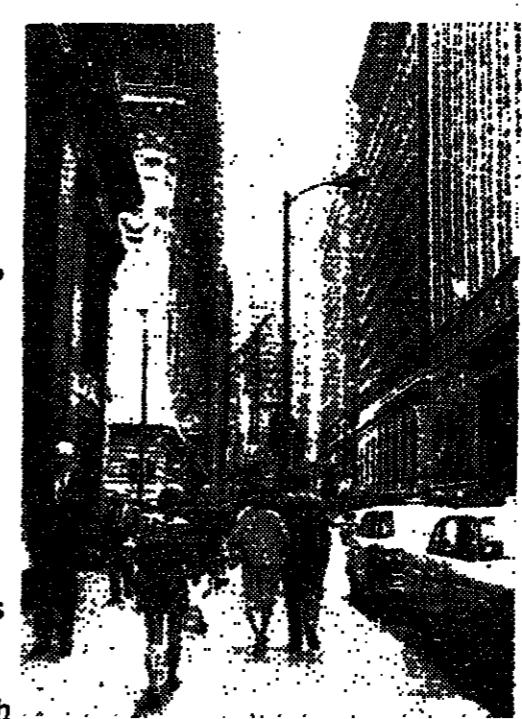
Drexel Burnham & Co. Loeb, Rhoades & Co.
L. F. Rothschild & Co. Matthews & Wright, Inc.

Geo. B. Gibbons & Company, Inc. Jesup & Lamont
Municipals Securities Inc.

O'Neill & Feldman, Inc.
April 2, 1976

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Postal address: P.O. Box 2329, Chicago, Illinois 60690.
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3. The Hongkong Bank Group are experts in arranging the many diverse kinds of financial help needed to do business abroad.

We are able to offer a full range of international banking services to everyone concerned with business in this important city and region.

4. In every country, including the United States, The Hongkong Bank Group people are well-known locally. They can introduce you right away to your most influential contacts. Ones that might otherwise take you years to establish.

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For further information on how The Hongkong Bank Group can help you in Chicago and around the world, please contact your nearest branch.

2. In all our major offices, market information and statistics on Chicago and other important areas are available to our clients.

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UNITED STATES MAIN OFFICE: 5 World Trade Center, New York, N.Y. 10048.

Financing Problems Delay Canadian-Lockheed Deal

By ROBERT TRUMBULL
Special to The New York Times

OTTAWA, April 1—Preliminary financing problems have delayed the signing of a contract between the Canadian Government and the Lockheed Aircraft Corporation for the purchase of 18 long-range patrol aircraft from the American company at a cost to Canada of more than \$1 billion.

The delay has been caused by difficulties in raising \$300 million needed by Lockheed to cover costs accrued before Canada begins to pay for the planes as they are delivered starting three years from now.

How Lockheed will get the money is "under discussion" between the two parties, a Government spokesman said today.

Assurance Sought

The Government is reported to be assisting Lockheed in borrowing the money from Canadian banks. However, such loans would require the approval of the company's American creditors and the United States Loan Guaranty Board, a Government agency that has backed \$250 million in bank

loans to the corporation.

The Government spokesman said that Canada would ask Washington for "some form of assurance" that Lockheed, a major supplier to the United States Government, would remain in business long enough to fulfill the contract.

Meanwhile, a disclosure that two retired Canadian senior civil servants have been employed by Lockheed as consultants on the contract has caused a stir in the Parliament here.

The consultant firm formed by Simon Reisman, former Deputy Minister of Finance, and James Grandy, former Deputy Minister of Industry, Trade and Commerce, has worked with Lockheed only in an advisory capacity, Mr. Grandy told reporters.

Employment of former top officials by companies doing business with the Government is a practice that leaves many somewhat uneasy. Prime Minister Pierre Elliott Trudeau said in the House of Commons. He added that new "guidelines" would be formulated by the Government to regulate such activities.

There has been no suggestion that Lockheed, whose payments to Japanese lobbyists have deeply embarrassed the Tokyo government, has been involved in any questionable behavior in Canada.

However, the scandals involving the company elsewhere have raised doubts in Canadian official circles and have brought demands from the opposition parties that the airplane deal be dropped.

The Government, insisting that the Lockheed plane to be supplied under the pending contract be the best obtainable for its purpose, has stated that questions concerning the company have been resolved in discussions here with officials of the company.

While the Department of National Defense has stated repeatedly that it intends to go through with the contract, difficulties in financing have prevented signing.

After a seven-hour discussion with Lockheed officials that lasted until 1 o'clock this morning, the company and the Government announced that the company's deadline for

signing the contract, which had expired at midnight, would be extended another 30 days to the end of April.

It was the second such extension of the deadline for signing the contract, whose details were announced by the Government last Nov. 27.

The agreement calls for Lockheed to begin delivery in 1979 of 18 P-3 Orion aircraft, a military version of the Electra commercial plane, to be built at the Lockheed plant in Burbank, Calif.

The planes, equipped with highly sophisticated electronic sensor devices, would be used by the Canadian Air Force for long-distance surveillance, including submarine detection and the patrolling of Arctic waters over which Canada claims sovereignty.

Their acquisition, replacing older aircraft, is also intended to reinforce Canada's position in the North Atlantic Treaty Organization, which has been criticized by Canadian military commanders as well as in neighboring countries where the Canadian contribution to the mutual defense alliance has been characterized as being too weak.

SUPPLY OF MONEY DOWN FOR WEEK

Commercial and Industrial Loans Also in Decline

By DOUGLAS W. CRAY

The national money supply declined moderately in the week ended March 24. Commercial and industrial loans outstanding also declined, according to Federal Reserve banking system data released yesterday.

On the upside, however, was the average rate on Federal funds—excess reserves, commercial banks may lend one another. In the week ended March 31, the Fed funds rate averaged 4.84 percent, up five basis points from the average in the preceding week. A basis point is one one-hundredth of a percentage point.

Money market participants, on the alert for signs of a possible shift toward greater monetary policy stringency on the part of the central bank, were given little fresh evidence on which to ponder in the later, weekly banking system numbers.

The decline in the seasonally adjusted average money supply—called M-1 and consisting of private sector checking or demand accounts and money in the hands of the public—was \$1.3 billion. This decline followed a \$500 million dip in M-1 in the preceding week.

M-2—consisting of M-1 plus time or savings deposits at commercial banks except for large certificates of deposit—also declined in the March 24 week to an average of \$681.2 billion. This represented a drop of \$600 million and followed a dip of \$100 million in the preceding week.

Credit Prices Continue Their Slide But Money Supply Drop Spurs R

By JOHN H. ALLAN

Credit market prices continued their slide early yesterday as they reacted nervously to the Federal Reserve's decision to sell \$300 million of Treasury bills, and later they recovered as the money supply was reported to have dropped.

Markets The Federal Reserve's early sale of short-term bills was done for one of the accounts it handles, but the central bank could have bought them itself instead of offering them in the market. Traders, who try to decipher the meaning of every Fed move or failure to move, wondered if the monetary authorities were hinting that they wanted interest rates to inch upward, and so Treasury bill prices declined.

Relatively little trading took place yesterday, continuing the inactivity that began at the start of the week.

When the Federal Reserve disclosed that the narrowly defined money supply had declined \$1.3 billion to \$297.4 billion in the week ended March 24, the more broadly defined money supply, decreased \$600 million to \$681.2 billion.

Late Price Recovery

As prices declined in the credit markets early in the day, some traders leapt to the mistaken belief that the money supply would show an increase for the March 31 week. When it showed a decline instead, they breathed a sigh of relief and prices recovered, perhaps to their earlier declines.

Corporate bonds that were down 3/4-point closed with declines of 1/4-point.

These minor moves in the credit market most likely were beside the point, some analysts argued as they worked to assess the outlook for monetary policy and interest rates.

"In our view," Merrill Lynch Government Securities said in its daily letter yesterday, "we are settling into a rather stable period in interest rates."

New Bond Issues

By Blyth Eastman Dillon has been offering \$50 million of Alabama Power bonds to investors. The issue trade in the market.

Offered originally at a price of 98.71 percent, the bonds were later raised to 99.00 percent to maturity in 2006, the Alabama Power bonds more than 2 points. The decline lifted their yield percent.

Two new A-rated corporate bond issues of \$125 million were normally priced late Wednesday and completely sold yesterday, despite the bond market's weakness.

The larger of the two issues was the \$75 million, 25-year debenture offered at 100 by the company.

The other issue was the \$50 million, 25-year debenture offered at 100 by the company.

One money supply figure released yesterday by the Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis did provide some comfort to money market analysts who believe Fed action is clearly aimed at changes in the banking system on the day banks must settle their reserve accounts with the central bank.

Corporate Prices Slide

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C.I.A. Reportedly Knew in 50's Of Bribes by Lockheed in Japan

Continued From Page 1, Col. 2

has said that he was unaware that the officer was a C.I.A. agent.

Former senior intelligence officials have confirmed that the Embassy official was indeed a C.I.A. staff officer assigned to the Tokyo station.

One former official, who was in a position to see the reports said that the C.I.A. station in Tokyo "was checking with headquarters every step of the way when the Lockheed thing came up."

"Every move made was approved by Washington," he added, asserting that details of the Lockheed affair were known in high levels within the agency.

The Central Intelligence Agency failed to pass this information on to the State Department or to the Grumman Aircraft Corporation, whose F-11F Super Tiger jet fighter was first selected for purchase by the Japanese Government in 1958 and the 1959 rejected in favor of the Lockheed plane.

Lockheed is estimated to have spent some \$1.5 million to win the Japanese jet fighter contract away from Grumman in the late 1950's. In all, Lockheed paid fees, commissions and bribes totaling \$12.6 million to sell \$700 million worth of aircraft to Japan between 1956 and 1975.

Kodama Earned \$750,000

Of that total, some \$7 million went to Mr. Kodama, who earned an estimated \$750,000 for promoting the F-104.

If the information concerning the Lockheed bribes was passed on to the Justice Department, the Securities and Exchange Commission or the Internal Revenue Service, no action was taken to investigate the irregularities.

Foreign bribes are not in themselves illegal under Federal law. However, the bribes are not tax-deductible and the large foreign payoffs raise the possibility that Lockheed and other companies might have illegally reduced their taxable corporate income by deducting the bribe payments as business expenses.

It is also possible that false statements, punishable by Federal law, were made to such Government agencies as the Department of Defense, which monitors foreign arms sales.

One Justice Department official

told of the allegations of C.I.A. awareness of the early Lockheed payoffs, said that although it might not have been known to the agency, it was the agency to report what it knew to the Justice Department, the agency's apparent failure to do so was "certainly a matter of concern from a policy point of view."

When informed of the allegations, Mitchell Rogovin, the special counsel to the Director of Central Intelligence George Bush, said that "the only thing we can say is we have no records of any agency involvement with Lockheed or the bribes." He denied that the Lockheed affair was known to the agency, but he admitted that he could say nothing either confirming or denying any agency knowledge of the payments to Japanese officials, or any involvement in them by C.I.A. agents.

A spokesman for Lockheed denied that the company had had any dealings with individuals in Japan that it knew to be C.I.A. agents.

Revelation of the C.I.A.'s association with individuals like Mr. Kodama directly contradicts the interpretation of the Lockheed bribes originally offered by the Senate subcommittee on multinational corporations. The subcommittee, which first revealed the widespread pattern of bribery abroad, denounced the corporate effort for conducting its own foreign policy in Japan by supporting what they described as shadowy, militaristic nationalists like Mr. Kodama, while official American policy was to back moderate elements in the Liberal-Democratic Party.

Now it appears not only that Mr. Kodama was a key supporter of and a formidable influence over early Liberal-Democratic leaders but also that segments of the American Government itself as well as Lockheed were working closely with Mr. Kodama for many years.

According to knowledgeable sources, Mr. Kodama, a powerful ultrarightist who for years exerted a significant covert influence on politicians of Japan's ruling Liberal-Democratic Party, also had links with American Embassy officials in Japan. On several occasions, former C.I.A. Department of Defense, which monitors foreign arms sales.

In the early 1950's, he is said



Yoshio Kodama, the influential power broker in Japan, has been identified as the most important behind-the-scenes representative of Lockheed at time of payoffs.

to have received some \$150,000 from the American Embassy to smuggle a hoard of tungsten out of mainland China on Nationalist warships and deliver it to United States authorities in Tokyo.

According to a former C.I.A. official and to Robert H. Booth, an American said to have acted as Mr. Kodama's agent in the arrangement, the Americans never received the tungsten. Mr. Kodama let it be known that the ship had sunk, and apparently kept the commission.

One former agent noted that there was some sentiment at C.I.A. headquarters in Washington that Mr. Kodama, who also had close ties to the Tokyo underworld, was untrustworthy and was using the Americans and their financing for his own ends.

In this man's opinion, American authorities were spending vast amounts of money subsidizing extreme rightists to fight a Communism never really a serious threat in Japan.

Other experts disagree, arguing that during the 1950's, there was a real possibility of a left-wing regime in Japan.

According to Ivan Morris, professor of Japanese at Columbia University and an authority on the extreme right-wing in postwar Japan, the "extremist" American financing support for conservative elements in the country was crucial in 1947 and 1948.

In those years, Japanese politics could have turned in a different direction, Professor Morris maintained. "A lot was done to prevent that," he said, "and successfully."

Funding of '58 Election Seen

Among other things, American occupation authorities in the late 1940's and the 1950's used extreme right-wing former military officers to provide information on and to disrupt left-wing groups.

In November 1951, for example, one of these officers, former secretary of General Tojo, commander of the Japanese Imperial Army, allegedly provided American authorities with information on leftist novelist Kaji Wataru, who was subsequently kidnapped by infiltrators by C.I.A. agents for a year, according to sources inside and outside of the Government.

The Kaji incident was particularly explosive at the time because the man was held past the end of the American occupation in April 1952.

A number of experts, such as Prof. Herbert Passin of Columbia University, note that during the occupation the habit of acting as a double agent in Japanese affairs, a habit hard to break in later years.

Referring to the widespread intervention in Japanese politics during the occupation, Edwin O. Reischauer, the American Ambassador to Japan from 1961 to 1966, says that "it took a long time for people to change gears from that."

Roger Hillsman, Assistant

Secretary of State for Far Eastern Affairs under President John F. Kennedy, recalls being told, upon taking office in 1961, that money had been supplied to one or more Japanese political parties by the C.I.A. And according to a former intelligence official, the agency heavily funded the elections of 1958, when Prime Minister Nobusuke Kishi was re-elected.

Mr. Kishi was a long-time associate of Mr. Kodama, and was head of the Japanese National Defense Council when it reversed its decision in favor of the Grumman F-11F and decided to purchase the Lockheed F-104.

According to former C.I.A. agents, another recipient of C.I.A. favors in the early post-war period was Matsuro Shokri, publisher of the powerful Yomiuri newspaper, one-time head of the Nippon television network, chairman of the Japan Atomic Energy Commission and the second Kishi Cabinet, and Director-General of the Japanese science and technology agency.

The State Department, at least on the ambassadorial level, was apparently largely unaware of Lockheed's irregularities and of the C.I.A.'s specific projects in Japan.

C.I.A. sources indicate that during the 1950's, in particular the American Ambassador to Japan was not briefed on the agency's doings in the country.

John M. Allison, former chief United States envoy in Tokyo from 1953 to January 1957, was contacted by The New York Times at his home in Honolulu, confirmed that there was "very little communication" between himself and C.I.A. officers in Tokyo.

He said that the only time the Tokyo C.I.A. station did tell him of one of its schemes was when a Russian officer attached to the Soviet Embassy in Tokyo defected to the United States.

Similarly, Mr. Reischauer, now a professor at Harvard University, says the C.I.A. briefings to him tended to be very general in content and did not include such things as the names of specific C.I.A. agents or the individual recipients of C.I.A. funds.

He did not want to be cleared in detail," Mr. Reischauer added.

Deputy Secretary of State Robert Ingersoll, another former Ambassador to Japan, recommended a joint economic subcommittee that he had never been aware of any payoffs in the country by Lockheed or other companies.

The current Ambassador, James Hodgson, is a former Lockheed senior vice president. He recently testified in closed session before the subcommittee and reportedly said that he too had had no knowledge of the Lockheed bribes and Mr. Kodama's role in them until the story had been made public. Mr. Hodgson indicated that he had never received any information on Lockheed's activities from any government agency.

Reserve Report

DAILY AVERAGES	
All Credit	\$352.8 R 257.6 590.4
Reserves Available for	
Federal Reserve	122.628 R 122.953 114.622
Deposits	23.01 R 31.76 32.88
Time	34.33 R 33.92 35.16
Money Supply	297.4 R 297.4 284.4
Broad Money Supply	681.2 R 681.2 623.9
Net Free (+)	
Govt. Sec.	377.0 R 101.8 228.8
Mkt. Bk. Borr.	27.8 R 49.8 51.8
Other	
Business Loans:	
All Large	March 24
Banks	115.502 R 115.307 125.481
New York	March 31
Banks	35.084 R 35.143 40.259
Commercial	11.051 R 11.051 N.A.
Seasonally Adjusted	
Rounded	
Year-to-date totals not comparable due to change in reserve requirements.	

Wholesale Prices UP A BIT IN MARCH

Continued From Page 39

the calculation of the index. The result of the changes was to alter slightly the pattern of the increases and decreases, seasonally adjusted, for most months of last year and early this year. But the basic picture of lessening inflation, following a spurt last summer, was not significantly changed.

In the industrial sector, the volume index for crude materials rose 1.9 percent in March, a drop of 1.9 percent in February and alternating increases and decreases in preceding months. The rise in March was attributable mainly to steel scrap, wastepaper and natural gas.

More revealing of underlying trends is the index for intermediate materials. This rose three-tenths of a percent in March, the same as in January and February and well below the pace of the preceding five months. These figures, too, reflect the new seasonal adjustment procedures.

Taking the industrial commodities sector as a whole including all stages of processing, the largest increases in March were in three product groups—hides, skins, leather and related products; and metals and metal products.

Company Insiders Found Heavy Sellers of Stock

Continued From Page 39

clearly been made on basis. C. Kemmons chairman of Holiday for example, said he had a senior vice president of the company, selling to pay off his loans on a series of real estate deals that work out.

"There's nothing wrong with this real estate," he said. "Nobody wants to buy it, we need money to pay the interest charges."

Secondary Offerings

He said the 1.1 million of Holiday Inns recently sold at \$16.75 a share, self and other insiders, also being sold to pay banks.

In other cases—Levitt, for example—the same seems to have been partly by the desire to satisfy, partly by a rise in that was badly hampered by the company lost its glamour four years ago and the need to raise money for investment policy for Reynolds Securities.

The brokerage firm's chairman, Thomas F. Staley, could not be reached for comment yesterday. Mr. Staley, however, said Mr. Staley was doing some selling because of "estate planning." The other officers of the firm, he continued, were "selling to diversify."

Much the same analysis came from William Clayton, a senior vice president of E. F. Hutton. "These are senior people," he said, "getting ready for estate purposes. They've got the great bulk of their assets in the company and it's the first time anybody has been able to sell."

Many of the Wall Streeters are selling at prices two or three times higher than they could have sold in the market last year, and it does appear that some recognition of current price levels might have crept into their calculations.

Owed Banks Money

"I sold because I owed the banks a lot of money," said Julius H. Sedlmayr, a senior vice president of Merrill Lynch. "I wanted to pay them off."

"I remember when the stock was at 6," Mr. Sedlmayr continued, "and I didn't want to outguess the market." He sold 15,000 shares in January at around 22.

Some insider sales have

Goldsmith Bros. TO SHUT LAST UNIT

Continued From Page 39

losses of \$2 million.

His two top officers, Theodore and Harold Garfield, who had purchased the company in 1959 from the Goldsmith family, died within four months of each other in 1970 and 1971. Their deaths left the business floundering with high overhead. Efforts to put accounting procedures on a computerized basis were in three product groups—hides, skins, leather and related products; and metals and metal products.

A year prior to filing under the Federal Bankruptcy Act, Nathaniel Garfield, the son of Theodore, obtained a court order on paying Goldsmith's debts and was able then to avoid Chapter XI. But when merchandise shipments slowed and trade commitments lagged, the company was compelled to seek court protection.

Mr. Garfield said he hoped to return to the investment banking field after settling Goldsmith's operations. John J. Gaigay, the Federal bankruptcy judge, has approved the liquidation of the retail business and named as liquidators the Music Man subsidiary of the N.M.C. Corporation of New York and Alpert and Kritzer Inc. of Los Angeles.

Commodity Price Index 0.2 From Week-Ago

The commodity spot price index of foodstuffs and industrial materials rose 0.2 percent to 177.1 last week. The index compiled by the Bureau of Labor Statistics stood at 203.5 on April 1, 1967=100 as a base.

The following table gives the index and its component:

Index	1967=100
Foodstuffs	177.1
Industrial Materials	177.1
Metals	177.1
Textiles	177.1
Chemicals	177.1
Fuels	177.1
Miscellaneous	177.1

Business Briefs

T.W.A. Debt Deferral Plan Extended

Trans World Airlines has announced that its institutional creditors have agreed to extend to April 30 a debt deferral program that was to have expired yesterday. Charles C. Tillinghast, T.W.A.'s chairman, said the action was taken "in light of the airline's improved cash position."

The airline also reported that its scheduled traffic in the first quarter this year was 9.9 percent ahead of the first quarter of 1975.

Ford Plans April-June Output Rise

DETOIT, April 1—The Ford Motor Company said today that it was adding 31,000 vehicles to its North American output plans for the April-June period. Ford said it was the sixth production increase in a period of three years, since sales rebounded and the industry pulled out of its slump. Other auto makers also have posted production increases as well.

However, the industry's production plans are threatened by the trucking strike, with many plants threatened with closings next week.

The industry is scheduled to build 133,581 cars this week, off 0.8 percent from 134,980 last week but 54.8 percent ahead of the 118,590 built in the corresponding week a year ago. Production for the full month of March totaled 622,892, up 58.7 percent from 487,755 last March.

February Construction Down 1.3%

WASHINGTON, April 1 (Reuters)—New construction put in place during February was estimated at \$132.5 billion; at a seasonally adjusted annual rate, down 1.3 percent from a revised \$134.3 billion in January, the Commerce Department reported today.

Latin Loans Are Made by World Bank

WASHINGTON, April 1 (Reuters)—The World Bank today announced a total of \$144.5 million in loans to Mexico, Ecuador, Trinidad and Tobago and the Caribbean Development Bank. Mexico will receive \$100 million to renovate and extend its national railway system. The loan of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development will be paid to the Ferrocarriles Nacionales de Mexico and National Financiera.

It is repayable in 25 years at an 8.5 percent annual interest rate after a four-year grace period.

SPY/CO/LSO

Continue Their Supply Drop Sp...



Congratulations, Harry White, for sitting through 5,178 lunches during your 43 years as Executive Director of the Sales Executives Club. Best wishes from your friends at TIME.

Company Inside Heavy Seller

You own the most powerful corporate signature possible.

Your President's Letter from your Annual Report could make a persuasive, effective, money-moving ad in Barron's. Put your signature to work in Barron's, as the sign off on the most powerful message you have to tell. Contact Sue Kaplan, Manager, The President's Letter, 22 Cortlandt Street, N.Y., N.Y. 10007; telephone 212-285-5025.

BARRON'S

Dow Jones' Business & Financial Weekly

DOVER HANDBAG CO., INC.

Announces With Profound Sorrow The Passing On March 31st, 1976

HAROLD SPORN Founder and President

Out of Respect To His Memory All Our Facilities Will Be Closed on Friday April 2nd, 1976

Follow the bouncing balls...

Flying hoofs, high-speed cars... all the sports action in The New York Times. Brought to you in The Times by New York's biggest sports staff.

Advertising

Mr. Coffee Is Said to Pick Bates

By PHILIP H. DOUGHERTY Ted Bates & Company, which pulled in some \$60 million in new billings last year, is understood to have been named the agency for Mr. Coffee, the automatic dripulator made by North American Systems, Cleveland. The company spent \$13 million on advertising last year and is expected to push that to more than \$15 million this year.

Asked about this yesterday, the secretary of Vincent G. Marotta, the former pro football player who founded the company, said that Mr. Marotta was out of town but that he expected to make an announcement next week but, until then, "we have nothing to say right now."

Mr. Coffee, for which Joe DiMaggio has been advertising spokesman, was the first product of its kind on the market and is believed to have more than a 60 percent share of that market. The so-called automatic dripulator is the hottest household appliance to come down the pike in many a year.

The first agency for Mr. Coffee was Tatham-Laird & Kudner, Chicago. More recently it has been Marketing Communications, Chicago, started by Zed Daniels, who had been at Kudner. It is believed that the will be joining North American Systems.

Fresca and Pepsi Compared Comparative advertising is taking a new twist. Instead of the usual comparisons of measurable consumer benefits, it is moving into the subjective area of what tastes best.

In this market we have been seeing a Fresca commercial that compares the product to Pepsi-Cola with Fresca winning and the tagline is "Fresca has a surprise for you." If you were wondering why Pepsi and not Coca-Cola is used for comparison it's because Fresca is a Coca-Cola product. Marshak is Fresca's regular agency but this spot was done by McDonald & Little, Atlanta, on a project basis. John Georgas, vice president and director of marketing of Coca-Cola U.S.A., says that the spot is the result of a highly competitive commercial by a competitor. That is understood to be a taste test commercial comparing Coke to Pepsi that is being run in Dallas and Canada.

Media Records Moving Into TV

Media Records Inc., which since 1928 has been measuring newspaper advertising lineage mostly for newspaper clients, is going to move into the television area, again in behalf of newspaper clients.

Working with the Television Monitoring Institute, Media will issue monthly reports by brand and advertiser category that will include information on time bought and expenditures. It will begin with New York and one other East Coast market and hopefully move into six other cities during 1976-77.

It will give newspaper executives an idea of the money being spent by manufacturers and retailers in both newspaper and television.

Video, School, L'Expansion

Now here are three little items from the world of print.

United Business Publications has just brought out a new monthly for that growing number of folks with an interest in video—corporate TV networks, videodiscs, cable and pay TV and all the rest. It's called Videography with a cover price of \$1. A black and white page goes for \$850.

CASS Student Advertising, an advertising representative for college and university newspapers, has started CASS High School Advertising. It is going to place monthly advertising inserts—one advertiser per insert—for inclusion in 800 high school papers with a circulation of 1.5 million. The cost per spot is \$45,000. In order to celebrate the American Bicentennial, L'Expansion, the French business publication, will have a special issue entirely devoted to

COFFEE RISE JOINED BY GENERAL FOODS

The General Foods Corporation, the nation's largest coffee retailer, yesterday joined the Folger's Coffee Company in raising prices.

General Foods said that its Maxwell House, Yuban, Brim and Sanka brand ground coffee were raised 15 cents a pound, while Max-Pax ground coffee filtering went up 10 cents a can. Instant Sanka and Yuban were raised one cent an ounce and freeze-dried Brim and Sanka were up 2 1/2 cents an ounce. A company spokesman said that an increase in raw material costs of more than 70 percent had occurred since last July after a series of adverse climatic developments in major coffee producing nations including Brazil, Colombia, Guatemala and Angola.

Leisure Dynamics at McCaffrey

Leisure Dynamics, a fairly new company in the field of games and hobbies, has consolidated its \$2 million advertising account at McCaffrey & McCall.

Previously the creative work for its subsidiary, Lakeside Industries, Minneapolis, was done by Labelle & Shalbetter, of that city, while the creative work for another subsidiary, the Cox Manufacturing Company, Santa Ana, Calif., was done by Rosenfeld, Sirowitz & Lawson/West. Media buying was done by Ed Libov Associates, which will continue as the spot TV buyer.

Cox makes electric trains, drag-racing toy cars, flying model airplane kits as well as fuel-powered engines and radio control devices for them.

The first commercial that McCaffrey & McCall has made for its new client is for a new type of flying model called the Electro Charger, which has an electric engine charged on the ground by a 6-volt lantern battery.

It is intended for 7 to 8 year olds and can be operated without parental supervision. It will sell for under \$10 and, it is hoped, hook a child on flying models so that he can graduate up to the types that can cost more than \$3,000.

our economy. That could be depressing. It is due in July and the black and white page rate is \$4,600 and the four-color \$6,400. William Simon, we are here.

Somerset

Bourbons to McDonald

Thence to a couple of items from the land of liquor: McDonald & Little, Atlanta, which in February was assigned Rebel Yell, sour mash bourbon, by Somerset Importers, a subsidiary of Norton Simon Inc., has now been named to handle all the other Somerset bourbons distilled and bottled by Old Fitzgerald Distillery, a Somerset subsidiary. They are Old Fitzgerald, W. L. Weller, Cabin Still and Stitzel-Weller's Canada Dry.

And, Austin Nichols & Company, a subsidiary of Liggett & Myers, has assigned some new products to Warren, Muller, Dolobowsky. Some of the products are for major test marketing in the spring and fall. But what are they?

Gillette Razor Drive by E.B.B.

Benton & Bowles, the agency for Gillette's new twin-blade disposable razor, Good News, will start running two 30-second commercials for it on April 19 on network television and during baseball telecasts. The happy user will be

heard to say, "For shaves like these, at a price like this, you can't afford not to try it." The price, by the way, is 25 cents.

Parade, the Sunday newspaper supplement, will be used to carry cents-off coupons.

The following month, May, will see full page black and white ads in Time, Newsweek and Sports Illustrated and June will be Playboy's turn in the schedule.

Schweppes Spending up 20%

Schweppes, U.S.A. will be spending 20 percent more on advertising during its coming spring and summer advertising campaign than it did during the same period last year. Ted Bates & Company is the agency and it has arranged to have Schweppes commercials shown on major weekend sporting events through Oct. 2. Additional dollars will go into radio and newspaper advertising as well as into premiums, merchandising and point of sale.

People

J. Edmund Colifton has been named president of Tsai Corporate Communications Inc., a new subsidiary of G. Tsai & Company. Edward B. Flanagan has been named to succeed Harry R. White, who is retiring as executive director of the Sales Executives Club of New York on May 1.

IFFCO Indian Farmers Fertiliser Cooperative Limited PHULPUR PROJECT Invitation for Registration of Vendors

1.0. Indian Farmers Fertiliser Cooperative Limited (IFFCO), a major fertilizer producer in India is undertaking the establishment of a Fertiliser Complex at Phulpur, India. This Complex includes a single stream 900 MTPD Ammonia Plant based on Steam Reforming of Naphtha and 1550 MTPD Urea Plant using the Stripping process, and other supporting facilities such as steam and power generation, water treatment, product handling etc.

2.0. IFFCO has received a loan from the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD) in various currencies equivalent to US dollars 109 million towards the cost of equipment and services, and intends to apply the proceeds of this loan to eligible payments under the contracts for which this notice is issued. Payment by IBRD will be made only at the request of IFFCO in accordance with terms and conditions of the loan agreement. Purchases will be made from the member countries of IBRD and Switzerland.

3.0. Engineering consultants for the 'Urea Plant' and the 'Steam & Power Plant and Offsites' have been designated and the consultant for the Ammonia Plant is to be designated soon.

4.0. Interested Vendors should submit in English, a list of categories of items/sub-items they can supply, plus technical catalogues and other supporting information giving—

- General performance details
-Anticipated delivery times
-Schedules for furnishing technical data and certified drawings after receipt of orders
-List of customers using and operating the equipment for the last 2-3 years
-Number of weeks required to prepare a proposal
-List of items usually sub-contracted
-Availability of after-sales service and spares in India
-Description of capacity and range of manufacturing facilities
-Work load as percentage of total capacity for 1976 and 1977 on a quarterly basis
-Latest annual financial reports
-Warranties

5.0. Vendors interested in bidding should AIR MAIL applications for 'Registration' in QUADRUPPLICATE within three weeks after the publication of this advertisement giving the information listed in para 4.0. to:

Indian Farmers Fertiliser Cooperative Ltd. Phulpur Project C-36/37, Housing Society N.D.S.E. Part I, New Delhi-110049 INDIA. Telex: IFFCO-ND-3260-INDIA. Cable Address: IFFCO NEW DELHI INDIA

It is intended to hand-over one copy of the applications to each of the three Consultants for the Fertiliser Complex i.e. (a) Ammonia Plant (b) Urea Plant (c) Steam & Power Plant and Offsites. The fourth copy shall be retained by IFFCO.

6.0. IFFCO reserves the right to verify all statements and inspect Vendors' facilities to confirm the Vendors' capability to perform the work and reserves the right to reject any prospective Vendor/Vendors without assigning any reasons therefor. When invitations to bid are sent to registered bidders, IFFCO may state limitations under which some or all bidders can present their bids or ask for additional information related to the specific types of equipment needed. No further correspondence shall be entertained for non-selection of a Vendor.

7.0. Principal factors that will be considered in evaluating bids from Registered Vendors will include Price, Quality, Operation, Maintenance and Installation costs, Freight, Delivery time, Performance guarantees, Inspection and Expediting expenses. Payment terms and Vendors' specific experience etc. as specified when requesting for Bids.

8.0. Vendors who have not supplied equipment of similar magnitude and duty for a Fertiliser or Heavy Chemical Plant need not apply.

9.0. Vendors are requested to indicate the items/sub-item(s) from the following categories for which they would like to receive an 'Invitation to Bid':

- 1. Pressure Vessels, Columns and Scrubbers in carbon/stainless/alloy/clad steel for low and medium pressures.
2. Ammonia/Urea converters.
3. Heat exchangers, including waste heat boilers, economisers etc., for operating at different pressures—shell & tube, U-tube, wound tube, fin tube, plate type in C.S., S.S., low alloy and clad steel.
4. Piping and Fittings for high pressures and for corrosive fluids.
5. Valves in various construction types, such as relief, safety, globe, gate, plug, needle, ball, butterfly etc., for high pressures and corrosive fluids. Pneumatic and motor operated control valves.
6. Tanks and Separators for medium and high pressures in carbon steel and stainless steel and for special design.
7. Tower packing and internals; such as raschig rings, trays, distributors etc.
8. Refractories, lining and castable materials for vessels, furnaces and flue ducts.
9. Insulation and lining materials for high and low temperature duty.
10. Instruments including accessories:—transmitters, relays—pneumatic and electronic, panel instruments, automatic analysers, pilot solenoid valves, optical pyrometers, instrument erection materials etc.
11. Structural steel material including requirement for reforming furnace.
12. Catalysts.
13. General filters, air filters, demisters, strainers, separators.
14. Fans and Blowers: Induced/Forced draft fans for Naphtha/Coal fired furnaces, exhaust fans, air blowers.
15. Turbo-compressors for air (35 kg/cm²), synthesis gas (upto 320 kg/cm²), refrigeration and Carbon Dioxide (160 kg/cm²).
16. Steam turbines, including gears (condensing and/or back pressure type) for an output upto 18000 KW for driving centrifugal pumps, blowers, fans and compressors, generators.
17. Centrifugal pumps (C.S., C.I., S.S. alloy steel) for Naphtha, cooling water (8000 M³/hr.), D.M. Water, condensate, vacuum, chemicals process and non process use.
18. High pressure reciprocating pumps for liquid ammonia, hot ammonium carbamate and chemical dosing.
19. Verum system: Steam Ejector with barometric condensers.
20. Elevators (lifts), prill tower scraper, prilling equipment etc.
21. Deaerators.
22. Pulverised Coal/Naphtha fired steam generators with superheater for producing 105 ata. steam upto a capacity of 120 T/hr.
23. Coal crushing and handling equipment.
24. Ash handling system.
25. Product handling system:—belt conveyors vibrating screens, weighing, bagging and stitching machines (50 kg bags). Bulk product reclaimers, belt mounted weight scales.
26. Turbo-alternator with all its accessories for output of 10 to 15 MW.
27. Water treatment system including demineralised water and waste water treatment.
28. Mechanical draft cooling towers.
29. Atmospheric ammonia storage (10000 MT) with refrigeration unit.
30. Non-lubricated reciprocating compressors for plant and instrument air.
31. Inert gas generator unit using catalytic cracking of ammonia.
32. Electrical equipment:—11 KV/3.3 KV transformers, switch gears including rectifiers capacitors etc., for safety and explosion-proof designs. H.T. cables of various sizes, lighting materials and fittings etc.
33. Construction equipment:—(purchase/hire) E.G.T. cranes, mobile/crawler type cranes (200 T capacity), gin poles (300 T capacity), acetylene generators, welding and annealing accessories, winches, jacks, pneumatic tools etc.
34. Workshop equipment, such as a Rotor balancing machine, Non-destructive testing equipment etc.
35. Safety equipment.
36. Emergency diesel generator set rating up to 1000 KVA.
37. Laboratory equipment, such as gas chromatographs etc.
38. Explosion proof lighting and fitting materials.
39. Other equipment:—mechanical seals, gland packings, flange couplings, instrument air drier, on line analysing equipment, air condensers, cathodic protections for underground pipes.

American Stock Exchange Transactions: Consolidated Summary of Yesterday's Trading

Main table containing stock exchange transactions for Thursday, April 1, 1976. It lists various stocks with columns for price, volume, and change. The table is organized into sections: 1700 Stocks and Div. Sales, 1750 Stocks and Div. Sales, and 1800 Stocks and Div. Sales.

American Exchange Options

Table of American Exchange Options for Thursday, April 1, 1976. It lists various options contracts with columns for price, volume, and change.

Chicago Board Options Exchange

Table of Chicago Board Options Exchange for Thursday, April 1, 1976. It lists various options contracts with columns for price, volume, and change.



Advertisement for 'Lyon Farm' featuring a bottle of 'Lyon Farm' wine. The text includes 'Lyon Farm' and 'Lyon Farm'.

مركز التحليل

Real Estate

Municipal Loan Projects Coming to an End

By DAN S. OSER

Mr. Stevens Jr. happiness on the... He is a 36-year-old general contractor...



Troy D. Stevens Jr.

business fades, it is... Mr. Stevens Jr. he will do next...

lack general con-... ce far larger than... ens, have been...

ed rehabilitation... er than ending en-... owing into a new...

/'s funds for partic-... ans for rehabilita-... from Federal com-

into hard-core... oods with often... 1 funds for major...

on 1967 to 1971... asis changed to to-... ur" renovations of...

of \$120 million was... in those years, a period... housing was a major...

Whatever other social... goals were achieved, stable... and sound housing...

CONRAIL OBTAINS... 309 MILLION LOAN... Continued From Page 39

rail. The price is \$87 million... to be paid over eight years... Until Amtrak...

Besides the funds it already... has drawn for working capital... Conrail, under the Rail...

A Gap in Rail Service... PERU, Ind., April 1 (AP)—... Passengers on the James...

public official was sentenced... to jail. Foreclosure actions... have been completed or are...

The ills afflicting the pro-... gram were varied: inade-... quate supervision of develop-

Thirty projects have been... started since 1973, and 10... remain to be finished. The...

For profit-motivated or il-... mited-profit builders the... hope is that the new "Section

8" program of Federal rent... subsidies will stimulate some... construction for rehabilita-

The rents at that project... now almost fully occupied... are \$250 a month for three...

It is a neighborhood already... strengthened with new... high-rise construction...

After years of effort to... win the city loan, and after... strong financial backing...

Contract Awards

The Kellogg International Corporation, London, and Kellogg India Ltd., New Delhi, have been awarded contracts...

The RCA Corporation announced yesterday receipt of a \$24.8 million Army contract for classified electronics work.

Rohr Industries was awarded a \$15 million contract by Pratt and Whitney Aircraft, a division of the United Technologies Corporation...

The Titan Pacific Construction Corporation has been awarded an \$11 million contract for construction of the Sanitation District joint wastewater treatment plant in Napa, Calif.

lines is settled, Amtrak said... taken over today by Conrail.

The Chessie System refused... Amtrak said the train would... stop at Peru, Ind., with...

REAL ESTATE MARKETPLACE

More Than Just A Home.

Year 'round vacation living on 1,000 acres of wooded countryside in the hills of northern Westchester.

A championship golf course. Tennis. Paddle Tennis. Heated swimming pool and much more.

24 hour security and maintenance for your peace of mind and comfort.

Easy commuting by car or train with a private shuttle bus service to nearby Goldens Bridge train station.

Visit this national award-winning adult (one adult over 40 yrs. old, children over 18) condominium today for the best selection of homes, views and location. Select carpeting, GE appliances and much more to suit your personal taste and decor.

Prices from the low \$40's to \$80's. Models open daily from 10 am to 6 pm. For further information, Call Collect: (914) 276-2100 or write: Dept. Heritage Hills of Westchester, Heritage Hills Dr., Somers, N.Y. 10589

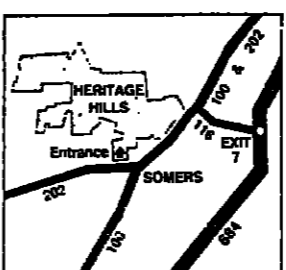


Photo of Recreation Area



Photo of Cluster Homes

Best route to I-684 (Westchester) to Exit 7 (Somers, Purdys). West on Rt. 116 (1 1/2 miles) to Rt. 202 & 100 South to Somers Town Hall. Turn right on 202 West to Entrance on right and Visitors Center.

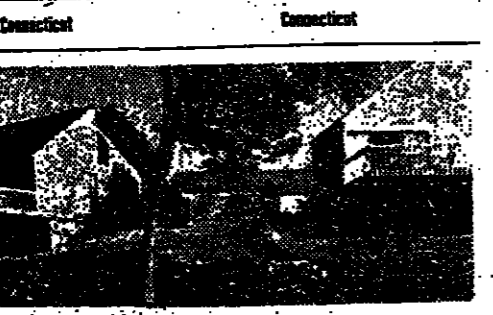


Heritage Hills of Westchester

Sponsor, Somers, New York

This is not an offering which can be made by formal Prospectus only N.Y. 478, 655, 690

REAL ESTATE MARKETPLACE



Country Condominium Houses — in Greenwich... e feeling of the past. The amenities and...

on Farm... 111. FOR DIRECTIONS... (93) 531-5090. 10-6 Daily

Advertisement does not constitute an offering which is made only by formal prospectus NY 406.

RWALK... (14 Conn Trips)... 9 884-0500

MA'S VINEYARD... 9 884-0500

EVERYTHING SPECIAL... 9 884-0500

Foxcroft Village... Now! Your Year-round Vacation Home for only \$11,500 to \$22,500



Actual photos taken on site

Many people have said a lot of nice things about Lakeridge, an extraordinary townhouse community in Connecticut's mountain country. They, and the residents of Lakeridge, agree that it is the perfect place to live life as it should be lived.



show you why. There's so much to enjoy here. Two beautiful clubhouses offer both indoor and outdoor tennis & swimming, whirlpool bath, gyms, saunas, lounges, snack bar, game rooms, arts & crafts, and much more.

Lakeridge in Connecticut

Intriguing townhouses in the mountains. Only 2 hrs. from Manhattan.

Ask about our New York Display Center

This advertisement is not an offering. No offering in the Home Owners Association is made except by prospectus filed with the Department of Law of the State of New York. Such filing does not constitute approval of the issue or the sale thereof by the Attorney General of New York.

Over-the-Counter Quotations

Quotations supplied through NASDAQ as of 4:00 P.M. Quotes do not include retail markup, markdown or commissions. Volume represents shares that changed ownership during the day. Figures include only transactions effected by NASDAQ market-makers but may include some duplication where market-makers traded with each other.

Table of over-the-counter quotations for various stocks, including columns for stock name, bid price, ask price, and volume.

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Table of over-the-counter quotations for various stocks, including columns for stock name, bid price, ask price, and volume.

Table of mutual fund quotations, including columns for fund name, bid price, ask price, and volume.

Table of authority bonds and United States Government and Agency Bonds, including columns for bond name, bid price, ask price, and volume.

Table of other bonds and securities, including columns for bond name, bid price, ask price, and volume.

Supplementary O-T-C

Supplementary O-T-C

Supplementary O-T-C

Vertical advertisement on the right side of the page, featuring the text 'Net Highest Return Gain' and 'Dividends'.

Handwritten Arabic text at the bottom center of the page: 'مكزمان الاحول'

First-Quarter Net Highest 9 Years on 6% Revenue Gain

By CLARE M. RECKERT
The financial services group made the best showing in first-quarter earnings...

Other Company Reports

Table listing financial reports for various companies including International Proteins Corp., Israel Development Corp., Lane Bryant Inc., and others.

Federal Reserve Statement

Table showing Federal Reserve assets and liabilities, including Treasury bills, government securities, and other assets.



David L. Yunch, left, chairman of the Transit Authority, talking with Matthew Guinan, Transport Workers Union president, after the settlement was announced.

Transit Raises Pegged to Living Costs

Continued From Page 1, Col. 8
F. O'Donnell, the union's counsel, buttressed the union's argument by citing the wording of the agreement...

Food Prices Show 1.3% Drop in Month; Biggest Since 1974

Grocery prices in the New York-Northeastern New Jersey area, adjusted for normal seasonal variation, declined by 1.3 percent in February...

Guinan and Yunch Settled Basis of Pact on Tuesday

By DAMON STETSON
The Mayor and his entourage moved into the Americana Hotel late Wednesday afternoon...

6% Increase Foreseen

Economists forecast that the cost of living will increase 6 percent a year in each of the next two years...

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS. (Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction) C.S. No. 115 of 1975

NEED A BOOKKEEPER TODAY? Expert Temporary Bookkeepers & Accountants. accountemps

DISCREET STYLE clothing store. Wholesale only offerings to buyers.

WANTED: Peddlers, tire marketers, laborers & mechanics. Cash Recruiters (500-H)

NEW MOTORCYCLE TIRES. Money Back Guarantee.

HOUSES - BROOKLYN. Real estate listings for various areas including Houses-Madison, Houses-Brux, Houses-Riverdale, Houses-Queens, Houses-Statton Island, Houses-Queens, Houses-Queens, Houses-Queens, Houses-Queens.

12

Houses - Westchester Co. 117
SCARSDALE
COUNTRY SPLIT
\$110,000 JUST LISTED

Mc Clellan in Pelham
EXCLUSIVE AGENT
315 North Ledge
(914) PE 5510

ANN DE SANTIS
4535 Route 92
Pelham, N.Y. 10562

EAGLES NEST
Priced for quick sale
315 North Ledge
(914) PE 5510

WOLFF
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SPECIAL OFFER

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17 Bedford Row
New York, N.Y. 10020

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Country Club area

BEATTY
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\$110,000
Country Club area

FARLEY
SCARSDALE
\$110,000
Country Club area

Houses - Westchester Co. 117
SCARSDALE
COUNTRY SPLIT
\$110,000 JUST LISTED

JULIA B. FEE
PELHAM
SCARSDALE
\$110,000

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Country Club area

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Houses - Westchester Co. 117
YONKERS
IMMEDIATE OCCUPANCY
\$110,000 JUST LISTED

JULIA B. FEE
PELHAM
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FARLEY
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Country Club area

Houses - Rockland Co. 129
AIRPORT TO TAPPAN
5 BR 2 BATH COLONIAL
PANCH ASKING \$51,900

JULIA B. FEE
PELHAM
SCARSDALE
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Houses - New Jersey 163
ALPINE
30 MIN GVW BRIDGE
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Handwritten text at the bottom of the page.

BC Says Strike Cost \$156,000 on First Day

By LES BROWN... National Broadcasting... strike cost \$156,000 on first day.

On Wednesday night... strike cost \$156,000 on first day.

This just might cure the whole darn country!



Tonight A VERY SPECIAL EPISODE "The Practice" Starring Danny Thomas 8:30PM NBC4

Watch out for Unidentified Flying Objects when drinking Champagne.

Recently on 97 News FM's series on health... champagne corks have been turning celebrations into tribulations for many Americans.

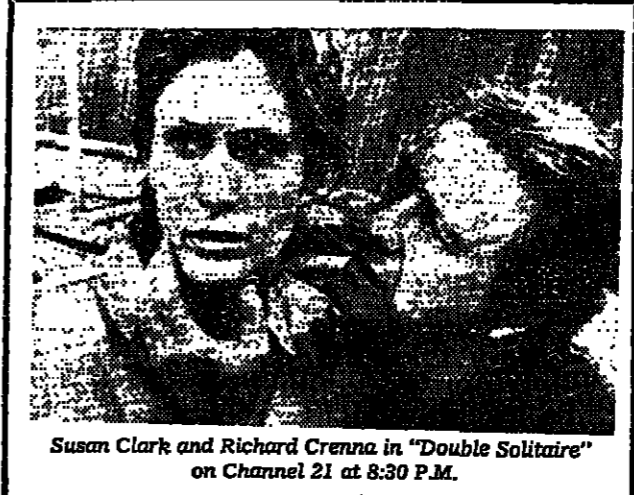
Know what you're talking about.

97 News and Information WNWS-FM

Television

Morning

- 6:10 (2) News
6:15 (7) News
6:20 (5) News
6:27 (5) Friends
6:30 (2) Sunrise Semester
(4) Knowledge
(5) As They See It
(7) Making It Count
7:00 (2) CBS News: Hughes Rudd
(4) Today: Bicentennial salute to Kennedy, Governor Julius Carroll, The McLain Family, Dr. Homan Hamilton
(5) Underdog
(7) Good Morning, America: Peter Ustinov, Julius Erving
(11) Popeye and Friends
(18) Yoga for Health (R)
7:30 (9) News
(11) Felix the Cat
(12) A Matter of Fact (R)
7:50 (13) Images and Things (R)
8:00 (2) Captain Kangaroo
(5) The Flintstones
(9) The Jimmy Swaggart Show
(11) Magilla Gorilla
(13) The Metec System (R)
8:30 (9) The Joe Franklin Show
(11) The Little Rascals
(13) Cover to Cover (R)
8:45 (13) Vegetable Soup (R)
9:00 (2) To Tell The Truth
(4) Not for Women Only: "Women of Our Time" (R)
(5) Dennis the Menace
(7) A.M. New York: Diane Von Furstenberg
(11) The Munsters
(13) Sesame Street
9:30 (2) The Collins "What All Women Should Know About DES and Cancer"
(4) Concentration
(5) Green Acres
(9) Viewpoint on Nutrition
(11) Dream of Jeannie
10:00 (4) Celebrity Sweepstakes
(9) "That's Incredible"
(7) Movie: "Critic's Choice" (1963). Bob Hope, Lucille Ball, Rip Torn, Marilyn Monroe. Amazing idea but gets terribly contrived. Lucy's divine throughout
(9) Romper Room
(11) The Gilligan's Island
(13) Cover to Cover (R)
10:15 (13) Matter and Motion (R)
10:30 (5) Andy Griffith
(11) Abbott and Costello
(13) Real World of Insects (R)
10:45 (13) Self Incorporated (R)
11:00 (2) Gambit
(4) Wheel of Fortune
(5) Bewitched
(9) Straight Talk: "The Wealth and Influence of the New South"
(11) Hazel
(13) The Metric System (R)
(18) Know What I Mean? (R)
11:30 (2) Love of Life
(4) Hollywood Squares
(5) Midday Live: Eulach O'Connor, Dr. Clarence Schlein
(7) Happy Days (R)
(11) Pulpit and People: "Cathedral Relief"
(13) The Humanities (R)
11:40 (13) The Humanities (R)
11:55 (2) News: Douglas Edwards



Susan Clark and Richard Crenna in "Double Solitaire" on Channel 21 at 8:30 P.M.

8:30 P.M. The Practice (4)
9:00 P.M. "Helter Skelter" (Part II) (2)
11:00 P.M. Black Journal (13)

- (5) Movie: "Planets Against Us" (1961). Jany Clair, Michel Lemoine. Saints preserve us, from such as this!
(7) Ryan's Hope
(9) Movie: "The Lady From Cheyenne" (1941). Lorelei Young, Robert Preston. Airy, feminized Western.
(11) Black Pride
(13) The Electric Company
(18) Sesame Street
1:30 (2) As the World Turns
(4) Days of Our Lives
(7) Rhyme and Reason
(11) Bread and Butterflies (R)
1:45 (18) Basic Ecology (R)
2:00 (7) 3,000 Pyramid
(11) Science House Best
(13) Ecology (R)
(3) Mister Rogers
2:30 (13) Calling Captain Conscience (R)
2:40 (2) The Evening Light
(4) The Doctors
(7) The Neighbors
(11) Joy's Fun School
(13) In and Out of Focus
2:40 (13) Basic Earth Science (R)
2:55 (5) News
(9) Take Kerr
3:00 (2) All in the Family (R)
(4) Rin Tin Tin
(7) General Hospital
(9) The Lucy Show
(11) Popeye and Friends
(13) Western Civilization (R)
(3) Cityscope
3:30 (2) Match Game '76
(4) Slicker House Club
(7) One Life to Live
(8) Lassie
(11) Magilla Gorilla
(13) The Chi-Chuan (R)
(18) The Show
4:00 (2) Mike Douglas: Mike Connors, co-host. Cicely Tyson, James Earl Jones, Joey English, David Frye
(4) Robert Young, Family Doctor (R)
(5) Lost in Space
(7) Edge of Night
(9) Movie: "Sitting Bull" (1954). Dale Robertson, Mary Murphy, J. Carol Nash. Sitting, standing, running.
(11) Outman
(13) Consumer Survival Kit
4:30 (7) Movie: "Weekend of Terror" (1970). Robert Conrad, Carol Lynley, Jane Wyatt. Kidnap complication.
(11) Superman
(13) Sesame Street
5:00 (2) Dinah: Orson Welles, Dick Cavett, Marcel Marceau, Roy Clark
(4) News: Two Hours
(5) The Brady Bunch
(11) Gilligan's Island
(13) Dream of Jeannie
(18) Mister Rogers
(31) Zoom

Afternoon

- 12:00 (2) The Young and Restless
(4) Magnificent Marble Machine
(7) Let's Make a Deal
(9) News
(11) 700 Club: J. William Middendorf, guest
(13) Explorations in Shaw (R)
(18) The Electric Company (R)
12:30 (2) Search for Tomorrow
(4) The Mary Tyler Moore Show
(7) All My Children
(9) Journey to Adventure
(13) Teaching Special Children (R)
(31) Carrascollendas
12:55 (4) NBC News
1:00 (2) The Tattletales
(4) Somerset

Evening

- 6:00 (2, 7) News
(9) It Takes a Thief

Radio

- 6-7:25 A.M. WNYC-FM. Roman Carnival Overture, Berlioz; Flute Concerto, Khachaturian; Symphony No. 9, Dvorak.
7:30-8:55 WNYC-FM. Carnival Overture, Dvorak; Viola da Gamba Sonata No. 1, Bach; Ch'io mi scordi di te, Mozart; Concerto No. 7, Chopin; Trumpet Voluntas, Stanley; Fete Polonoise, Chabrier.
9-10 WNYC-FM. Orchestras of the World, with Dana Bate. Oberon Overture, Weber; Bassoon Concerto in G minor, Vivaldi; Giselle, Act I, Adam; Symphony No. 10, Adagio, Mahler.
9:00-10:00 WQXR. Piano Personalities. Bruno-Lionardo Galber and Yara Bernatta. Piano Sonata No. 2, Schumann; Four Preludes, Rachmaninoff.
10-11 WNYC-FM. Piano Sonata in E flat, Clementi; Violin Sonata, Dvorak; Lyric Pieces, Grieg; Scherzo, Gligou.
11-Noon WNYC-FM. A Musical Offering, with David Dubal. Works of Liszt in comparative performances.
11-11:30 WNYC-FM. 18th Century Music. New York Harp Ensemble.
12-12:55 P.M. WNYC-FM. Divertimento No. 15, Mozart; Le Boeuf sur le Toit, Milhaud.
12-1 WNYC-FM. Symphony No. 2, Elgar.
12-2 WNYC-FM. Concerto for 3 Harpsichords, Bach; Recorder Concerto No. 5, Vivaldi; Piano Concerto No. 4, Haydn; Viola Sonata, Paganini; Guitar Quartet in E, Haydn.
2-5 WNYC-FM. Don Quixote Suite, Telemann; Cello Concerto, Monty; Symphony No. 4, Vaughan Williams; 150 for Piano, Violin and Cello, Tchaikovsky.
2-5 WNYC-FM. Five Songs, Strauss; Piano Concerto No. 3, Rachmaninoff; Five Movements, Weber; Excerpts from Alcisto, Lully; Samiramide Overture, Rossini.
3:00-5 WQXR. Montage. Duncan Arnou. Overture to Scherezade. Ravel. Two Hebrew Melodies; Concerto for the Left Hand, Ravel; Overture from Orlando Paladino, Haydn; Symphony No. 2, Mozart; Nachivolen-Abends, John T. Molloy, author of "Dress for Success."
7-8 WNYC-FM. Violin Sonata No. 2, Busoni; Isle of the Dead, Rachmaninoff.
7-8:30 WNYC-FM. Oboe d'A-more Concerto in a major, Suite in B minor for Flute and Strings, Bach.
8-9 WNYC-FM. Rondo for Wind Oboe, Romanzo Cantabile; Six Landler; King Stephen Overture, Roudot; Concerto in C, Op. 51, No. 1; Cello Sonata (Op. 102, No. 1), Beethoven.
8:30-9:30 WNYC-FM. Masterwork Hour. Concerto No. 9, Corelli; Divertimento in D, Mozart; Piano Concerto No. 1, Beethoven.
9:30-10 WQXR. Symphony Hall. Classical Symphony, Prokofiev; Symphony No. 5, Sibelius.
9:30-11 WQXR. Cleveland Orchestra. Lorin Maazel conducting. Carnival Overture, Dvorak; Symphony No. 3, Harris; Bolero, Ravel.
11-Midnight WNYC-FM. Quartet Moon; String Quartet in G minor, Debussy; String Quartet No. 1, Rokkoner.
11:00-11:30 WQXR. Artists in Concert. Allen Weiss, host. (Five) Artists: Carol Fauer, violin; Stephen Martovilla, piano. Sonata in E flat, Mozart; Sonata No. 1, Prokofiev.
11:30-12:30 WNYC-FM. Arts Forum. Guest, P. Adams Sitney, film historian.
12-12:30 WNYC-FM. Inside and Outside the State Senate.
8:05-6:10 WQXR. Metropolitan Report.
6:30-8:35 WQXR. Point of View. Alan Blau, executive director, The Adams School, speaking on "Responsibility to Educate."
6:30-7:30 WNYC-FM. Arts Forum. Guest, P. Adams Sitney, film historian.
7-7:45 WNYC-FM. John Sterling.
7-7:30 WBAE Community News Report.
7:07-8 WQXR. Mystery Theater. "Vanity Dies Hard," starring Marian Seides and Robert Dryden.
7:30-8 WNYC-FM. Sunset Semester. 7:30-7:55 WNYC-FM. Artists in the City. Guest, Helene Winer, director, Committee for the Visual Arts.
8-8:30 WNYC-FM. New York Now. Guest, Municipal Service Administrator John T. Carroll.
8:30-9 WQXR. Temple Emanuel-EI.
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